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THE

# VISIONS

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DOM FRANCISCO

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## QUEVEDO

VILLEGAS, France

Knight of the Order of St. James.

Made English

BY

Sir ROGER L'ESTRANGE, Knr.

The Ninth Edition, corrested.

LONDON,

Printed for RICHARD SARE at Grays-Inn-Gate in Holburn. MD CC. II.



#### TO THE

## RADERS,

Gentle and Simple.

HIS Preface is meerly for Fashion-sake, to fill a space, and please the Stationer; who says, 'tis neither usual nor handsome, to leap immediately from the Title-Page to the Matter. So that in short, a Preface ye have, together with the Reason of it, both under One: but as to the Ordinary Mode and Pretence of Prefaces, the Translator desires to be Excus'd: For he makes a Conscience of a Lye, and it were a damn'd one, to tell ye, that he has publisht This, either to Gratifie the Importunity of Friends, or to Oblige the Publick; or for any other Reason of a hundred, that are commonly given in A 2 excuse

excuse of Scribling. Not but that he loves his Friends as well as any Man, and has taken their Opinion along with him. Nor, but that he loves the Publick too, (as many a Man does a Coy Mistress that has made his Heart ake.) But to pass from what had no effect upon him in this Publication, to that which over-rul'd him in it. It was pure Spite. For he has had hard Measure among the Physicians, the Lawyers, the Women, &c. and Dom Francisco de Quevedo, in English, Revenges him upon all his Enemies. For it is a Satyr, that taxes Corruption of Manners, in all forts and degrees of People, without reflecting upon particular States or Persons. It is full of Sharpness and Morality; and has found so good Entertainment in the World, that it wanted only English of being baptiz'd into all Christian Languages.

#### THE

## FIRST VISION

OF THE

ALGOUAZIL (or CATCHPOLE)

POSSEST.

Mass at a Convent in this Town, the Door it seems was shut, and a World of People pressing and begging to get in. Upon enquiry What the matter was; they told me of a Demoniac to be exorcised; (or disposses) which made me put in for one, to see the Ceremony, though to little purpose; for when I had half smothered my self in the Throng, I was e'en glad to get out again, and bethink my self of my Lodging. Upon my way homeward, at the Streets-end, it was my fortune to meet a familiar Friend of mine of the same Convent, who told me as before. Taking notice of my Curiosity, he bad me follow him; which I did, 'till with his A 3

Passe-par-tout, he brought me through a little back-door into the Church, and so into the Vestry: Where we saw a wretched kind of a dog-look'd Fellow, with a Tippet about his Neck, as ill-ordered as you'd wish; his Cloaths all in tatters, his Hands bound behind him, roaring and tearing after a most hideous manner. Bless me, quoth I, (crossing my self) what have we here? This (fays the good Father who was to do the Feat) is a Man that's possest with an Evil Spirit. That's a damn'd Lye, (with respect of the Company, cryed the Devil that tormented him) for this is not a Man possest with a Devil, but a Devil possest with a Man; and therefore you should do well to have a care what you fay; for it is most evident, both by the Question and Answer, that you are but a Company of Sots. You must understand, that we Devils, never enter into the Body of a Catchpole, but by force, and in spight of our Hearts; and therefore to speak properly, you are to say, this is a Devil catchpol'd, and not a Catchpole bedevil'd. And, to give you your Due, you Men can deal better with us Devils, than with the Catchpoles; for We flye from the Cross; whereas They make use of it, for a Cloak for their Villany.

But though we differ thus in our Humours, we hold a very fair Correspondence in our Offices: If we draw Men into Judgment and Condemnation, so do the Catchpoles; we pray for an increase of wickedness in the World, so do they; nay and more zealously than me, for they make a Livelihood of it, and we do it only for Company. And in this, the Catchpoles are worse than the Devils; they prey upon their own Kind, and worry one another. For our parts, we are Angels still, though black ones, and were turn'd into Devils only for afpiring into an equality with our Maker: Whereas the very Corruption of Mankind is the Generation of a Catchpole. So that, my good Father, your labour is but lost in plying this Wretch with Reliques; for you may as foon redeem a Soul from Hell, as a Prey out of his Clutches. In fine, your Algonazils (or Catchpoles) and your Devils are both of an Order, only your Catchpole-Devils wear Shoes and Stockings, and we go barefoot, after the Fashion of this reverend Father; and (to deal plainly) have a very hard time on't.

I was not a little surprized to find the Devil so great a Sophister; but all this not-withstanding, the Holy Man went on with his Exorcism, and to stop the Spirit's mouth, washt his Face with a little Holy-water; which made the Demoniae ten times madder than before, and set him a yelping so hortidly, that it deafned the Company, and A A made

made the very Ground under us to tremble. And now, fays he, you may, perchance, imagine this extravagance to be the effect of your Holy-water; but let me tell you, that meer Water it felf would have done the fame thing; for your Catchpole hates nothing in this World like Water; [especially that of a Grays-Inn Pump.] But to conclude, They are so reprobated a fort of Christians, that they have quitted even the very Name of Misins, (by which they were formerly known) for that of Algonazils; the latter being of Pagan extraction, and more suitable to their Manners.

Come, come, fays the Father, there is no Ear, nor Credit to be given to this Villain; fet but his Tongue at liberty, and you shall have him fall foul upon the Government, and the Ministers of Justice, for keeping the World in Order and suppressing Wickedness, because it spoils his Market. No more chopping of Logick, good Mr. Conjurer, says the Devil; for there's more in't than you are aware of; but if you'l do a poor Devil a good Office, give me my dispatch out of this accursed Algonazil; for I am a Devil, you must know, of Reputation and Quality, and shall never be able to endure the Gibes and Affronts will be put upon me at my return to Hell, for having kept this Rascal company. All in good time, said the Father,

thou shalt have thy discharge; that is to say, in pity to this miserable Creature, and not for thy own sake. But tell me now, what makes thee torment him thus? Nothing in the World, quoth the Devil, but a Contest betwixt him and me, which was

the greater Devil of the Two.

The Conjurer did not at all relish these wild and malicious Replies; but to me the Dialogue was extream pleafant, especially being by this time a little familiariz'd with the Devil. Upon which Confidence, my good Father, faid I, Here are none but Friends: and I may speak to you as my Confessor, and the Confident of all the fecrets of my Soul 3. I have a great mind with your leave, to ask the Devil a few Questions; and who knows but a Man may be the better for his Answers, though perchance contrary to his intention? keep him only in the interim from tormenting this poor Creature. The Conjurer granted my request, and the Spirit went on with his Babble. Well, fays he smiling, the Devil shall never want a Friend at Court, fo long as there's a Poet within the Walls. And indeed the Poets do us many a good turn, both by Pimping and otherwise; but if you, said he, should not be kind to us (looking upon me) you'l be thought very ungrateful, considering the Honour of your Entertainment now in Hell. I ask't him then,

then, what store of Poets they had? Whole Swarms, says the Devil; so many, that we have been forc'd to make more room for them: Nor is there any thing in Nature so pleasant as a Poet in the first Year of his probation; he comes ye laden forsooth, with Letters of Recommendation to our Superiours, and enquires very gravely for Charon, Cerberus, Rhadamanthus, Eacus, Minos.

Well, faid I, but what's their Punishment? (for I began now to make the Poets case my own.) Their Punishments, quoth the Devil, are many, and fuited to the Trade they drive. Some are condemn'd to hear other Men's Works: (and this is the Plague of the Fidlers too.) We have others that are in for a Thousand Years, and yet still poring upon some old Stanza's they have made of Jealousie. Some again are beating their Foreheads with the Palms of their Hands, and even boring their very Noses with hot Irons, in rage that they cannot come to a Resolution, whether they shall say Face or Visage; whether they shall say Jayl or Gaol; whether Cony or Cunny, because it comes from Cuniculus, a Rabbet. Others are biting their Nails to the quick, and at their Wits end for a Rhime to Chimney, and dozing up and down in a brown study, till they drop into some hole at last, and give

us trouble enough to get them out agains. But they that suffer the most, and fare the worst, are your Comick Poets, for Whoring fo many Queens and Princesses upon the Stage, and coupling Ladies of Honour with Lacquies, and Noblemen with common Strumpets, in the winding up of their Plays; and for giving the Bastonado to Alexander and Julius Casar in their Interludes and Farces. Now be it known unto you, that we do not lodge these with other Poets, but with Petty-Foggers and Atturneys, as common Dealers in the Mystery of Shifting, Shuffling, Forging, and Cheating. And now for the Discipline of Hell, you are to understand we have incomparable Harbingers and Quarter-Masters; insomuch that let them come in whole Caravans, as it hap-pen'd t'other day, every Man is in his Quarter before you can say what's this!

There came to us several Tradesmen; the sirst of them a Poor Rogue that made profession of drawing the Long-Bow; and him we were about to put among the Armorers, but one of the Company moved and carried it, that since he was so good at Draughts, he might be sent to the Clerks and Scriveners; a sort of People that will sit you with Draughts good and bad, of all sorts and sizes, and to all purposes. Another called himself a Cutter: We ask'd him

whether

whether in Wood or Stone? Neither, faid he, but in Cloth and Stuff, (Anglice a Taylor;) and him we turn'd over to those that were in for Detraction and Calumny, and for cutting large Thongs out of other Men's Leather. There was a blind Fellow would fain have been among the Poets, but (for likeness sake) we quartered him among the Lovers. After him came a Sexton, or (as he styl'd himself) a Burier of the Dead; and then a Cook that was troubled in Confcience for putting off Cats for Hares: These were dispatch'd away to the Pastry-Men. A matter of half a dozen Crack-brain'd Fools we dispos'd of among the Astrologers and Alchymists. In the number, there was one notorious Murtherer, and him we pack'd away to the Gentlemen of the Faculty, the Physicians. The Broken Merchants we kennel'd with Judas, for making ill Bargains. Corrupt Ministers and Magistrates, with the Thief on the left Hand. The Embroylers of Affairs, and the Water-bearers, take up with the Vintners; and the Brokers with the Jews. Upon the whole matter, the Policy of Hell is admirable, where every Man has his place according to his condition.

As I remember (faid I) you were speaking e'en now concerning Lovers. Pray tell me, have ye many of them in your Dominions? I ask, because I am my self a little

**fubject** 

fubject to the Itch of Love, as well as Poetry. Love (fays the Devil) is like a great spot of Oil, that diffuses it self every where, and consequently Hell cannot but be sufficiently stockt with that fort of Vermin. But let me tell you now, we have several forts of Lovers; fome doat upon Themselves; others upon their Pels; these upon their own Discourses; those upon their own Actions; and once in an Age perchance, comes a Fellow that doats upon his own Wise; but this is very rare, for the Jades commonly bring their Husbands to Repentance, and then the Devil may throw his Capat them. But showeall for throw his Cap at them. But above all, for fport (if there can be any in Hell) commend me to those Gawdy Monsieurs, who by the variety of Colours and Ribbands they wear, (Favours, as they call them) one would swear, were only dress'd up for a Sample, or kind of Inventory of all the Gengans that are to be had for Love or Money at the Mercers. Others you shall have so overcharged with Perruque, that you'l hardly know the Head of a Cavalier, from the ordinary Block of a Tire-Woman: And some again you'd take for Carriers, by their Pacquets and Bundles of Love-Letters; which being made combustible by the Fire and Flame they treat of, we are so thrifty, as to employ upon the sindging of their own Tails, for the saving of better. Fuel.

Fuel. But Oh! the pleasant postures of the Maiden-Lover, when he is upon the Practice of the Gentle-Leer, and embracing the Air for his Mistress! Others we have that are condemn'd for Feeling, and yet never come to the Touch: These pass for a kind of Buffoon-Pretenders; ever upon the Vigil, but never arrive at the Festival. Some again have lost themselves with Judas for a Kis.

One Story lower is the abode of Contented Cuckolds; a Nasty Poisonous place, and strewed all over with the Horns of Rams and Bulls, &c. Now these are so well read in Woman, and know their Destiny so well before-hand, that they never so much as trouble their Heads for the matter. Ye come next to the Admirers of Old Women; and these are Wretches of so depraved an Appetite, that if they were not kept tyed up, and in Chains, they'd Horse the very Devils themselves, and put Barabbas to his Trumps to defend his Buttocks: For the truth is, whatever you may think of a Devil, he passes with them for a very Adonis or Narcissus.

So much for your Curiofity, a word now for your Instruction. If you would make an Interest in Hell, you must give over that Roguish way ye have got of abusing the Devils in your Shews, Pictures and

Emblems:

Emblems: One while forfooth we are painted with Claws or Talons, like Eagles or Griffons. Another while we are dreft up with Tails, like so many Hackney-Jades with their Fly-flaps; and now and then ye shall see a Devil with a Coxcomb. Now I will not deny but some of us may indeed be very well taken for Hermits and Philosophers. If you can help us in this Point, do; and we shall be ready to do ye one good Turn for another. I was asking Michael Angelo here a while ago, why he drew the Devils in his great Piece of the Last Judgment, with so many Monkey Faces, and Jack-Pudding Postures. His Answer was, that he followed his Fancy, without any Malice in the World, for as then, he had never seen any Devils; nor (indeed) did he believe that there were any; but he has now learn'd the contrary to his Cost. There's another thing too we take extreamly ill, which is, that in your ordinary Discourses, ye are out with your Purse presently to every Rascal, and calling of him Devil. As for Example. Do you see how this Devil of a Taylor has taken for Hermits and Philosophers. If you you see how this Devil of a Taylor has spoil'd my Sute? How the Devil has made me Wait? How that Devil has Couzen'd me, &c. Which is very ill done, and no fmall disparagement to our Quality, to be rank'd with Taylors: A Company of Slaves, that serve us in Hell only for Brushwood;

and they are fain to beg hard to be admitted at all: Though I confess they have Possession on their sides, and Custom, which is another Law: Being in possession of Theft, and stolen Goods; they make much more Conscience of keeping your Stuffs than your Holy-days, grumbling and domineering at every turn, if they have not the same respect with the Children of the Family. Ye have another trick too, of giving every thing to the Devil, that displeases ye; which we cannot but take very unkindly. The Devil take thee, fays one: A goodly Present I warrant ye; but the Devil has somewhat else to do, than to take and carry away all that's given him; if they'l come of themselves, let them come and welcome. Another gives that Whelp of a Lacquey to the Devil; but the Devil will have none of your Lacqueys, he thanks you for your love; a pack of Rogues that are commonly worse than Devils; and to say the truth, they are good neither Rost nor Sodden. I give that Italian to the Devil, cryes a third; thank you for nothing: For ye shall have an Italian will chouse the Devil himself, and take him by the Nose like Mustard. Some again will be giving a Spaniard to the Devil; but he has been so cruel wherever he has got sooting, that we had rather have his room than his company,

company, and make a Present to the Grand-

Signior of his Nutmegs.

Here the Devil stopt, and in the same inftant, there happening a flight scuffle, be-twixt a couple of conceited Coxcombs, which should go foremost: I turn'd to see the matter, and cast my Eye upon a certain Tax-gatherer, that had undone a Friend of mine; and in some fort to revenge my self of this Ass in a Lion's Skin, I ask'd the Devil, whether they had not of that fort of Blood-Suckers among the rest, in their Dominions? (an informing, projecting Generation of Men, and the very Bane of a Kingdom.) You know little (fays he) if you do not know these Vermin to be the right Heirs of Perdition, and that they claim Heirs of Perdition, and that they claim Hell for their Inheritance: And yet we are now e'en upon the point of discarding them; for they are so pragmatical, and ungrateful, there's no enduring of them. They are at this present in Consultation about an *Impost* upon the *High-way* to *Hell*; and indeed Payments run so high already, and are so likely to increase too, that 'tis much fear'd in the end, we shall quite lose our Trading and Commerce. But if ever our Trading and Commerce. But if ever they come to put this in Execution, we shall be so bold, as to treat them next bout, to the Tune of Fortune my Foe, &c. and make them cool their Heels on the wrong fide

fide of the Door, which will be worse than Hell to them; for it leaves them no retreat, being expel'd Paradise and Purgatory already. This Race of Vipers, said I, will never be quiet, till they Tax the way to Heaven it self. Oh, quoth the Devil, that had been done long since, if they had sound the Play worth the Candles; but they have had a Factor abroad now these half-score years, that's glad to wipe his Nose on his Sleeve still, for want of a Handkercher. But these new Impositions, upon what, I pray ye, do they intend to levy them? For that (quoth the Devil) there's a Gentleman of the Trade at your Elbow, can tell you all; pointing to my old Friend the Publican. This drew the Eyes of the whole Company upon him, and put him so damn'dly out of Countenance, that he pluckt down his Hat over his Face, clapt his Tail between his Legs, and went his way; with which we were all of us well enough pleas'd, and then the Devil went on. Well (said the Devil, and laugh'd) my Voucher is departed, ye see; but I think I can say as much to this point as himself. The Impositions now to be set on foot, are upon Bare-neck'd Ladies, Patches, Mole-skins, Spanish Paper, and all the Mundus Muliebris But these new Impositions, upon what, I Spanish Paper, and all the Mundus Muliebris more than what is necessary and decent; upon your Tour à la Mode, and Spring-Garden Coaches; excess in Apparel, Collations, Rich Furniture, your Cheating and Blasphemy, Gaming Ordinaries, and in general, upon whatsoever serves to advance our Empire; so that without a Friend at Court, or some good Magistrate to help us out at a dead Lift, and stick to us, we may e'en put up our Pipes, and you'll find Hell a very Defart. Well, faid I, and methinks I fee nothing in all this, but what is very rea-fonable; for to what end ferves it, but to corrupt good Manners, stir up ill Appetites, provoke and encourage all forts of Debauchery, destroy all that is Good and Honourable in Human Society, and chalk out in effect the ready way to the Devil?

But you faid something e'en now of Magistrates, I hope, (said I) there are no fudges in Hell. You may as well imagine (cry'd the Spirit) that there are no Devils there; for let me tell you (Friend of mine) your Corrupt Judges are the great Spawners that supply our Lake; for what are those Millions of Catchpoles, Proctors, Atturneys, Clerks, Barrifters, that come failing to us every day in Shoals, but the Fry of fuch Judges! Nay, fometimes, in a lucky year, for Cheating, Forging, and Forswearing, we can hardly find Cask to put them in.

From hence now, (quoth I) would you infer, that there's no Justice upon the face

of the Earth. Very right (quoth the De vil) for Astrea (which is the same thing) is sled long since to Heaven. Do not ye know the story? No (said I) Then (quoth the Devil) mind me and I'll tell ye it.

Once upon a time Truth and Justice came together to take up their Quarters upon the Earth; but the one being naked, and the other very fevere and plain dealing, they could not meet with any body that would receive them. At last, when they had wander'd a long time like Vagabonds in the open Air; Truth was glad to take up her Lodging with a Mute; and Justice, perceiving that though her name was much used for a Cloak to Knavery, yet that she her felf was in no Esteem, took up a resolution of returning to Heaven: And in order to her Journey, she bad adieu in the first place to all Courts, Palaces, and great Cities, and went into the Country, where the met with some few poor simple Cottagers, that gave her Entertainment; but Malice and Perfecution found her out in the end, and she was banished thence too. She presented her self in many places, and People ask'd her what she was! She answered them, Justice, for the would not lye for the matter. Justice! (cry'd they) she is a Stranger to us; tell her here's nothing for her, and shut the Door. Upon these repulses, she took wing, and

and away she went to Heaven, hardly leaving fo much as the bare print of her footsteps behind her. Her Name however is not yet forgotten, and she's Pictured with a Scepter in her Hand, and is still called 7u-Rice; but call her what ye will, she makes as good a Fire in Hell as a Taylor; and for flight of Hand, puts down all the Jilts, Cheats, Picklocks and Trepanners in the World: To fay the truth, Avarice is grown to that height, that Men employ all the faculties of Soul and Body to Rob, and Deceive. The Leacher, does not he steal away the honour of his Mistress? (though with her consent) the Atturney pick your Pockets, and shew you a Law fort? The Comedian gets your Money and your time, with reciting other Men's Labours; the Lover cozens you with his Eyes; the Eloquent with his Tongue; the Valiant with his Arm; the Musician with his Voice and Fingers; the Astrologer with his Calculations; the Apothecary with Sickness and Health; the Surgeon with Blood; and the Physician with Death it felf. And in some fort or other, they are all Cheats; but the Catchpole (in the name of Justice) abuses you with his whole Man; He watches you with his Eyes; follows you with his Feet; seizes with his Hands; accuses with his Tongue; And in fine, put it in your Litany, From Catch-B 3 poles,

roles

poles, as well as Devils, Libera nos, Domine.

But how comes it (faid I) that you have not coupled the Women with the Thieves? for they are both of a Trade. Not a word of Women as ye love me, (quoth the Devil) for we are fo tired out with their importunities, so deafen'd with the Eternal Clack of their Tongues, that we start at the very thought of them. And to say the truth, Hell were no ill Winter-Quarter, if it were not so overstock'd with that sort of Cattel. Since the death of the Witch of Endor, it has been all their business to improve themfelves in Subtlety and Malice, and to fet us together by the Ears among our selves. Nay some of them are confident enough to tell us to our Teeth, that when we have done our worst, they'll give us a Rowland for our Oliver. Only this comfort we have, that they are a cheaper Plague to Us, than they are to You; for we have no Exchanges, Hide-Parks, or Spring-Gardens in our Territories.

You are well stored then with Women, I fee, but of which have you most? (said I) Handsom, or Ill-favoured? Oh, of the Illfavoured, fix for one (quoth the Devil;) For your Beauties can never want Gallants to lay their Appetites; and many of them, when they come at last to have their Bellies full, e'en give over the sport, Repent and 'scape. Whereas no body will touch the Ill-favour'd with-

without a pair of Tongs; and for want of Water to quench their Fire, they come to us such Skeletons, that they are enough to affright the Devil himself. For they are most commonly old, and accompany their last Groans with a Curse upon the younger that are to survive them. I carried away one to the day of Threescore and Ten, that I took just in the nick, as she was upon a certain Exercise to remove obstructions: And when I came to land her; Alas for the poor Woman! What a terrible fit had the got of the Tooth-ach! When upon fearch, the Devil a Tooth had the left in her Head, only the belied her Chops, to fave her Credit.

You have exceedingly fatisfied me, (faid I) in all your Answers: But pray'e once again, what store of Beggars have ye in Hell? Poor People, I mean: Poor (quoth the Devil,) who are they? Those (faid I) that have no Possessions in the World: How can that be, (quoth he) that those should be damn'd, that have nothing in the World, when Men are only damn'd for cleaving to't? And briefly, I find none of their names in our Books, which is no wonder; for he that has nothing to trust to, shall be left by the Devil himself in time of need. To deal plainly with you, where have you greater Devils, than your Flatterers, false Friends, lewd Com-B 4

Company, envious Persons; than a Son, a Brother, or a Relation that lies in wait for your Life, to get your Fortune; that mourns over you in your Sickness, and wishes you already at the Devil? Now the Poor have none of this; they are neither flatter'd nor envy'd, nor befriended, nor accompanied: There's no gaping for their Possessions; and in short, they are a fort of People that live well, and die better; and there are some of them that would not exchange their Rags for Royalty it felf: They are at liberty to go and come at pleasure, be it Waror Pe ace; free from Cares, Taxes, and publick Duties. They fear no Judgments or Executions, but live as inviolable, as if their Persons were Sacred. Moreover they take no thought for to morrow; but fetting a just value on their hours, they are good Husbands of the present; considering that what is past is as good as Dead, and what's to come, Uncertain. But they say, When the Devil Preaches, the World is near an Fnd.

The Divine Hand is in this (faid the Holy Man that performed the Exorcism) Thou art the Father of Lyes, and yet deliver's Truths, able to mollify and convert a Heart of Stone. But do not you mistake your felf (quoth the Devil) to suppose that your Conversion is my business; for I speak these

Truths

Truths to aggravate your Guilt, and that you may not plead Ignorance another day, when you shall be called to answer for your Transgressions. 'Tis true, most of you shed Tears at parting, but 'tis the Apprehension of Death, and no true Repentance for your Sins, that works upon you: For ye are all a pack of Hypocrites: Or if at any time you entertain those Reslexions, your trouble is, That your Body will not hold out; and then forsooth you pretend to pick a quarrel with the Sin it self. Thou art an Impostor (said the Religious) for there are many Righteous Souls, that draw their Sorrow from another Fountain. But I perceive you have a mind to amuse us, and ceive you have a mind to amuse us, and make us lose time, and perchance your own hour is not yet come to quit the body of this miserable Creature; however, I conjure thee in the name of the most High, to leave tormenting him, and to hold thy peace. The Devil obey'd; and the good Father applying himself to us, My Masters (says he) though I am absolutely of opinion, that it is the Devil that has talkt to us all this while through the Organ of this unhappy Wretch; yet he that well weighs what has been faid, may doubtless reap some benefit by the Discourse. Wherefore without confidering whence it came; Remember, that Saul (although a wicked Prince) Prophefied :

### 22 The First VISION of, &c.

fied; and that Honey has been drawn out of the Mouth of a Lyon. Withdraw then, and I shall make it my Prayer (as 'tis my hope) that this sad and prodigious Spectacle may lead you to a true sight of your Errors, and in the end, to Amendment of Life.

The End of the First Vision.

THE

#### THE

## SECOND VISION

OF

### DEATH and her EMPIRE.

Thoughts, and in Solitude, they gather together in Troops to affault the Unfortunate; which is the Tryal (according to my observation) wherein the Coward does most betray himself; and yet cannot I for my Life, when I am alone, avoid those Accidents and Surprizes in my self, which I condemn in others. I have sometime, upon reading the Grave and Severe Lucretius, been seiz'd with a strange damp; whether from the striking of his Counsels upon my Passions, or some Tacite Research of Shame upon my self, I know not. However, to render this Consession of my weakness the more excusable, I'll begin my Discourse with somewhat out of that Elegant and Excellent Poet.

"Put the case (says he) that a Voice from "Heaven should speak to any of us after this "manner; What do'st thou ail, O Mortal

"Man, or to what purpose is it to spend thy
"Life in Groans and Complaints, under the
"apprehension of Death? Where are thy past
"Years and Pleasures? Are they not vanish'd
"and lost in the Flux of Time, as if thou
"hadst put Water into a Sieve? Bethink thy

" self then of a Retreat, and leave the World

" with the Same Content and Satisfaction, as " thon wouldst do a plentiful Table, and a

" jolly Company upon a full Stomach. Poor Fool that thou art! Thus to Macerate and

"Torment thy self, when thou may'st enjoy thy Heart at ease, and possess thy Soul with

"Repose and Comfort, &c.

This passage brought into my mind the words of Job, Chap. 14. and I was carried on from one Meditation to another, till at length, I fell fast asleep over my Book, which I ascribed rather to a favourable Providence, than to my natural Disposition. So soon as my Soul felt her felf at liberty, she gave me the entertainment of this following Comedy, my fancy supplying both the Stage and the Company.

In the first Scene enter'd a Troop of Phyficians, upon their Mules, with deep Foot-cloths; marching in no very good Order, fometime fast, sometime slow, and to say the truth, most commonly in a huddle. They were all wrinkled and wither'd about the Eyes; I suppose with casting so many sour

looks .

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looks upon the Piss-pots and Close-stools of their Patients; bearded like Goats; and their Faces fo over-grown with Hair, that their Fingers could hardly find the way to their Mouths: In the Left-hand they held the Reins, and their Gloves roul'd up together; and in the Right a Staff à la Mode, which they carried rather for Countenance than Correction; (for they understood no other Menage than the Heel) and all along Head and Body went too, like a Baker upon his Panniers. Divers of them I observed, had huge Gold Rings upon their Fingers, and fet with Stones of so large a size, that they could hardly feel a Patient's Pulse, without minding him of his Monument. There were more than a good many of them, and a world of Puny Practicers at their heels, that came out Graduates, by conversing rather with the Mules than the Doctors: Well! faid I to my felf, if there goes no more than this to the making a Phy-sician, it is no marvel we pay so dear for their Experience.

After these, follow'd a long Train of Mountebank-Apothecaries, laden with Pestles and Mortars, Suppositories, Spatulas, Glister-Pipes, and Syringes, ready charg'd, and as mortal as Gun-shot, and several Titled Boxes, with Remedies without, and Poysons within. Ye may observe, That when a Patient comes

to die, the Apothecary's Mortar Rings the Paf-fing-Bell, as the Priest's Requiem finishes the business. An Apothecary's Shop is (in effect) no other than the *Physician's Armory*, that supplies him with Weapons; and (to say the truth,) the *Instruments* of the *Apothecary* and the *Soldier*, are much of a Quality? What are their Boxes but Petards? Their Syringes, Pistols; and their Pills, but Bullets? And after all, considering their Purgative Medicines, we may properly enough call their Shops Purgatory; and why not their Persons Hell? Their Patients the Damn'd? And their Masters the Devils? These Apothecaries were in Jacquets, wrought all over with Bs, struck through like wounded Hearts, and in the form of the first Charles. ed Hearts, and in the form of the first Character of their Prescriptions; which (as they tell us) signifies Recipe (Take Thou,) but we find it to stand for Recipio (I Take.) Next to this Figure they write, Ana, Ana, which is as much as to say, An Ass, An Ass; and after this march the Ounces and the Scruples; an incomparable Cordial to a dying Man; the former to dispatch the Body, and the latter, to put the Soul into the High-way to the Devil. To hear them call over all their Simples, would make you swear, they were raising so many Devils. There's your Opopanax, Buphtalmus, Astaphylinos, Alectorolophos, Ophioscorodon, Anemosphorus, &c. And

And by all this formidable Bombast, is meant nothing in the World but a few paltry Roots, as Carrots, Turneps, Skirrits, Radish, and the like. But they have the old Proverb at their Finger's end; He that knows thee will never buy thee: And therefore every thing must be made a Mystery, to hold their Patients in ignorance, and keep up the Price of the Market. And were not the very names of their Medicines sufficient to fright away any Distemper, 'tis to be fear'd the Remedy would prove worse than the Disease. Can any pain in nature, think ye, have the confidence to look the Physician in the Face, that comes arm'd with a Drug made of Man's Grease? Though disguis'd under the name of Mummy, to take off the horror and difgust of it: Or to stay for a dressing with Dr. Whachum's Plaister, that shall fetch up a Man's Leg to the fize of a Mill-post? When I faw these People Herded with the Physicians, methought the old fluttish Proverb that says, There is a great distance between the Pulse and the Arse, was much to blame for making such a difference in their Dignities, for I find none at all; but the Phylician skips in a trice from the Pulse to the Stool and Urinal, according to the Doctrine of Galen, who fends all his Disciples to those unfavoury Oracles: From whose hands, the Devil himself, if he were Sick, would not receive

receive so much as a Glister. Oh! these curfed and lawlefs Arbitrators and Dispofers of our Lives! That without either Conscience or Religion, divide our Souls and Bodies, by their damn'd Poylonous Potions, Scarifications, Incisions, Excessive Bleedings, &c. which are but the several ways of executing their Tyranny and Injustice upon us.

In the tail of these, came the Surgeons, laden with Pincers, Crane-bills, Catheters, Desquamatories, Dilaters, Sciffers, Sams; and with them so horrid an Outcry of Cut, Tear, Open, Saw, Flay, Burn, that my Bones were ready to creep one into another, for fear of

an Operation.

The next that came in, I should have taken by their Mein, for Devils disguis'd, if I had not spyed their Chains of Rotten Teeth, which put me in some hope they might be Tooth-Drawers, and so they prov'd; which is yet one of the lewdest Trades in the World; for they are good for nothing but to depopulate our Mouths, and make us old before our time. Let a Man but yawn, and ye shall have one of these Rogues examining his Grinders, and there's not a found Tooth in your Head, but he had rather see't at his Girdle, than in the place of it's Nativity: Nay, rather than fail, he'll pick a quarrel with your Gums. But that which puts me out of all Patience, is to see these Scoundrels drels ask twice as much for drawing an Old Tooth, as would have bought me a New One.

Certainly (faid I to my felt) we are now past the worst, unless the Devil himself come next: And in that instant, I heard the Brushing of Guitars, and the Ratling of Citterns, Raking over certain Passacilles and Sarabands. These are a Kennel of Barbers, thought I, or I'll be hang'd; and any Man that had ever seen a Barber's Shop, might have told you as much without a Conjurer, both by the Musick, and by the very Instruments, which are as proper a part of a Barber's Furniture, as his Comb-cases, and Washballs. It was to me a pleasant Entertainment, to see them lathering of Assection of all forts and sizes, and their Customers all the while winking and sputtering over their Basons.

Presently after these, appear'd a Consort of loud and tedious Talkers, that Tired and Deafen'd the Company with their shrill and restless Gaggle: But as one told me, these were of several sorts. Some they call'd Swimmers from the motion of their Arms in all their Discourses, which was just as if they had been Padling. Others they call'd Apes, (and we Mimicks) these were perpetually making of Mopps, and Mowes, and a thousand Antick Ridiculous Gestures, in derision and imitation of Others. In the Third place,

place, were Make-bates, and Sowers of Differtion, and these were still Rolling their Eyes (like a Bartlemy-Puppet, without so much asmoving the Head) and Learing over their Shoulders, to surprize People at unawares in their Familiarities, and Privacies, and gather matter for Calumny and Detraction. The Lyars follow'd next; and these seem'd to be a jolly contented sort of People, well Fed, and well Cloathed; and having nothing else to trust to, methought it was a strange Trade to live upon. I need not tell you, that they are never without a full Audience, since all Fools and Impertinents are

of their Congregations.

After these, came a Company of Medlers; a Pragmatical Insolent Generation of Men, that will have an Oar in every Boat, and are indeed the Bane of honest Conversation, and the Troublers of all Companies and Affairs; The most Prostitute of all Flatterers; and only devoted to their own Prost. I thought this had been the last Scene, because no more came upon the Stage for a good while; and indeed I wonder'd that they came so late themselves, but one of the Bablers told me (un-ask'd) that this kind of Serpent carrying his Venom in his Tail, it seem'd reasonable, that being the most Poysonous of the whole Gang, they should bring up the Rear.

I be-

I began then to take into thought what might be the meaning of this Oglio of People of feveral Conditions and Humors met together; but I was quickly diverted from that Consideration, by the Apparition of a Creature which look't as if 'twere of the Feminine Gender. It was a Person, of a thin and slender make, laden with Crowns, Garlands, Scepters, Scythes, Sheep-hooks, Pattins, Hob-nail'd-Shoes, Tiaras, Straw-Hats, Miters, Monmouth-Caps, Embroideries, Skins, Silk, Wool, Gold, Lead, Diamonds, Shells, Pearl, and Pebles: She was dress'd up in all the Colours of the Rainbow; she had one Eye shut, the other open; Young on the one side, and Old o' the other. I thought at first, she had been a great way off, when indeed the was very near me; and when I took her to be at my Chamber-Door, she was at my Bed's-head. How to unriddle this Mystery I knew not; nor was it possible for me to make out the meaning of an Equipage fo Extravagant, and fo Fantastically put together. It gave me no affright however, but on the contrary I could not forbear laughing; for it came just then into my mind, that I had formerly seen in Italy a Farce, where the Mimick, pretending to come from the other World, was just thus Accoutred, and never was any thing more Nonfenfically pleasant. I held as long as I
C 2 could. could, and at last, I ask'd what she was? She answer'd me, I am Death. Death! (the very word brought my Heart into my Mouth;) and I befeech you, Madam, quoth I, (with great Humility and Respect) whither is your Honour a going? No farther (faid she) for now I have found you, I am at my Journey's End. Alas, Alas! and must I die then, (said I) No, no, (quoth Death) but I'll take thee Quick along with me: For fince so many of the Dead have been to vifit the Living, it is but equal for once, that one of the Living should Return a Visit to the Dead. Get up then, and come along, and never hang an Arse for the matter: For what you will not do willingly, you shall do in spite of your Teeth. This put me in a Cold Fit; but without more delay, up I started, and desired leave only to put on my Breeches. No, no, (faid she) no matter for Cloaths, no body wears them upon this Road; wherefore come away, naked as you are, and you'll Travel the better. So up I got, without a word more, and follow'd her, in fuch a Terror and Amazement, that I was but in an ill Condition to take a strict account of my Passage; yet I remember, that upon the way, I told her, Madam, under Correction, you are no more like the Deaths that I have seen, than an Apple's like an Oyster: Our Death is Pictur'd with

with a Scyth in her Hand, and a Carcass of Bones, as clean, as if the Crows had pick'd it. Yes, yes, (faid she) turning short upon me, I know that very well; but in the mean time your Designers, and Painters, are but a company of Buzzards. The Bones you talk of, are the dead, or otherwise the you talk of, are the dead, or otherwise the miserable remainders of the Living; but let me tell you, that you your selves are your own Death, and that which you call Death, is but the Period of your Life, as the first moment of your Birth, is the beginning of your Death: And effectually, ye Die Living, and your Bones are no more than what Death has left, and committed to the Grave. If this were rightly understood every Man this were rightly understood, every Man would find a Memento Mori, or a Death's-Head in his own Looking-glass, and consider every House with a Family in't, but as a Sepulchre fill'd with dead Bodies; a Truth which you little dream of, though within your daily View and Experience. Can you imagine a Death elsewhere, and not in your selves? Believ't y'are in a shameful Mistake, for you your selves are Skeletons before ye are aware.

But, Madam, under favour, what may all these People be that keep your Ladyship Company? And since you are Death (as you say,) how comes it, that the Bablers, and Make-bates, are nearer your Person, and

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more

more in your good Graces, than the Physicians? Why (says she) there are more People Talk'd to Death, and dispatch'd by Bablers, than by all the Pestilential Diseases in the World. And then your Make-bates, and Medlers, kill more than your Physicians, though (to give the Gentlemen of the Faculty their due) they labour Night and Day for the Enlargement of our Empire: For you must understand, that though Distemper'd Humors make a Man Sick, 'tis the Physician kills him; and he looks to be well paid for't too; (and 'tis fit that every Man should live by his Trade:) So that when a Man is ask'd, what fuch or fuch a one dy'd of, he is not presently to make answer, that he dy'd of a Fever, Plurify, the Plague, Purples, or the like; but that He dyed of the Doctor. In one point, however, I must needs acquit the Physician; ye know that the stile of Right Honourable, and Right Worshipful, which was heretofore appropriated only to Persons of Eminent Degree and Quality, is now in our Days used by all forts of little People; nay the very Bare-Foot Fryars, that live under Vows of Humility and Mortification, are stung with this Itch of Title and Vain-glory. And your ordinary Trades-men, as Vintners, Taylors, Masons, and the like, must be all drest up for sooth in the Right Worshipful; whereas your Phyfician does not so much Court Honour of Appellation, (though if it should Rain Dignities, he might be persuaded happily to venture the wetting) but sits down contented with the Honour of disposing of your Lives and Moneys, without troubling himself about any other fort of Reputation.

The Entertainment of these Lectures, and Discourses, made the way seem short and pleasant, and we were just now entring into a place, betwixt Light and Dark; and of horror enough, if *Death* and I had not by this time been very well acquainted. Upon one side of the Passage, I saw three moving Figures, Arm'd, and of Human shape; and fo alike, that I could not fay which was which. Just opposite, on the other side, a Hideous Monster, and these Three to One, and One to Three, in a Fierce, and Obstinate Combate. Here Death made a stop, and faceing about, ask'd me, if I knew these People. Alas! No, (quoth I) Heaven be prais'd, I do not, and I shall put it in my Litany, that I never may. Now to see thy Ignorance, cry'd *Death*; These are thy old Acquaintance, and thou hast hardly kept any other Company, fince thou wert born. Those Three, are, the World, the Flesh, and the Devil; the Capital Enemies of thy Soul; And they are so like one another, as well in Quality, as Appearance, that effectually, who

whoever has One, has All. The Proud and Ambitious Man thinks he has got the World, but it proves the Devil. The Lecher, and the Epicure, persuade themselves, that they have gotten the Flesh, and that's the Devil too; and in fine, thus it fares with all other kinds of Extravagants. But what's He here, faid I, that appears in so many several shapes, and fights against the other Three? That (quoth Death) is the Devil of Money, who maintains, that He himself Alone, is equivalent to them Three, and that wherever He comes, there's no need of Them. Against the World He argues from their own Confession, and Experience: For it passes for an Oracle, that there's no World but Money; he that's out of Money, is out of the World. Take away a Man's Money, and take away his Life. Money answers all things. Against the Second Enemy, he pleads that Money is the Flesh too; witness the Girls and the Ganimedes it procures, and maintains. And against the Third. He urges, that there's nothing to be done without this Devil of Money. Love. dues much, but Money does all: And Money will make the Pot boyl, though the Devil Piss in the Fire. So that for ought I see (quoth I) the Devil of Money has the better end of the Staff.

After this, advancing a little farther, I faw on one Hand Judgment, and Hell on the

other

other (for so Death called them.) Upon the sight of Hell, making a stop, to take a stricter Survey of it, Death ask'd me what it was I look'd at? I told her, it was Hell; and I was the more intent upon it, because I thought I had seen it somewhere else before. She question'd me, where? I told her, that I had seen it in the Corruption and Avarice of Wicked Magistrates; in the Pride and Haughtiness of Grandees; in the Appetites of the Voluptuous; in the Lewd Designs of Ruine and Revenge; in the Souls of Oppressors; and in the Vanity of divers Princes. But he that would see it whole, and entire, in one Subject, must go to the Hypocrite, who is a kind of a Religious Broker, and puts out at Five and Forty per Cent. the very Sacraments, and Ten Commandments.

I am very glad too (faid I) that I have feen Judgment as I find it here, in it's Purity; for that which we call Judgment in the World, is a meer Mockery: If it were like this, Men would live otherwise than they do. To conclude; If it be expected that our Judges should govern Themselves and Us by this Judgment, the World's in an ill Case, for there's but little of it there. And to deal plainly, as matters are, I have no great Maw to go home again; for 'tis better being with the Dead, where there's Justice, than with the Living, where there's none.

Our next step was into a fair and spacious Plain, encompass'd with a huge Wall, where he that's once in, must never look to come out again. Stop here (quoth Death) for we are now come to my Judgment-Seat, and here it is that I give Audience. The Walls were hung with Sighs and Groans, Ill-News, Fears, Doubts, and Surprizes. Tears did not there avail, either the Lover or the Beggar; but Grief and Care were without both Mea-Sure and Comfort; and serv'd as Vermine, to gnaw the Hearts of Emperors and Princes, feeding upon the Insolent and Ambitious, as their proper Nourilhment. I saw Envy there drest up in a Widow's Vail, and the very Picture of the Governante of one of your Noblemen's Houses. She kept a continual Fast as to the Shambles, Preying only upon her self, and could not but be a very slender Gentlewoman, upon so spare a Diet. Nothing came amiss to her Teeth, (Good or Bad) which made the whole Set of them Yellow and Rotten; and the Reason was, that though she bit, and set her mark upon the Good, and the Sound, she could never swallow it. Under her, sate Discord; the Legitimate Issue of her own Bowels. She had formerly convers'd much with Married People; but finding no need of her there, away she went to Colleges and Corporations, where it seems they had more already than they

they knew what to do withal: And then the betook her felf to Courts and Palaces, and officiated there, as the Devil's Lieutenant. Next to Her, was Ingratitude, and she out of a certain Paste made up of Pride and Malice, was moulding of New Devils. I was extream glad of this Discovery, being of Opinion, till now, that the Ungrateful had been the Devils Themselves, because I read, that the Angels that fell, were made Devils for their Ingratitude. To be short, the whole Place Eccho'd with Rage and Curses. What a Devil have we here to do? (said I) does it Rain Curses in this Countrey? With that, a Death at my Elbow ask'd me, what a Devil could I expect elfe, in a place where there were so many Match-makers, Atturneys, and Common-Barretters, who are a Pack of the most Accursed Wretches in Nature? Is there any thing more common in the World, than the Exclamations of Husbands and Wives? Oh! That damn'd Devil of a Pander: A heavy Curse upon that Bitch of a Bawd that ever brought us together. The Pillory and Ten thousand Gibbets to boot, take that Pick-Pocket Atturney, that advised me to this Law-suit, he's ruin'd me for ever. But pray'e (said I) what do all these Matchmakers and Atturneys here together? Do they come for Audience? Death was here a little guick upon me, and called me Fool for fo

impertinent a Question. If there were no Match-makers (faid she) we should not have the Tenth Part of these Skeletons and Desperado's. Am not I here, the fifth Husband of a Woman yet living in the World, that hopes to send twice as many more after me, and drink Maudlin at the Fifteenth's Funeral? You fay well, (faid I) as to the business of Matchmakers; but why so many Petty Foggers, I pray'e? Nay then I perceive, (quoth Death) now you have a mind to seize me; for that rascally sort of Caterpillers have been my undoing. Had not a Man better die by the Common Hang-man, than by the Hand of an Atturney, to be killed by Falsities, Quirks, Cavils, Delays, Exceptions, Cheats, Circumventions? Yes, yes, and it must not be deny'd, that these Makers of Matches, and Splitters of Causes, are the principal Support of this Imperial Throne.

At these words I rais'd my Eyes, and saw Death seated in her Chair of State, with abundance of little Deaths crowding about her; as the Death of Love, of Cold, Hunger, Fear, and Laughter; all, with their several Ensigns and Devices. The Death of Love, I perceived, had very little Brain, and to keep her self in Countenance, she kept company with Pyramus and Thisbe; Hero and Leander, and some Amadis's and Palmerins d'Oliva; all Embalm'd, steep'd in good Vine-

gar, and well dry'd. I saw a great many other forts of Lovers too, that were brought, in all Appearance, to their last Agonies; but by the singular Miracle of self-Interest recover'd to the Tune of

Will, if looking Well won't move her, Looking Ill prevail?

The Death of Cold, was attended by a many Prelates, Bishops, Abbots, and other Ecclesiasticks; who had neither Wives, nor Children, nor indeed any body else that cared for them, farther than for their Fortunes. These, when they come to a Fit of Sickness, are Pillag'd, even to their Sheets and Bedding, before ye can say a Pater-Noster. Nay, many times they are stript, e'er they are laid, and destroy'd for want of Cloaths to keep them warm.

The Death of Hunger was encompassed with a Multitude of Avaritious Misers, that were Cording up of Trunks; Bolting of Doors and Windows; Locking up of Cellars and Garrets; and Nailing down of Trap-Doors; Burying of Pots of Money, and starting at every Breath of Wind they heard. Their Eyes were ready to drop out of their Heads for want of Sleep, their Mouths and Bellies complaining of their Hands; and their Souls turn'd into Gold and Silver, (the Idols they ador'd.)

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The Death of Fear had the most Magnificent Train and Attendance of all the rest, being accompanied with a great number of Usurpers and Tyrants, who commonly do Justice upon Themselves, for the Injuries they have done to Others: Their own Consciencies doing the Office of Tormentors, and Avenging their publick Crimes by their private Sufferings, for they live in a perpetual Anguish of Thought, with Fears and

Jealousies.

The Death of Laughter was the last of all, and furrounded with a Throng of People, hasty to Believe, and sow to Repent; Living without fear of Justice, and Dying without hope of Mercy. These are they that pay all their Debts and Duties with a Jest. Bid any of them give every Man his Due, and return what he has either Borrow'd, or wrong fully taken, his Answer is, You'd make a Man die with Laughing. Tell him, my Friend, you are now in Years, your Dancing Days are done, and your Body is worn out; what should such a Scar-Crow as you are, do with a Bedfellow? Give over your Bandy Haunts for Shame, and don't make a Glory of a Sin, when you are past the Pleasure of it, and your self upon all Accompts contemptible into the Bargain. This Fellow (fays he) would make a Man break his Heart with Laughing. Come, come, fay your Prayers, and bethink your felf of Eternity,

nity, you have one Foot in the Grave already, and 'tis high time to fit your felf for the other World. Thou wilt absolutely kill me with Laughing. I tell thee, I'm as found. as a Roach, and I do not remember that ever I was better in my Life. Others there are, that let a Man advise them upon their Death-Beds, and even at the last Gasp, to send for a Divine, or to make some handsom Settlement of their Estates. Alas, alas! they'll cry; I I have been as bad as this many a time before, and (with Falstaffe's Hostess) I hope in the Lord there's no need to think of him yet. These Men are lost for ever, before they can be brought to understand their danger. This Vision wrought strangely upon me, and gave me all the Pains and Marks imaginable of a true Repentance. Well, (said I) since so it is, that Man has but one Life allotted him, and so many Deaths; but one way into the World, and so many Millions out of it, I will certainly at my Return, make it more my Care than it has been to Live with a good Conscience, that I may die with Com-

The last words were scarce out of my Mouth, when the Cryer of the Court with a loud Voice, called out, The Dead, The Dead; Appear the Dead. And so immediately, I saw the Earth begin to Move, and gently opening it felf, to make way, first for Heads and

Arms,

Arms, and then by Degrees for the whole Bo-dies of Men and Women that came out, half muffled in their Night-Caps, and ranged themselves in excellent Order, and with a profound silence. Now (says Death) let every one speak in his Turn; and in the instant, up comes one of the Dead to my very Beard, with so much Fury and Menace in his Face and Action, that I would have given him half the Teeth in my Head for a Composition. These Devils of the World (quoth he) what would they be at? My Masters, cannot a Poor Wretch be quiet in his Grave for ye? But ye must be casting your Scorns upon him, and charging him with things that upon my Soul, he's as innocent of, as the Child that's Unborn. What hurt has he done any of you (ye Scoundrels you,) to be thus abused? And I beseech you, Sir, said I, (under your favourable Correction) who may you be? For I confess I have not the Honour either to know or to understand ye. Iam (quoth he) the Unfortunate Tony, that has been in his Grave now this many a fair Year, and yet your Wife Worships for sooth, have not Wit enough to make your Selves and your Company merry, but Tony must still be one half of your Entertainment, and Discourse. When any Man plays the Fool or the Extravagant, presently he's a Tony. Who drew this or that ridiculous Piece? Tony. Such or such a one was never well Taught:

Taught: No, he had a Tony to his Master. But let me tell ye, he that shall call your Wisdoms to shrift, and take a strict Accompt of your Words and Actions, will upon the Upshot find you all a Company of Tonys: And in effect, the Greater Impertinents. As for instance, Did I ever make ridiculous Wills (as you do) to oblige others to Pray for a Man in his Grave, that never Pray'd for Himself in bis Life? Did I ever Rebel against my Superiors ? Or, was I ever so arrant a Coxcomb, as by colouring my Cheeks and Hair, to imagine that I could reform Nature, and make my self young again? Can ye say, that I ever put an Oath to a Lye; or broke a solemn Promise, as you do every Day that goes over your Heads? Did I ever enslave my self to Money? Or, on the other side make Ducks and Drakes with it? and squander it away in Gaming, Revelling, and Whoring? Did my Wife ever wear the Breeches? Or, did I ever marry at all to be reveng'd of a false Mistress? Was I ever so very a Fool as to believe any Man would be True to me, who had Betray'd his Friend? Or, to venture all my Hopes upon the Wheel of Fortune? Did I ever envy the Felicity of a Court-Life, that sells and spends all for a Glance? What pleasure did I ever take in the lewd Discourses of Hereticks and Libertines? Or did I ever List my self in the Party, to get the name of a Gifted Brother? Who ever saw me insolent

lent to my Inferiors, or basely servile to my Bet-ters? Did I ever go to a Conjurer, or to your Dealers in Nativities and Horoscopes upon any occasion of Loss or Death? Now if you your selves be guilty of all these Fopperies, and I innocent, Ibeseech ye where's the Tony? So that you see Tony is not the Tony you take him for. But (to Crown his other Vertues) he is also endued with fo large a stock of Patience, that whoever needed it, had it for the asking; unless it were such as came to borrow Money; or in Cases of Women that claim'd Marriage of him; or Laquais that would be making sport with his Bauble; and to these, He was as resolute as John Florio.

While we were upon this Discourse, another of the Dead came marching up to me, with a Spanish Pace and Gravity; and giving me a touch o' the Elbow; Look in my Face (quoth he with a stern Countenance) face (quoth he with a Hern Countenance) and know, Sir, that you are not now to have to do with a Tony. I befeech your Lordship (said I, saving your Reverence) let me know your Honour, that I may pay my Respects accordingly; for I must confess, I thought all People here had been, Hail Fellow mell met. I am call'd (quoth he) by Mortals, Queen Dick; and whether you know me or not, I'm sure you think and talk of me often enough; and if the Devil did not possesse, you would let the Dead alone, and

content your felves to profecute one another. Ye can't see a High-crown'd Hat, a Thred-bare Cloak, a Basket Hilt Sword, or a Dudgeon Dagger; nay, not fo much as a Reverend Matron, well stricken in years, but presently ye cry, this or that's of the Mode or Date of Queen Dick. If ye were not every Mother's Child of ye stark mad, ye would confess that Queen Dick's were Golden Days to those ye have had since, and 'tis an easy matter to prove what I say. Will ye see a Mother now teaching her Daughter a Leffon of good Government? Child, (fays the) you know that Modesty is the great Ornament of your Sex; wherefore be sure, when ye come in Company, that you don't stand staring the Men in the Face, as if ye were looking Babies in their Eyes; but rather look a little downward, as a Fashion of Behaviour, more suitable to the Obligations of your Sex. Downward! (says the Girl,) I beseech you, Madam, Excuse me: This was well enough in the Days of Queen Dick, when the poor Creatures knew no better. Let the Men look downward towards the Clay of which they were made; but Man was our Original, and it will become us to keep our Eyes upon the matter, from whence we came. If a Father give his Son in Charge, to Worship his Creator; to say his Prayers Morning and Evening; to give Thanks before, and after Meat; to have a care

care of Gaming and Swearing. Ye shall have the Son make Answer, That 'tis true, this was practis'd in the time of Queen Dick, but it is now quite out of Mode: And in plain English, Men are better known now a-days by their Atheism and Blasphemy, than by their Beards.

Hereupon, Queen Dick withdrew, and then appear'd a large Glass-Bottle, wherein was Luted up (as I heard) a famous Necromancer, hackt and mine'd according to his own Order, to render him immortal. was boyling upon a Quick Fire, and the Flesh by little and little began to piece again, and made first an Arm, then a Thigh, after that a Leg, and at last there was an entire Body that rais'd it self upright in the Bottle. Bless me (thought I!) what's here? A Man made of a Pottage, and brought into the World out of the Belly of a Bottle? This Vision affrighted me to the very Heart; and while I was yet panting and trembling, a Voice was heard out of the Glass. In what year' of our Lord are we? 1636. (quoth I) And welcome, Said he; for 'tis the happy year I have longed for so many a Day. Who is it, I pray'e, (quoth I) that I now see and hear in the Belly of this Bottle? I am (said he) the Great Necromancer of Europe; and certainly you cannot but have heard both of my Operations in General, and of this particular

ticular Defign. I have heard talk of you from a Child (quoth I) but all those Stories I took only for old Wive's Fables. You are the Man then it seems: I must confess that at first, at a distance I took this Bottle for the Vessel that the ingenious Rablais makes mention of; but coming near enough to fee what was in it, I did then imagine it might be some Philosopher, by the fire; or some. Apothecary doing Penance for his Errors. In fine, it has cost me many a heavy step to come hither; and yet to see so great a Ra-rity I cannot but think my Time and Pains very well bestow'd. The Necromancer call'd to me then to unstop the Bottle; and as I was breaking the Clay to open it, Hold, hold, a little, he cry'd; and I prethee tell me first, how goes squares in Spain? What Money? Force? Credit? The Plate Fleets go and come (faid I) reafonably well; but the Foreigners that come in for their fnips, have half spoil'd the Trade. The Genoeses run out as far as the Mountains of Potofi, and have almost drain'd them dry. My Child, (quoth He) That Trade can never be secure and open, so long as Spain has any Enemy that's Potent at Sea. And for the Genoeses, they'll tell you this is no injustice at all; but on the contrary, a new way of quitting old scores, and justifying his Catholick Majesty for a good Pay-master. I am no D 3 Enemy,

Enemy to that Nation, but upon the Account of their Vices and Encroachments; and I confess, rather than see these Rascals prosper, I'd turn my felf into a Bonillon again, as ye faw me just now; nay, I did not care if 'twere into a Powder, though I ended my days in a Tobacco-Box. Good Sir, (said I) comfort your self, for these People are as miserable as you'd wish them. You know they are Cavaliers and Signiors already, and now (forfooth) they have an Itch upon them to be Princes: A vanity that gnaws them like a Cancer; and by drawing on great Expences, breeds a Worm in their Traffick, fo that you'll find little but Debt and Extravagance at the foot of the Account. And then the Devil's in them for a Wench, insomuch, that 'tis well, if they bring both ends together; for what's gotten upon the Change, is spent in the Stems.

This is well (quoth the Necromancer) and I'm glad to hear it. Pray'e tell me now, what Price bears Honour and Honesty in the World? There's much to be said (quoth I) upon that Point; but in brief, there was never more of it in Talk, nor less in Effect. Upon my Honesty cries the Tradesman; upon my Honour, says his Lordship: And in a word, every Man has it, and every thing is it, in some disguise or other: But duly considered, there's no such thing

upon

upon the Face of the Earth. The Thief fays, 'tis more Honourable to Take than Beg. He that asks an Alms, pleads, that 'tis Honester to Beg than Steal. Nay, the False Witnesses and Murtherers themselves, stand upon their Points, as well as their Neighbours, and will tell ye that a Man of Honour will rather be buried alive, than Submit, (though they will not always do as they fay.) Upon the whole matter, every Man sets up a Court of Honour within himself; pronounces every thing Honourable that
serves his Purpose, and laughs at them that
think otherwise. To say the Truth, all
things are now Topsie Turvie. A good Faculty in Lying is a fair step to Preferment;
and to pack a Game at Cards, or help the
Frail Die, is become the Mark and Glory of a Cavalier. The Spaniards were heretofore, I confess, a very brave and well-govern'd People: But they have Evil Tongues among them now a-days, that fay they might e'en go to School to the Indians to learn Sobriety and Virtue. For they are not really Suber, but at their own Tables, which indeed, is rather Avarice, than Moderation; for when they Eat or Drink at another Man's Cost, there are no greater Gluttons in the World; and for Fudling, they shall make the best Pot-Companion in Switzerland knock under the Table.

The

The Necromancer went on with his Difcourse; and ask'd me what store of Lawyers and Atturneys in Spain at present? I told him, that the whole World swarm'd with them, and that there were of several forts; some, by Profession, others, by Intrusion, and Presumption, and some again by Study; but not many of the last, though indeed fufficient of every kind to make the People pray for the Egyptian Locusts and Caterpillars, in Exchange for that Vermine. Why then (quoth the Necromancer) if there be such Plagues Abroad, I think I had best e'en keep where I am. It is with Justice (said I) as with Sick-Men; in time past, when we had fewer Doctors, (as well of Law, as of Physick) we had more Right, and more Health: But we are now destroy'd by Multitudes, and Consultations, which serve to no other end, than to enflame both the Distemper, and the Reckoning. Justice, as well as Truth, went naked, in the days of Old; one fingle Book of Laws and Ordinances, was enough for the best Order'd Government in the World. But the Justice of our Age, is Trickt up with Bills, Parchments, Writs, and Labels; and furnish'd with Millions of of Codes, Digests, Pandects, Pleadings, and Reports; and what's their Use, but to make Wrangling a Science? And to Embroil us in Seditions, Suits, and endless Trouble and ConConfusion? We have had more Books Publish'd this last Twenty Years, than in a Thousand before; and there hardly passes a Term without a New Author, in Four or Five Volumes at least, under the Titles of Glosses, Commentaries, Cases, Judgments, &c. And the great Strife is, who writes Most, not Best; so that the whole Bulk, is but a Body without a Soul, and fitter for a Churchyard than a Study. To say the Truth, these Lawyers and Solicitors, are but so many Smoak-Merchants, Sellers of Wind, and Troublers of the Publick Peace. If there were no Atturneys, there would be no Suits; if no Suits, no Cheats, no Serjeants, no Catchpoles, no Prisons; if no Prisons, no Judges; no Judges, no Passion; no Passion, no Bribery or Subornation.

See now what a Train of Mischiefs one wretched Petty-Fogger draws after him! If you go to him for Counsel, he Hears your Story, Reads your Case, and tells you very gravely: Sir, this is a nice Point, and would be well handled; We'll see what the Law says. And then he runs ye over with his Eye and Finger, a matter of a hundred Volumes, grumbling all the while like a Cat, that claws in her play 'twixt Jest and Earnest. At last, down comes the Book, he shews the Law, bids ye leave your Papers, and he'll study the Question. But your

Cause is very good (says he) by what I see already; and if you'll come again in the Evening, or to Morrow Morning, I'll tell ye more. But pardon me, Sir, now I think on't, I am retain'd upon the business of the Fens, it cannot be till Monday next, and then I'm for ye. When ye are to part, and that you come to the Greasing of his Fist; (the best thing in the World both for the Wit and Memory,) Good Lord! Sir, (says he) what do you mean? I beseech you, Sir; Nay pray'e, Sir; and if he spies you drawing back, the Paw opens, seizes the Gold, and good Morrow Country-man. Say'st thou me so? (quoth the good Fellow in the Glass) stop me up close again as thou lovest me then, for the very Air of these Rascals will Poyson me, if ever I put my Head out of this Bottle, till the whole Race of them be extinct. In the mean time take this for be extinct. In the mean time take this for a Rule: He that would thrive by Law, must Fee his Enemy's Council as well as his own.

But now ye talk of great Cheats; what News of the Venetians? Is Venice still in the

World or no? In the World, do ye fay? Yes, marry is't (faid I) and stands just where it did. Why then (quoth he) I prethee give it to the Devil from me as a Token of my Love; for 'tis a Present equal to the severest Revenge. Nothing can ever destroy that Republick but Conscience; and then vou'll

you'll say 'tis like to be Long-liv'd; for if every Man had his own, it would not be left worth a Groat. To speak freely, 'tis an odd kind of Common-wealth: 'Tis the very Arse-Gut, the Drain and Sink of Monarchies, both in War and Peace. It helps the Turk to Vex the Christians, and the Christians to Gall the Turk, and maintains it self to torment both. The Inhabitants are neither Moors, nor Christians, as appears by a Venetian Captain, in a Combat against a Christian Enemy: Stand to't, my Masters (says he) Te were Venetians before ye were Christians.

Enough, enough of this, cry'd the Ne-

cromancer, and tell me, how stand the People affected? What Malecontents and Mutineers? Mutiny (said I) is so universal a Difease, that every Kingdom is (in effect) but a great Hospital, or rather a Bedlam (for all Men are mad) to entertain the disaffected. There's no stirring for Me then (quoth the Necromancer) but pray'e commend me however to those busy Fools, and tell them, that carry what Face they will, there's Vanity and Ambition in the Pad. Kings and Princes, have in their Nature much of Quick-silver. They are in perpetual Agitation, and without any Repose. Press them too hard, (that is to fay beyond the Bounds of Duty and Reason) and they are lost. Ye may observe, that your Gilders, and great DeaDealers in Quick-filver, are generally troubled with the Palfy; and so should all Sub-

bled with the Palsy; and so should all Subjects Tremble, that have to do with Majesty; and better to do it at first, out of Respect, than afterward, upon Force and Necessity.

But before I fall to pieces again, as you saw me e'en now, (for better so than worse) I beseech ye, one word more, and it shall be my last: Who's King of Spain now? You know (said I) that Philip the Third is dead: Right (quoth he) a Prince of incomparable Piety and Virtue, or my Stars deceive me. After him, (said I) came Philip the IV. If it be so (quoth he) break, break my the IV. If it be so (quoth he) break, break my Bottle immediately, and help me out; for I am resolv'd to try my Fortune in the World once again, under the Reign of that Glo-rious Prince. And with that word, he dash'd the Glass to pieces against a Rock, crept out of his Case, and away he ran. I had a good mind to have kept him Company; but as I was just about to start, Let him go, let him go, cry'd one of the Dead; (and laid hold of my Arm,) he has Devilish Heels, and you'll never overtake him.

So I staid, and what should I see next but a wondrous Old Man, whose Name might have been Bucephalus by his Head, and the Hair on his Face might very well have stuffed a couple of Cushions: Take him together, and you'll find his Picture in the Map,

among

among the Savages. I need not tell ye that I stared upon him sufficiently; and he taking notice of it; came to me, and told me; Friend (says he) my Spirit tells me, that you are now in pain to know who I am; understand that my Name is Nostradamus. Are you the Author then (quoth I) of that Gallimaustry of Prophesies, that's Publish'd in your Name? Gallimaustry say'st thou? Impudent and Barbarous Rascal that thou art, to despise Mysteries that are above thy reach, and to revile the Secretary of the Stars, and the Interpreters of the Destinies; Who is so brutal as to doubt the meaning of these Lines?

From Second Causes, this I gather, Nought shall befal us, Good or Ill, Either upon the Land or Water, But what the great Disposer will.

Reprobate and befotted Villains that ye are! What greater bleffing could betide the World, than the Accomplishment of this Prophecy? Would it not establish Justice and Holiness, and suppress all the Vile Suggestions and Motions of the Devil? Men would not then any longer set their Hearts upon Avarice, Cozening, and Extortion, and make Money their God; that Vagabond Money, that's perpetually trotting up and

and down like a wandring Whore, and takes up most commonly with the unworthy, leaving the Philosophers and Prophets, which are the very Oracles of the Heavens, (such as Nostradamus) to go bare-foot. But let's go on with our Prophecies, and see if they be so frivolous and dark, as the World reports them.

When the marry'd shall marry, Then the Jealous will be forry; And though Fools will be talking, To keep their Tongues walking ; No Man runs well I find, But with's Elbows behind.

This gave me such a fit of Laughing, that it made me cast my Nose up into the Air, like a Stone-Horse that hath got a Mare in the Wind: Which put the Aftrologer out of all patience. Buffoon, and Dogwhelp, as ye are (quoth he) there's a Bone for you to pick; you must be snarling and Inapping at every thing. Will your Teeth ferve you now to fetch out the Marrow of this Prophefy? Hear then in the Devil's Name, and be mannerly. Hear, and Learn, I fay, and let's have no more of that Grinning, unless ye have a mind to leave your Beard behind ye. Do ye imagine that all that are married, marry? No, not the one

half of them. When you are married, the Priest has done his part; but after that, to marry, is to do the Duty of a Husband. Alack, How many marry'd Men live as if they were single; and how many Batchelors on the other selections. on the other side, as if they were marry'd! after the Mode of the Times. And Wedlock to divers Couples, is no other than a more fociable state of Virginity. Here's one half of my Prophecy expounded already; now for the rest. Let me see you run a little for Experiment, and try if you carry your Elbows before or behind. You'll tell me perhaps, that this is ridiculous, because every body knows it. A pleasant shift: As if Truth were the worse for being plain. The things indeed that you deliver for Truths, are for the most part meer Fooleries and Mistakes; and it were a hard matter to put Truth in such a Dress as would please ye. What have ye to say now, either against my Prophecy or my Argument? Not a Syllable, I warrant ye, and yet somewhat there is to be said; for there's no Rule without an Exception. Does not the Physician carry his Elbow before him, when he puts back his Hand to take his Patient's Market his Patient his Pat tient's Money? And away he's gone in a trice, so soon as he has made his Purchase. But to proceed, here's another of my Prophecies for ye.

Many Women shall be Mothers, And their Babbies, Their Nown Daddies.

What say ye to this now? Are there not many Husbands do ye think (if the truth were known) that Father more Children than their own? Believe me (Friend) a Man had need have good security upon a Woman's Belly; for Children are commonly made in the Dark, and 'tis no easy matter to know the Workman, especially having nothing but the Woman's bare word for't. This is meant of the Court of Assistance; and whoever interprets my Prophesies, to the prejudice of any Person of Honour, abuses me. You little think what a World of our Gay Folks in their Coaches and fix, with Lacquies at their Heels, by the Dozens, will be found at the last Day, to be only the Bastards of some Pages, Gentlemen-Ushers, or Valets de Chambre of the Family; nay, perchance the Physician may have had his Hand in the wrong Box, and in case of a necessity, good use has been made of a lusty Coachman. Little do you think (I fay) how many Noble Families upon that grand Difcovery, will be found extinct for want of Islue.

I am now convinc'd (faid I to the Mathematician) of the Excellency of your Predictions; dictions; and I perceive (fince you have been pleas'd to be your own Interpreter) that they have more weight in them than we were aware of. Ye shall have one more (quoth he) and I have done.

This Year, if I've any skill i'th' Weather, Shall many a one take Wing with a Feather.

I dare say that your Wit will serve ye now to imagine, that I'm talking of Rooks and Jack-daws; but I say, no; I speak of Lawyers, Atturneys, Clerks, Scriveners, and Their Fellows, that with the dash of a Pen can defeat their Clients of their Estates, and fly away with Them when they have done.

Upon these words, Nostradamus vanisht, and fome body plucking me behind, I turn'd my Face upon the most meager, melancholick Wretch that ever was seen, and cover'd all in White. For pity's sake, (says he) and as you are a good Christian, do but deliver me from the Persecution of these Impertinents and Bablers that are now tormenting me, and I'll be your Slave for ever, (casting himself at my Feet in the same Moment, and crying like a Child.) And what art thou (quoth I) for a miferable Creature? I am (fays he) an antient and an honest Man, although defam'd with a thoufand Reproaches and Slanders: And in fine, some call me Another, and others Somebody ; body; and doubtless ye cannot but have heard of me, as Some-body fays, crys one, that has nothing to fay for himself; and yet till this instant, I never so much as open'd my Mouth. The Latins call me Quidam, and make good use of me to fill up Lines and stop Gaps. When ye go back again into the World, I pray'e do me the favour to own that you have seen me, and to justifie me for one that never did, and never will either Speak or Write any thing, whatever fome Tatling Idiots may pretend. When they bring me into Quarrels and Brawls, I am call'd forsooth, A certain Person: In their Intriegues, I know not who: And in the Pulpit, A certain Author: And all this, to make a Mystery of my Name, and lay all their Fooleries my Door. Wherefore I befeech ye help me; which I promis'd to do. And fo this Vision withdrew to make place for another.

And that was the most frightful piece of Antiquity that ever Eye beheld in the shape of an Old Woman. She came nodding towards me, and in a hollow ratling Tone, (for she spoke more with her Chops than her Tongue,) Pray'e, (says she) Is there not some body come lately hither from the other World? This Apparition, thought I, is undoubtedly one of the Devil's Scare-Crows. Her Eyes were so sunk in their Sockets, that they

they lookt like a pair of Dice in the bottom of a couple of Red-boxes. Her Cheeks and the Soles of her Feet, were of the same Complexion. Her Month was pale and open too, the better to receive the Distillations of her Nose. Her Chin was cover'd with a kind of Goose-down, as Toothless as a Lam-prey; and the Flaps of her Cheeks were like an Ape's Bags: her Head dane'd, and her Voice at every word kept time to't. Her Body was Veil'd, or rather wrapt up in a shroud of Crape. She had a Crutch in one Hand, which ferv'd her for a Supporter; and a Rosary in t'other, of such a length, that as she was stooping over it, a Man would have thought she had been Fishing for Deaths Heads. When I had done gaping upon this Epitome of past Ages; Hola! Grannum, (quoth I, good lustily in her Ear, taking for granted that she was deaf) what's your pleasure with me? With that she gave a Grunt, and being much in wrath to be called Grannum, clapt a pair of Spectacles upon her Nose, and pinking through them, I am, quoth she, neither Deaf nor Grannum, but may be called by my Name as well as my Neighbours; (giving to understand, that Women will take it ill to be called Old, even in their very Graves.) As she spake, she came still nearer me, with her Eyes dropping, and the smell about her persectly of a dead Body. I begg'd her pardon for what was past, and for the future her Name, that I might be sure to keep my self within the bounds of Respect. I am call'd (says she) Douegna, or Madam the Gouvernante. How's that, quoth I, in a great Amazement? Have ye any of those Cattel in this Country? Let the Inhabitants pray heartily for Peace then; and all little enough to keep them quiet. But to see my mistake now, I thought the Women had died when they came to be Gouvernantes, and that for the punishment of a wicked World the Gouvernantes had been immortal. But I am now better inform'd, and very glad truly to meet with a Person I have heard so much talk of. For with us, who but Madam the Gonvernante at every turn? Do you see that Mumping Hag, cries one? Come here, ye Damn'd Fade, cries another. That Old Band, says a third, has forgotten, I warrant ye, that ever she was a Whore: And now see if we do not remember ye. You do fo, and I'm in your debt for your remembrance, the Great Devil be your Pay-Master, ye Son of a Whore, you: Are there no more Gouvernantes than my self? Sure there are, and ye may have your choice without affronting me. Well, well, (faid I) have a little patience, and at my return I'll try if I can put things in better order. But in the mean time,

time, what business have you here? Her Reverence upon this was a little qualified, and told me, that she had now been Eight hundred Years in Hell, upon a design to erect an Order of the Gouvernantes; but the right Worshipful the Devil-Commissioners, are not as yet come to any Resolution upon the Point. For, say they, if your Gouvernantes should come once to settle here, there would need no other Tormentors, and we should be but so many facks out of Office. And be-fides, we should be perpetually at Daggers-drawing about the Brands and Candle-Ends, which they would still be filching, and laying out of the way; and for us to have our Fuel to feek, would be very inconvenient. I have been in Purgatory too (she said) upon the same Project; but there so soon as ever they fet Eye on me, all the Souls cry'd out unanimously, Libra nos, &c. As for Heaven, that's no place for Quarrels, Slanders, Disquiets, Heart-burnings, and consequently none for Me. The Dead are none of my Friends neither, for they grumble, and bid me let them alone as they do me, and be gone into the World again if I please, and there (they tell me) I may play the Gou-vernante in facula faculorum. But truly I had rather be here at my ease than spend my Life crumpling, and brooding over a Carpet at a Bed-side, like a thing of Clouts,

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to fecure the Poultry of the Family from ftrange Cocks, which would now and then have a brush with a Virgin Pullet, but for the care of the Gouvernantes. And yet 'tis she, good Woman, bears all the blame in case of any Miscarriage: The Gouvernante was presently of the Plot, she had a feeling in the Cause, a Finger in the Pye: And 'tis she, in fine, that must answer for all. Let but a Sock, an old Handkercher, the greafie Lining of a Masque, or any such frippery piece of buliness be missing; ask the Gouvernante for this or for that. And in short, they take us certainly for fo many Storks and Ducks, to gather up all the filth about the House. The Servants look upon us as Spies and Tel-Tales: My Cousin forfooth, and t'others Aunt dares not come to the House for fear of the Gouvernante. And indeed I have made many of them Crofs themfelves that took me for a Ghost. Our Masters they curse us too, for embroiling the Family. So that I have rather chosen to take up here betwixt the Dead and the Liwing, than to return again to my Charge of a Donegna, the very found of the Name being more terrible than a Gibbet; as appears by one that was lately travelling from Madrid to Vailladolid, and asking where he might lodge that Night? Answer was made, at a small Village call'd Donegnas. But is there no other place (quoth he) within some reasonable distance, either short, or beyond it? They told him, No, unless it were at a Gallows. That shall be my Quarter then, (quoth he) for a Thousand Gibbets are not so bad to me as one Douegna. Now ye see how we are abus'd, (quoth the Gouvernante) I hope you'll do us some Right

when it lyes in your Power.

She would have talk't me to Death, if I had not given her the flip upon the removing of her Spectacles; but I could not 'scape fo neither, for looking about me for a Guide to carry me home again, I was arrested by one of the Dead; a good proper Fellow, only he had a pair of Rams-horns on his Head, and I was about to falute him for Aries in the Zodiae: but when I faw him plant himself just before me, with his best Leg forward, stretching out his Arms, clutching his Fists, and looking as sour as if he would have eaten me without Mustard; Doubtless; (said I) The Devil is Dead, and this is He. No, no, cry'd a By-stander, This is a Man: Why then (faid I) he's Drunk, I perceive, and Quarrelsom in his Ale, for here's no body has touch'd him. With that, as he was just ready to fall on, I stood to my Guard, and we were arm'd at all points alike, only he had the odds of the Head-piece. Now, Sir-E 4 rah,

rah, (says he) Have at ye, Slave that you are, to make a Trade of defaming Persons of Honour. By the Death that commands here, I'll ha' my Revenge, and Turn your Skin over your Ears. This insolent Language stirr'd my Choler, I confess, and so I call'd to him; Come, come on, Sirrab; A little nearer yet, and if ye have a mind to be twice kill'd, I'll do your business: Who the Devil brought this Cornuto hither to trouble me? The word was no sooner out, but we were immediately at it, Tooth and Nail, and if his horns had not been flatted to his Head, I might have had the worst on't. But the whole Ring presently came in to part us, and did me a fingular kindness in't, for my Adversary had a Fork, and I had none. As they were Staving and Tayling, you might have had more Manners (cry'd one) than to give such Language to your Betters, and to call Don Diego Moreno Cuckold. And is this that Diego Moreno then, faid I? Rascal that he is, to charge me with abusing Persons of Honour. A Scoundrel (said I) that 'tis a shame for Death to be feen in's company, and was never fit for any thing in his whole life, but to furnish Matter for a Farce. And that's my Grievance, Gentlemen, (quoth Don Diego) for which with your leave, he shall give me satisfaction. I do not stand upon the matter of being a Cuckold, for there's many a brave Fellow lives in Cuckolds-Row. But why does he not name others as well as me? As if the Horn grew upon no bodies Head but mine: I'm fure, there are Others that a thousand times better deserve it; I hope he cannot fay that ever I gor'd any of my Superiors, or that my being Cornuted has rais'd the Price of Post-horns, Lanthorns, or Pocket-Inkhorns. Are not Shoeing-horns and Knife-handles as cheap now as ever? Why must I walk the Stage then more than my Neighbours? Beyond question, there never liv'd a more peaceable Wretch upon the face of the Earth, all things consider'd, than my Self. Never was Man freer from Jealousie, or more careful to step aside at the time of Visit: for I was ever against the spoiling of sport, when I could make none my felf. I confess, I was not so charitable to the Poor as I might have been; the truth of't is, I watcht them as a Cat would do a Mouse, for I did not love them. But then in Requital, I could have out-fnorted the feven Sleepers, when any of the better fort came to have a Word in private with my Wife. The short on't is, We agreed bleffedly well together, she and I; for I did whatever she would have me; and she would for a thorse of the standard of fay a thousand and a thousand times, Long live my poor Diego, the best condition'd, the most

most complaisant Husband in the World; whatever I do is well done, and he never so much as opens his Mouth good or bad. But by her leave, that was little to my Credit, and the Jade when the faid it, was befide the Cushion. For many and many a time have I said, This is Well, and That's Ill. When there came any Poets to our House, Fidlers or Morice-Dancers, I would say, This is not well. But when the rich Merchants came, Oh very good, would I fay, this is as well as well can be. Sometime we had the hap to be visited by some Pennyless Courtier, or Low-Country Officer perchance; then should I take her aside, and rattle her to some Tune: Sweet-heart, would I say, Pray'e, What ha' we to do with these Frippery Fellows, and Damme Boys? Shake them off, I'd advise ye, and take this for a warning. But when any came that had to do with with the Mint, or the Exchequer, and spent freely, (for lightly come, lightly go) I marry, my Dear, (quoth I) there's nothing to be lost by keeping such company. And where's the hurt of all this now? Nay, on the contrary, my poor Wife enjoy'd her felf happily under the protection of my Shadow, and being a Feme-Coverte, not an Officer durst come near her. Why should this Buffoon of a Poetaster now make me still the ridiculous Entertainment of all his Interludes

Interludes and Farces, and the Fool in the Play? By your Favour (quoth I) we are not yet upon even Terms; and before we part, you shall know what 'tis to provoke a Poet. If thou wert but now alive, I'de Write thee to Death, as Archilochus did Lycambes. And I'm resolv'd to put the History of thy Life in a Satyr, as sharp as Vinegar, and give it the Name of the Life and Death of Don Diego Moreno. It shall go hard (quoth he) but I'll prevent that, and fo we fell to't again, Hand and Foot, till at length the very fancy of a Scuffle wak'd me, and I found my felf as weary as if it had been a real Combat. I began then to reflect upon the particulars of my Dream, and to consider what Advantage I might draw from it; for the Dead are past fooling, and Those are the foundest Counsels, which we receive from such as advise us without either Passion or Interest,

The End of the Second Vision,

#### THE

### THIRD VISION

OF THE

# Last JUDGMENT.

HOMER makes JUPITER the Author or Inspirer of Dreams; especially the Dreams of Princes and Governors: and if the matter of them be Pious and Important. And it is likewise the Judgment of the Learned Properties, That Good Dreams came from above, have their weight, and ought not to be slighted. And truly I am much of his Mind, in the case of a Dream I had the other Night. As I was reading a Discourse touching the End of the World, I fell alleep over the Book, and Dreamt of the Last Judgment. (A Thing which in the House of a Poet is scarce admitted, so much as in a Dream.) This fancy minded me of a Passage in Claudian; That all Creatures dream at Night of what they have heard and seen in the Day: As the Hound Dreams of Hunting the Hare.

Methought I faw a very handfome Youth towring in the Air, and founding of a Trum-

pet; but the forcing of his Breath, did indeed take off much of his Beauty. The very Marbles, I perceived, and the Dead obey'd his Call; for in the same moment the Earth began to open, and fet the Bones at liberty, to feek their Fellows. The first that appear'd, were Sword-Men; As Generals of Armies, Captains, Lieutenants, Common Soldiers; who supposing that it had sounded a Charge, came out of their Graves, with the same Briskness and Resolution, as if they had been going to an Affault, or a Combat. The Misers put their Heads out, all Pale and Trembling, for fear of a Plunder. The Cavaliers and Good Fellows believed they had been going to a Horse-Race, or a Huntingmatch. And in fine, though they all heard the Trumpet, there was not any Creature knew the meaning of it (for I could read their Thoughts by their Looks and Gestures.) After this there appear'd a great many Souls; whereof some came up to their Bodies, though with much Difficulty and Horror: Others stood wondring at a distance, not daring to come near so hideous and frightful a Spectacle. This wanted an Arm, That an Eye, T'other a Head. Upon the whole, though I could not but smile at the prospect of so strange a variety of Figures; yet was it not without just matter of Admiration at the All-powerful Providence, to see Order drawn

drawn out of Confusion, and every part reflor'd to the right Owner. I Dreamt my felf then in a Church-yard; and there, methought, divers that were loth to appear, were changing of Heads; and an Atturney would have Denurr'd, upon Pretence, that He had got a Soul was none of his Own, and that his Body and Soul were not fellows.

At length, when the whole Congregation came to understand, that This was the Day of Judgment, it was worth the while, to observe what shifting and shuffling there was among the Wicked. The Epicure and Whoremaster would not own their Eyes, nor the Slanderer his Tongue, because they'd be sure to appear in Evidence against them. The Pick-Pockets ran away as hard as they could drive from their own Fingers. There was one that had been Embalm'd in Egypt, and staying for his Tripes, an Old Userer ask'd him, if the Bags were to rise with the Bodies? I could have laugh'd at this Question, but I was presently taken up with a crowd of Cut-purses, running full speed from their own Ears (that were offer'd them again) for fear of the sad Stories they expected to hear. I saw all this from a convenient Standing; and in the Instant, there was an Outcry at my Feet, Withdraw, Withdraw. word was no sooner given, but down I came, and

and immediately a great many Handsome Ladies put forth their Heads, and call'd me Clown, for not paying them that Respect and Ceremony which belong'd to their Quality (now you must know that the Women stand upon their Pantoffles, even in Hell it felf.) They feem'd at first very Gay and Frolick; and truly, well enough pleas'd to be seen naked, for they were clean skin'd and well made. But when they came to understand that this was the Great Day of Account, their Consciences took Check, and all the Jollity was dash'd in a moment: Whereupon they took to a Valley, miserably Listless, and out of Humor: There was One among the rest, that had had Seven Husbands, and promis'd every one of them never to marry again, for the could never love any thing elfe the was fure: This Lady was casting about for Fetches, and Excuses, and what Answer she should make to that Point, Another that had been as common as Ratcliffe High-way, would neither Lead nor Drive, and stood Humming and Hawing a good while, pretending she had forgot her Night-Geer, and fuch Fooleries; but spite of her Heart, she was brought at last within fight of the Throne; where she found a World of her old Acquaintance that she had car-ry'd part of their way to Hell; who had no sooner set Eye on her, but they fell a Pointing.

Pointing and Hooting, so that she took up her Heels, and Herded her self in a Troop of Serjeants. After this, I saw a many People driving a *Physician* along the Bank of a River, and these were only such as he had unnecessarily dispatcht before their time. They follow'd him with Cries of *Justice*, *Justice*, and forc'd him on toward the *Judgment-Seat*, where they arriv'd in the end with much ado. While this pass'd, I heard, methought, upon my Left-hand, a Padling in the Water, as if one had been Swimming: And what should this be, but a Judge in the middle of a River, washing and rinsing his hands over and over. I ask'd him the meaning of it; and he told me, That in his Lifetime he had been often dawb'd in the Fift, to make the business slip the better, and he would willingly get out the Grease before he came to hold up his Hand at the Bar. There follow'd next a Multitude of Vintners and Taylors, under the Guard of a Legion of Devils, arm'd with Rods, Whips, Endgels, and other Instruments of Correction: And These Counterfeited themselves Deaf, and were very loath to leave their Graves, for fear of a worse Lodging. As they were passing on, up started a little Lawyer, and ask'd whither they were going? They made Answer, That they were going to give an account of their Works. With that the Lawyer threw him-

felf flat upon his Belly in his Hole again: If I am to go downward at last, (says he) I am thus much onward of my way. The Vintner sweat as he walk'd, till one drop fol-Vintner sweat as he walk'd, till one drop follow'd another; That's well done, cry'd a Devil at's Elbow, to purge out thy Water, that we may have none in our Wine. There was a Taylor wrapt up in Sarcenets, Crookfinger'd, and Baker-legg'd, spake not one word all the way he went, but Alas! how can any Man be a Thief that dies for want of Bread? But his Companions gave him a Rebuke for discrediting his Trade. The next that appeared were a Band of High-may Men, following upon the heels one of another, in great Distrust and Jealousy of Thieves among themselves. These were fetch'd up by a Party of Devils in the were fetch'd up by a Party of Devils in the turning of a hand, and lodg'd with the Taylors: For (said one of the Company) your High-way-Man is but a Wild Taylor. They were a little Quarrelfom at first, but in the conclusion, they went down into the Valley and Kennel'd quietly together. After these came Folly with her Gang of Poets, Fidlers, Lovers and Fencers; The People of all the World, that Dream the least of a day of Reckoning: These were disposed of among the Hangmen, Jews, Scribes and Philosophers. There were also a great many Solicitors, wondring among themselves, that they should should have so much Conscience when they were Dead, and none at all Living. In fine,

the Word was given, Silence.

The Throne being Erected, and the Great Day come: A Day of Comfort to the Good, and of Terror to the Wicked. The Sun and the Stars waited on the Foot-stool; the Wind was still; the Water quiet; the Earth in Suspense and Anguish for sear of her Children: And in brief, the whole Creation was in Anxiety and Disorder. The Righteons they were employ'd in Prayers and Thanksgivings; and the ungodly in framing of Shifts and Evasions, to Extenuate their Pains. The Guardian Angels were at hand on the one fide, to acquit themselves of their Duties and Commissions: And on the other fide, were the Devils hunting for more matters of Aggravation and Charge against Offenders. The Ten Commandments had the Guard of a Narrow Gate, which was so strair, that the most mortify'd Body could not pass it, without leaving a good part of his Skin behind him.

On one Hand there were in Multitudes; Difgraces, Misfortunes, Plagues, Griefs and Troubles; All in a Clamour against the Phyficians. The Plague confess'd indeed, that she had struck many; but 'twas the Dostor did their business. Melancholy and Difgrace said the like; and Misfortunes of all sorts made

open

open Protestation, that they never brought any Man to his Grave, without the Help and Advice of a Doctor. So that the Gentlemen of the Faculty were call'd to Account for those they had kill'd. They took their Places upon a Scassold, with Pen, Ink, and Paper about them; and still as the Dead were call'd, some or other of them answered to the Name, and declared the Year and Day, when such a Patient passed through his Hand.

They began the Inquiry at Adam, who, methought, was feverely handled about an Apple. Alas! (cry'd Judas that was by) if that were fuch a fault, what will become of me that fold and betray'd my Lord and Master? Next came the Patriarchs, and then the Apostles, who took their places by St. Peter. It was worth the noting, that at this Day there was no distinction between Kings and Beggars, before the Judgment Seat. Herod and Pilate, so soon as they put out their Heads, found it was like to go hard with them. My Judgment is just (quoth Pilate.) Alack! (cry'd Herod) What have I to trust to; Heaven is no place for me, and in Limbo I should fall among the Innocents I have Murther'd; so that without more ado, I must e'en take up my Lodging in Hell: The common Receptacle of Notorious Malefactors.

There

There came in immediately upon this, a kind of a fowre rough-hewn Fellow; Look ye (fays he) stretching out his Arm, here are my Letters. The Company wonder'd at his humour, and askt the Porter, What he was? Which he himself over-hearing, I am (quoth he) a Master of the Noble Science of Defence: And plucking out several seal'd Parchments; These, (said he) are the Attestations of my Exploits. At which word, all his Testimonials fell out of his Hand, and a Couple of Devils would fain have whipt them up, to have brought them in Evidence against him at his Tryal; but the Fencer was too nimble for them, and took them up himself. At which time, an Angel offer'd him his hand to help him in; but he, for fear of an Attack, leapt a step backward, and with great Agility, alonging withal. Now, (fays he) if ye think fit, I'll give ye a Taste of my Skill. The Company fell a Laughing, and this Sentence was past upon him; That since by his Rules of Art, he had occasioned so many Duels and Murthers; He should himself go to the Devil by a Perpendicular Line. He pleaded for himself, that he was no Mathematician, and knew no fuch Line; but while the word was in his Mouth a Devil came up to him, gave him a turn and a half, and down he tumbled.

After him, came the Treasurers, and such a Cry following them, for Cheating and Stealing, that some said the Thieves were coming; others said no; and the Company was divided upon't. They were much troubled at the word, Thieves, and desir'd the benefit of Council to plead their Cause. And very good reason (said one of the Devils) Here's a discarded Apostle that has Executed both Offices, let them take him; Where's Judas? When the Treasurers heard that, they turn'd aside, and by chance, fpy'd in a Devil's Hand, a huge Roll of Accusations ready drawn into a formal Charge against them. With that, one of the boldest among them: Away, away, (cry'd he) with these Informations; We'll rather come to a Fine and Compound, though it were for Ten or Twenty Thousand Years in Purgatory. Ha! Ha! (quoth the Devil, a cunning Snap that drew up the Charge,) if ye are upon those Terms, ye are hard put to't. Whereupon the Treasurers, being brought Whereupon the *Treasurers*, being brought to a forc't put, were e'en glad to make the best of a bad Game, and follow the Fencer.

These were no sooner gone, but in came an unlucky Pastry-man; they ask'd him, is he would be try'd. That e'en as't hits; (said he.) At that word, the Devil that manag'd the Cause against him, prest his Charge and laid it home to him, that he had put off

F 3 Cats

Cats for Hares; and fill'd his Pyes with Bones, instead of Flesh; and not only so, but that he had fold Horseslesh, Dogs and Foxes, for Beef and Mutton. Upon the Issue, it was prov'd against him, that Noah never had so many Animals in his Ark, as this poor Fellow had put in his Pyes, (for we read of no Rats and Mice there) so that he e'en gave up his Cause, and went away to see it his Oven were hot. Next, came the Philosophers with their Syllogisms, and it was no ill Entertainment, to hear them Chop Logick, and put all their Expostulations, in Mood and Figure. But the pleasantest People in the World were the Poets, who infifted upon it, that they were to be try'd by Jupiter: And to the Charge of Worshipping false Gods, their answer was, that through them they worshipt the True One, and were rather mistaken in the Name than in the Worship. Virgil had much to fay for himself, for his Sicelides Musa; but Orpheus interrupted him; who being the Father of the Poets, desir'd to be heard for them all. What He? (cry'd one of the Devils) Yes; for teaching that Boys were better Bedfellows than Wenches; but the Women had Comb'd his Coxcomb for him, if they could have catcht him. Away with him to Hell once again, then they cry'd, and let him get out now if he can. So they all fi'd off, and Orpheus was their

Guide, because he had been there once before. So foon as the Poets were gone, there knockt at the Gate a Rich Penurious Chuff; but 'twas told him, that the Ten Commandments kept it, and that he had not kept them. It is impossible, (quoth he) under favour, to prove that ever I broke any One of them. And so he went to justifie himfelf from point to point: He had done this and that; and he had never done that nor t'other; but in the end, he was deliver'd over to be rewarded according to his Works. And then came on a Company of Honsebreakers, and Robbers: So dextrous, some of them, that they fav'd themselves from the very Ladder. The Scriveners, and Atturneys, observing that; Ah! thought they, if we could but pass for Thieves now! And yet they let a Face good enough upon the business too: which made Judas and Mahomet hope well of themselves; for (said they) if any of these Fellows come off, there's no fear of us: Whereupon they advanc'd boldly, with a resolution to take their Tryal; which fet the Devils all a Laughing. The Guardian Angels of the Scriveners, and Atturneys, mov'd that the Evangelists might be of their Council, which the Devils oppos'd; for, (said they) we shall insist only upon the matter of Fact, and leave them without any possibility of Reply, or Excuse. We might

might indeed content our selves with the bare proof of what they are; for 'tis Crime enough that they are Scriveners and Atturneys. With that, the Scriveners deny'd their Trade, alledging that they were Secretaries, and the Atturneys call'd themselves Solicitors. All was faid in effect, that the Case would bear; but the best part of their Plea was Church-member-ship. And in fine, after several Replications and Rejoynders, they were all fent to Old Nick; fave only two or three that found Mercy. Well (cry'd one of the Scriveners,) This 'tis to keep lemd Company! The Devils called out then, to clear the Bar, and faid they should have occasion for the Scriveners themselves, to enter Protestations in the Quality of Publick Notaries, against lawless and disorderly People: But the poor Wretches it seems, could not hear on that Ear. To say the Truth, the Christians were much more troublesome than the Pagans, which the Devils took exceeding Ill; but they had this to say for themselves, that they were Christned when they were Children, so that 'twas none of their Fault, and their Parents must answer for't. Judas and Mahomet took such Courage, when they saw two or three of the Scriveners and Atturneys fav'd, that they were just upon the point of Challenging their Clergy; but they were prevented by the Doctor I told

I told you of, who was fet first to the Bar, in Company with an Apothecary, and a Barber, when a certain Devil, with a great Bundle of Evidences in his Hand, inform'd the Court, that the greatest part of the Dead there present, were sent thither by the Doctor then at the Bar, in Confederacy with his Apothecary, and Barber, to whom they were to acknowledge their Obligation for that fair Assembly. An Angel then interposing for the Defendant, recommended the Apothecary for a Charitable Person, and one that Physick'd the Poor for nothing: No matter for that, (cry'd the Devil) for I have him in my Books, and am able to prove, that he has killed more People with two little Boxes, than the King of Spain has done with Two thousand Barrels of Powder, in the Low Country Wars. All his Medicines are corrupted, and his Compositions hold a perfect intelligence with the Plague: He has utterly un-peopled a couple of his Neighbour Villages, in a matter of three Weeks time. The Doctor he let fly upon the 'Pothecary too, and said he would maintain against the whole College, that his Prescriptions were according to the Dispensatory: And if an Apothecary would play the Knave, or the Fool, and put in This for That, he could not help it. So that without any more words, the 'Pothecary was put

to the Summer-salt, and the Doctor and Barber were brought off, at the Intercession of

St. Cosmus and St. Damian.

After these, came a Dapper Lawyer, with a Tongue steep'd in Oyl, and a great Master of his Words and Actions; a most exquisite Flatterer, and no Man better skill'd in the Art of moving the Passions than himself; or more ready at bolting a lucky President at a dead lift; or at making the best of a bad Cause; for he had all the shifts and starting-holes in the Law at his Finger's ends: But all this would not serve; for the Verdict went against him, and he was Order'd to pay Costs. In that Instant, there was a Discovery made of a Fellow that hid himself in a Corner, and look'd like a Spy; They ask'd him, what he was? He made answer, an Empirick; What (said a Devil) my Old Friend Pontaus: Alas! Alas! Thou hadst Ten thousand times better be in Covent-Garden now, or at Charing-Cross; for upon my word thou't have nothing to do here, unless, perhaps, for an Oynment for a Burn, or so; and so Pontaus went his way. The next that appear'd, were a Company of Vintners, who were accused for Adulterating, and Mingling Water with their Wines. Their Plea was, that in Compensation they had furnish'd the Hospitals with Communion-Wine that was Right, upon Free-cost; but this

Excuse signify'd as little, as that of the Taylors there present, who suggested, that they had Cloth'd so many Fryars Gratis; and so they were dispatch'd away together. After these, follow'd a number of Banquiers, that had turn'd Bankrupt, to cozen their Creditors; who sinding there several of their old Correspondents, that they had reduced to a Morsel of Bread, began to treat of Composition: But one of the Devils presently cry'd out, all the rest have had enough to do to answer for themselves; but these People are to reckon for other Men's scores, as well as their Own. And hereupon, they were forthwith sent away to Pluto with Letters of Exchange; but as it happen'd at that time, the Devil was out of Cash.

After this, enter'd a Spanish Cavalier, as Upright, as Fustice it self. He was a matter of a Quarter of an Hour in his Legs, and Reverences, to the Company. We could see no Head he had, for his Prodigious starch'd Ruff that stood staring up like a Turkey-Cock's-Tail, and cover'd it. In sine, it was so fantastick a Figure, that the Porter was gaping at it, a good while, and ask'd if it were a Man, or no? It is a Man, (quoth the Spaniard) upon the Honour of a Cavalier, and his Name is Don Pedro Rhodomontadoso, &c. He was so long a telling his Name and Titles, that one of the Devil's burst out a Laugh-

a Laughing in the middle of his Pedigree, and demanded, What he would be at? Glory, (quoth he) which they taking in the worse Sense, for Pride, sent him away immediately to Lucifer. He was a little severe upon his Guides, for disordering his Mustachoes, but they help'd him presently to a pair of

Beard-Irons, and all was well again.

In the next place, came a Fellow weeping and wailing; but my Masters, (says he) my Cause is never the worse for my Crying; for if I would stand upon my Merits, I could tell ye that I have kept as good Company, and had as much to do with the Saints as another Body. What have we here (cry'd one) Dioclesian or Nero? For they had enough to do with the Saints, though 'twere but to Persecute them. But upon the Upshot, what was this poor Creature, but a small Officer, that swept the Church, and dusted the Images and Pictures. His Charge was for stealing the Oyl out of the Lamps, and leaving all in the Dark; pretending that the Owls and Jack-daws had drunk it up. He had a Trick too of Clothing himself out of the Church-Habits, which he got new-dy'd; and of Crumming his Porrege with Confecrated Bread, that he stole every Sunday. What he said for himself, I know not; but he had his Mittimus, and took the Left-hand way at parting,

With

With that a Voice was heard, Make way there, clear the Passage: And this was for a Bery of handsom, buxom, Bona Roba's in their Caps and Feathers, that came Dancing, Laughing, and Singing of Ballads and Lampoons, and as merry as the Day was long. But they quickly chang'd their Note; for so foon as ever they faw the hideous Looks of the Devils, they fell into violent fits of the Mother; beating their Breasts, and tearing their Hair with all the horror and fury imaginable. There was an Angel offer'd in their favour, that they had been great Frequenters of Our Lady's Chapel: Yes, yes, (cry'd a Devil) less of her Chapel, and more of her Virtue, would have done well. There was a notable Whipster among the rest, that confess'd, the Devil had reason. And then her Tryal came on, for making a Cloak of a Sacrament; and only marrying, that she might play the Whore with Privilege, and never want a Father for her Bastards. was her fortune alone to be condemn'd; and going along, Well! she cry'd, If I had thought 'twould have come to this, I should ne'er have troubled my felf with fo many Masses.

And now, after long waiting, came Judas and Mahomet upon the Stage, and to them Jack of Leyden: Up comes an Officer, and ask'd which of the three was Judas? I am

he, quoth Jack of Leyden. Nay, but I am Judas, cry'd Mahomet. They're a couple of Lying Rascals, says Judas himself, for I am the Man, only the Rogues make use of my Name to save their Credit. 'Tis true, I fold my Master once, and the World has been ever since the better for't: But these Villains sell him and themselves too, every hour of the Day, and there follows nothing but Misery and Confusion. So they were all three packt away to their Disciples.

The Angel that kept the Book, found that the Serjeants and Remembrancers were to come on next; whereupon they were call'd, and appear'd: But the Court was not much troubled with them; for they confess'd Guilty at first word, and so were ty'd up with-

out any more ado.

The next that appear'd was an Astrologer, loaden with Almanacks, Globes, Astrolabes, &c. making Proclamation as loud as he could bawl, that there must needs be a gross mistake in the reckoning; for Saturn had not finish'd his Course, and the World could not be yet at an end. One of the Devils that saw how he came provided, and look'd upon him as his own already: A provident Slave, (quoth he) I warrant him, to bring his firing along with him. But this I must needs tell ye (says he to the Mathematician,) 'Tis a strange thing, ye should create so

many Heavens in your Life, and go to the Devil for want of One after your Death. Nay, for Going (cryed the Aftrologer) ye shall excuse me; but if you'll carry me, Well and good. And immediately Order was given to carry him away and pay the Porter.

Hereupon methought, the Court rose; the Throne vanish'd; the Shadows and Darkness withdrew; the Air sweetned; the Earth was covered with Flowers; the Heavens clear: And then I waked; not a little satisfy'd to find that after all this, I was still in my Bed, and among the Living. The Use I made of my Dream was this: I betook my self presently to my Prayers, with a firm Resolution of changing my Life, and putting my Soul into such a Frame of Piety and Obedience, that I might attend the coming of the Great Day with Peace and Comfort.

The End of the Third Vision.

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## FOURTH VISION

OF

# LOVING FOOLS.

BOUT four a Clock in a Cold Frosty Morning, when it was much better being in a Warm Bed, with a good Bedfellow, than upon a Biere in the Church-yard; as I lay advising with my Pillow, Tumbling and Tossing a Thousand Love-Toys in my Head, I pass'd from one fancy to another, till at last, I fell into a slumber; and there appear'd the Genius of Disabuse; Laying before me all the Follies, and Vanities of Love; and supporting her Opinions with great Authorities, and Reasons. I was carry'd then (methought I knew not how) into a fair Meadow: A Meadow, pleasant and agreeable infinitely beyond the very Fictions of your half-witted Poets, with all their far-fetch'd Gilding, and Enamellings; for a Paper of Verses is worth nothing with them, unless they force Nature for't, and Rifle both the Indies. This Delicious Field was water'd with two Riv'lets; the One Bitter, the Other Sweet &

Sweet; and yet they mingled their Streams with a pretty kind of Murmur, equal perhaps to the best Musick in the World. The use of these Waters was, (as I observed) to temper the Darts of Love; for while I was upon the Prospect of the Place, I saw several of Cupid's little Officers, and Subjects, dipping of Arrows there, for their Entertainment and Ease. Upon this, I fancy'd my self in one of the Gardens of Cyprus, and that I saw the very Higg, where the Bee and that I faw the very Hive, where the Bee liv'd, that stung my Young Master, and oc-casion'd that Excellent Ode which Anacreon has written upon the Subject. The next thing I cast my Eye upon, was a Palace, in the midst of the Meadow; a Rare Piece, as well for the Structure, as Design. The Porches were of the Doric Order, excellently wrought; And the Pedestals, Bases, Columns, Cornishes, Capitals, Architraves, Freezes, (and in short the whole Front of the Fabrick) was Beautified with Imaginary Trophies, and Triumphs of Love, in Half Relief, which as they were intermixt with other fantastick Works and Conceits, carry'd the face of several little Histories, and gave a great Ornament to the Building. Over the Porch, there was in Golden Letters, upon Black Marble, This Inscription.

This is call'd Fool's Paradife,
From the Loving Fools that dwell in't:
Where the Great Fools Rule the Less,
The Rest Obey, and all do well in't.

The Finishing, and Materials were pleafant to Admiration. The Portal Spacious; the Doors always open, and the House free to all Comers, which were very many; the Porter's place was supply'd by a Woman; Exquisitely handsom, both for Face and Person; Tall, Delicately shap'd, and set off with great Advantages of *Dress* and *Jewels*. She was made up in fine, of Charms, and her *Name* (as I understood) was *Beauty*. She would let a Man in to see the House for a Look; and that was all I paid for my Passage. In the first Court, I found a many of both Sexes, but so alter'd in Habit, and Countenance, that they could scarce know one another. They were fad, penfive; and their Complexions tainted with a yellow Paleness (which Ovid calls Cupid's Livery.) There was no talk of being True to Friends; Loyal to Superiors; and Dutiful to Parents: But Kindred did the Office of Procurers; and Procurers were call'd Confins. Wives lov'd their Husband's She-Friends, and Husbands did as much for Them, in loving their Gallants. While

While I was upon the Contemplation of these Encounters of Affection, there appear'd a strange Extravagant Figure, but in the likeness of a Humane Creature. It was neither perfectly Man, nor perfectly Woman, but had indeed a Resemblance of Both. This Person I perceiv'd was ever busy, up and down, going and coming; beset all over with Eyes and Ears, and had one of the Craftiest distrustful Looks (methought) that ever I saw. And withal, (as I observ'd) no small Authority in the Place, which made me enquire after this Creature's Name and Office. My Name (quoth she, for now it prov'd to be a Woman) is Jealousy, and methinks you and I should be better acquainted; for how came you here else? However for your fatisfaction, you are to understand that the greater part of the Distemper'd People you see here, are of my bringing and yet I am not their Physician, but their Inbitter their Misfortunes. If you would know any thing farther of the House, never ask me, for 'tis Forty to One I shall tell you a Lye; I have not told you half the Truth even of my self; and to deal plainly with you, I am made up of Inventions, Artistice, and Imposture: But the good Old Man that walks there is the Major Domo, and will tell G 2 you

you all, if you will but bear with his flow way of Discourse.

Thereupon I went to the Good Man, whom I knew presently to be Time: And desir'd him to let me look into the several Quarters and Lodgings of the House, for there were some Fools of my Acquaintance there I'd fain Visit; He told me that he was at present so busy about making of Candles, Cock-broths, and Gellies for his Patients, that he could not stir; but yet he directed me where I might find all those I enquired for, and gave me the freedom of the House to

walk at pleafure.

I pass'd out of the First Court, into the Maid's Quarter, which was the very strongest part of the whole Building; and so't had need; for divers of the Young Wenches were fo Extravagant and Furious, that no other place would have held them. (The Wives and Widows were in another Room apart.) Here ye shall have One sobbing and raging with Jealousy of a Rival. There Another Stark mad for a Husband, and inwardly bleeding because she durst not discover it. A Third was writing of Letters all Riddle and Mystery, Mending and Marring, till at last the Paper had more blots than whole words in it. Some were practifing in the Glass the Gracious Smile, the Rowl of the Eyes

Eye, the Velvet Lip, &c. Others again were in a Diet of Oatmeal, Clay, Chalk, Coal, Hard Wax, and the like. Some were conditioning with their Servants for a Ball or a Serenade, that the whole Town might ring of the Address. Yes, yes, they cry'd, You can go to the Park with This Lady, and to a Play with That Lady, and to Banstead with T'other Lady, and spend whole Nights at Beste or Ombre with my Lady Pen-Tweezel; but by my Troth, I think you are asham'd to be seen in My Company. Some I saw upon the very point of Sealing and Delivering. I am thine (cries one) and Thine alone, or let all the Devils in Hell, &c. But be sure you be constant. If I be not (says he) let my Soul, &c. and the filly Jade believes him. In one Corner ye shou'd have them praying for Husbands, that they might the better love at Random: In another, nothing would please them but to be Marry'd Men's Wives, and this Disease was look'd upon as a little Desperate. Some again stood ready furnish'd with Love-Letters and Tickets to be cast out at the Window, or thrust under the Door, and these were look'd upon not only as Fools but Beasts.

I had seen as much already as I desir'd; for I had learn'd of Old, that He that keeps such Company, seldom comes off without a scratch'd face: But if he misses a Mistress,

he gets a Wife, and stands condemn'd to a Repentance during Life, without Redemption, unless One of the Two dies. For Women in the Case are worse than Pyrats; a Gally Slave may compound for his Freedom, but there's no thought of Ransom in Case of Wedlock. I had a good mind to a little Chat with some of them, but (thought I) they'll fancy I'm in Love with them. And so I e'en marched off into the Marry'd

Quarter.

Where there was such Ranting, Damning, and Tearing, as if Hell had been broke loofe. And what was all This? but a number of Women that had been lock'd up and shackl'd by their Husbands, to keep them in Obedience, and had now broken their Prisons, and their Chains, and were grown ten times madder than before. Some I saw Caressing and Cokefing their Husbands, in the very moment they design'd to betray them. Others were picking their Husband's Pockets to pay now and then for a By-Blow. Some again were upon a Religious point, and all upon the Humour (fersooth) of Pilgrimages and Le-Etures; when alas! they had no other bufiness with the Altars or Churches, than a Sacrifice to Venus or a Love-meeting. Divers there were that went to the Bath; but Bathing was the least part of the Errand; Others to Confession, that mistook their Marof Jealous Husbands, were refolving to do the thing they fear'd; and pay them in their own Coin. Others were for making fure afore-hand by way of Advance; for that's the Revenge, they fay, that's as fweet as Muscadine and Eggs. One was Melancholy for a Delay; Another for a Defeat; a Third is preparing to make her Market at a Play. There was one among the rest, was never out of her Coach; and asking her the Reason, she told me, she lov'd to be Josted. In this Crowd of Women, you must know that there were no Wives of Ambassadors, Soldiers, or Merchants that were abroad upon Commission; for such were consider'd in effect as single Women, and not allow'd as Members of this Commonwealth.

The next Quarter was that of the Grave and Wife; the Right Reverend Widows; Women in appearance of Marvellous severity and reserve, and yet every one of them had her weak side, and ye might read her Folly and Distemper through her Disguise. One of them I saw crying with one Eye for the loss of one Husband, and laughing with tother upon him that was to come next. Another, with the Ephesian Matron, was solacing her self with her Gallant, before her Husband was thorough cold in the mouth; considering, that he that dy'd half an hour ago, is as dead as

William the Conqueror. There were several others passing to and again, quite out of their mourning, that look'd so demurely (I warrant ye) as if Butter would not have melted in their Mouths, and yet Apostate Widows (as I was told) and there they were kept as strictly, as if they had been in the Spanish Inquisition. Some were laying Wagers, whose mourning was most A-la-mode, and best made; or whose Peak or Veil became her Best: And setting themselves off with a Thousand tricks of Ornament and Dress. The Widows I observ'd that were marching off, with the mark out of their Mouths, were hugely concern'd to be thought Young, and still talking of Masques, Balls, Fiddles, Treats, Chanting and figging to every Tune they heard, and all upon the Hoyty-Toyty, like mad Wenches of Fifteen. The Younger, on the other side, made use of their time and took pleasure while 'twas to be had. There were two of the Religious strain; a people much at their Beads, and in private; and these were there in the Quality of Love-Hereticks, or Platonicks, and under the Penance of perpetual Abstinence from the Flesh they lov'd best (which is the most Mortifying Lent of all other.) Some that had skill in Perspective, were before the Glass with their Boxes of Patch and Paint about them; Shadowing, Drawing out, Refreshing, and in short

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Covering and Palliating all the Imperfections of Feature and Complexion, every one after her own Humour. Now these Women were absolutely insufferable; for they were most of them Old and Head-strong, having got the better of their Husbands, so that they would be taking upon them to domineer here, as they had done at home; and indeed, they found the Master of the College enough to do.

When I had tir'd my felf with this Variety of Folly and Madness, I went to the Devotes; where I found a great many Women and Girls that had Cloystered up them-felves from the Conversation of the World; and yet were not a jot soberer than their Fellows. These one would have thought might have been easily cur'd, but many of them were in for their Lives, in despite of either Counsel or Physick. The Room where they were was Barricado'd with strong Bars of Iron; and yet when the Toy took them, they'd make now and then a Sally: For when the Fit was upon them, they'd own no Su-perior but Love, come what would on't in the Event. The greater part of these good People, were writing of Tickets and Dispatches, which had still the sign of the Cross at the Top, and Satan at the Bottom, concluding with this, or some such Postscript; I commend this Paper to your Discretion. The Fools

Fools of this Province would be Twatling Night and Day; and if it happen'd that any one of them had talk'd her felf a weary, (which was very rare) she would presently take upon her very gravely to admonish the Rest, and read a Lecture of Silence to the Company. There were some that for want of better Entertainment fell in Love with one another; but these were look'd upon as a fort of Fops and Ninnys, and therefore the more favourably us'd; but they'd have been of another mind, if they had known

the Cause of their Distemper.

The Root of all these several Extravagancies was Idleness, which (according to Petrarch's Observation) never fails to make way for wantonness. There was one among the Rest, that had more Letters of Exchange upon the Credit of her insatiable desires, than a whole Regiment of Banquiers. Some of them were fick of their Old Visiter, and call'd for a Fresh-Man. Others, by Intervals, I perceiv'd had their wits about them, and contented themselves discreetly with the Physician of the House. In short it e'en pity'd my Heart to see so many poor People in so sad a Condition, and without any hope of Relief, as I gather'd from him that had them in care: For they were still Puddering and Royling their Bodies; and if they got a little Ease for the present, they'd be down again,

again, as foon as they had taken their Medicine.

From thence I went to the Single Women (fuch as made Profession never to marry) which were the least Outragious, and difcompos'd of all; for they had a thousand ways to Lay the Devil as well as to Raise him. Some of them liv'd like Common Highway-Men, by Robbing Peter to Pay Paul; and stripping honest Men to cloath Rascals, which is (under favour) but a lewd kind of Charity. Others there were, that were absolutely out of their seven senses, and as mad as March-Hares for This Wit, and Tother Poet, that never fail'd to pay them again in Rhimes and Madrigals, with Ruby Lips, Pearly Teeth: So that to read their Verses, a Man would fwear the whole Woman to be directly Petrify'd.

Of Saphir fair, or Christal clear, Is the Forehead of my Dear, &c.

I faw one in Consultation with a Cunning-Man to know her Fortune; Another dealing with a Conjurer for a Philtre or Drink, to make her Belov'd. A Third was daubing and patching up an Old ruin'd face, to make it fresh and young again: But she might as well have been washing of a Black-more to make him white. In fine, a world there were,

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that with their borrow'd Hair, Teeth, Eyes, Eye-brows, look'd like fine folks at a distance, but would have been left as Ridiculous, as Æsop's Crow, if every Bird had fetch'd away his own Feather. 'Deliver me (thought I, smiling and shaking my Head) if this be Woman.

And so I stept into the Men's Quarter, which was but next Door, and only a thick Wall between. Their great Misery was, that they were deaf to good advice, obstinately hating and despising both Physick, and Physician: For if they would have either quitted, or changed, they might have been Cured. But they chose rather to Dye; and though they saw their Error, would not mend it. Which minded me of the Old Rhime:

Where Love's in the Case, The Doctor's an Ass.

These Fools-male were all in the same Chamber; and one might perfectly read their Humour, and Distemper, in their Looks, and Gestures. Oh! how many a Gay Lad did I see there, in his Point Band, and Embroider'd Vest, that had not a whole Shirt to his Back! How many Huffs and High-boys that had nothing else in their Mouths, but the Lives and Fortunes they'd spend in their sweet Ladies

dies Service! that would yet have run Five Miles on your Errand, to have been treated but at a Three-penny Ordinary? How many a Poor Devil that wanted Bread, and was yet troubled with the Rebellion of the Flesh! Some there were, that spent much time in setting their Perruques, ordering the Mustache, and dressing up the very face of Lucifer himself for a Beauty: (The Woman's Privilege, and in truth an Encroachment, to their prejudice.) There were others, that made it their Glory to pass for Hectors; Sons of Priam; Brothers of the Blade; and talk'd of nothing but Attacques, Combats, Reverses, Stramazons, Stoccados: Not considering that a naked Weapon is present death to a timorous Woman. Some were taking the Round of their Lady's Lodgings, at Midnight, and went to Bed again as wise as they rose. Others fell in Love by Contagion, and meerly conversing with the Infected. Some again went Post from Church to Chapel, every Holyday, to hunt for a Mistress; and so turn'd a Day of Rest into a Day of Labour. Ye might see others, skipping continually from House to House, like the Knight upon a Chess-Board, without ever catching the (Queen or) Dame. Some, like crafty Beggars made their Case worse than 'twas: And others, though 'twere ne'er so bad, durst not so much as open their Mouths. Really it griev'd

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me for the poor Mutes, and I wish'd with all my Heart, their Mistresses had been Witches, that they might have known their Meaning by their Mumping; but they were lost to all Counsel, so that there was no advising them. There was another fort of Elevated and Conceited Lovers: And these, forfooth, were not to be fatisfied without the Seven Liberal Sciences, and the Four Cardinal Virtues, in the shape of a Woman; and their Case was desperate. The next I observed, were a Generation of modest Fools, that past under the Notion of People diffident of the Case. dent of themselves. They were generally Men of good Understanding, but for the most part Younger Brothers, of Low Fortunes, and such as for want of wherewithal to go to the price of higher Amours, were fain to take up with ordinary Stuff, that brought them nothing in the end, but Beggery and Repentance. The Husbands, I perceiv'd, were horribly furious, although in Manacles and Shackles. Some of them left their own Wives, and fell upon their Neighbours. Others, to keep the good Women in Ame and Obedience, would be taking upon them, and playing the Tyrants; but upon the Upshot they found their mistake; and that though they came on as fierce as Lyons, they went off as tame as Muttons. Some were making Friendships with their Wives She-Consins : And agreeing

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upon a Cross-Gossiping, whoever should have the first Child.

The Widowers that had bit of the Bridle, past from place to place, where they staid more or less, according to their Entertainment, and so were in effect, as good as mar-ry'd, for as long, or as little while as them-felves pleas'd. These liv'd single, and spent their time in Visiting, first one Friend, then another. Here they fell in Love, there they kindled a Jealousy, which they contracted themselves in one place, and cur'd it in ano-ther. But the Miracle was that they all ther. But the Miracle was, that they all knew, and confest themselves a Company of Mad Fools, and yet continued fo. Those that had skill in Musick, and could either Sing or Fiddle, made use of their Gifts, to put the silly Wenches that were but half Mop'd before, directly out of their Wits. They that were Poetical, were perpetually hammering upon the Subjects of Cruelty and Disappointment. One tells his good Fortune to another that requites him with the story of his Bad. They that had set their Hearts upon Girls, were Beating the Streets all Day, to find what Avenues to a Lady's Lodgings at Night. Some were Tampering and Careffing the Chamber-maid, as the ready way to the Mistress. Others chose rather to put it to the push, and attempt the Lady her self. Some were examining their Pockets, and

and taking a view of their Furniture; which consisted much in Love-Letters, delicately feal'd up with perfum'd Wax, upon Raw Silk; and a thousand pretty Devices within; all wrapt up in Riddle, and Cypher. Abundance of Hair Bracelets, Lockets, Pomanders, Knots of Ribband, and the like. There were others, that were call'd the Husband's Friends, who were ready upon all occasions to do this, and to do that Kindness for the Husband. Their Purse, Credit, Coach and Horses, were all at his service: And in the mean time, who but they to Gallant the Wife? To the Park, the Garden, a Treat, or a Comedy: Where forty to one, by the greatest good Luck in the World, they stumble upon an Aunt, an old House-keeper of the Family, or some such Reverend Goerbetween, that's a Well-willer to the Mathematicks; the takes the hint, performs the good Office, and the Work is done.

Now there were two forts of Fools for the Widows; the one was Belov'd, and the other not; the latter were content to be a kind of Voluntary Slaves, for the compassing their ends: But the other were the Happier; for they were ever at perfect Liberty to do their pleasure, unless some Friend or Child of the House perchance came in, in the mischievous Nick, and then in case of a little colour more than ordinary, or a tum-

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bled Handkercher, 'twas but changing the Scene, and struggling for a Paper of Verses, or some such business, to keep all in Countenance. Some made their Assaults both with Love and Money, and they seldom fail'd; tor they came doubly arm'd; and your Spanish Pistols are a sort of Battery hardly to be

resisted.

I came now to reflect upon what I had feen; and as I was walking (in that Meditation) toward another Lodging, I found my felf ('ere I was aware) in the first Court again; where I enter'd, and in it I observ'd new Wonders: I saw that the number of the Mad-Fools increas'd every moment; although time (I perceiv'd) did all that was possible to recover them. There was Jealoufy tormenting even those that were most confident of the Faith of what they lov'd. There was Memory Rubbing of old Sores. There was Understanding lock'd up in a Dark Cellar: And Reason with both her Eyes out. I made a little pause, the better to observe these Varieties and Disguises. And when I had look'd my felf a weary, I turn'd about and spy'd a Door; but so narrow, that it was hardly passable; and yet strait as it was, divers there were that Ingratitude and Infidelity had fet at Liberty; and made a shift to get through. Upon which opportunity of returning, I made what haste I H could

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could to be one of the first at the Door, and in that instant my Man drew the Curtain of my Bed, and told me the morning was far gone. Whereupon I mak'd, and recollecting my self, found all was but a Dream. The very fancy however of having spent so much time in the Company of Fools and Madmen, gave me some disorder, but with this comfort, that both sleeping and waking, I had experimented Passionate Love to be nothing else but a meer Frenzy and Folly.

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# FIFTH VISION

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# The World.

It is utterly impossible for any thing in this World to fix our Appetites, and Defires, but they are still slitting and restless like Pilgrims; delighted and nourish'd with Variety: Which show much we are mistaken in the Value and Quality of the things we Covet. And hence it is, that what we pursue with the greatest delight and passion imaginable, yields us nothing but Satiety and Repentance in the Possession: yet such is the power of these Appetites of ours, that when they call and command, we follow and obey; though we find in the end, that what we took for a Beauty upon the Chace, proves but a Carkass in the Quarry; and we are fick on't as foon as we have it. Now the World that knows our Palate and Inclination, never fails to feed the humour, and to flatter, and entertain us with all forts of Change and Novelty; as the most certain Method of gaining upon our Affections.

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One would have thought, that these Confiderations might have put fober thoughts and resolutions in my Head, but it was my Fate to be taken off in the very middle of my Morality and Speculations; and carry'd away from my felf by Vanity and Weakness, into the wide World, where I was for a while after, not much unfatisfy'd with my Condition. As I past from one place to another, feveral that faw me (I perceiv'd) did but make sport with me: For the farther I went, the more I was at a loss in that Labyrinth of Delusions. One while, I was in with the Sword-men, and Bravoes; up to the Ears in Challenges, and Quarrels; and never without an Arm in a Scarf, or a broken Head. Another Fit, I was never well, but either at the Fleece-Tavern, or Bear at Bridge-Foot, stuffing my Guts with Food, and Tipple, till the Hoops were ready to burst. Beside twenty other Entertainments that I found, every jot as extravagant as these, which to my great trouble and admiration, left me not so much as one moment of Repose.

As I was in one of my unquiet and pen-five Moods; fome body call'd after me, and pluckt me by the Cloak: Which prov'd to be A Person of a Venerable Age, his Cloaths miserably poor and tatter'd, and his Face just as if he had been trampled upon in the Streets, which did not yet hinder, but that he had and)

still the Air and Appearance of one that defero'd much Honour and Respect. Good Father, (said I to him) why should you envy me my Enjoyments? Pray'e let me alone, and do not trouble your self with me or my doings. You're past the pleasure of Life your self, and can't endure to see other People merry, that have the World before them. Consider of it; you are now upon the point of leaving the World, and I am but newly come into't. But 'tis the trick of all Old Men to be carping at the actions of their Juniors. Son (faid the Old Man, fmiling) I shall neither hinder, nor envy thy Delights, but in pure pity I would fain reclaim thee. Do'st thou know the price of a Day, an Hour, or a Minute? Did'st ever examine the value of Time? If thou had'st, thou would'st employ it better; and not cast away so many blessed opportunities upon Trisles; and so ea-sily and insensibly part with so inestimable a Treasure. What's become of thy past hours? Have they made thee a promise to come back again at a Call, when thou hast need of them? Or, can'st thou shew me which way they went? No, no; They are gone without recovery; and in their flight, methinks, Time seems to turn his Head, and laugh over his Shoulder in derision of those that made no better Use of him, when they had him. Do'st thou not know, that all the minutes of our Life.

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Life, are but as so many Links of a Chain, that has Death at the end on't? And every moment brings thee nearer thy expected End; which perchance, while the word is speaking, may be at thy very Door: And doubtless at thy rate of living, it will be upon thee before thou art aware. How stupid is he, that Dies while he lives, for fear of Dying! How wicked is he that lives, as if he should never Dye; and only fears Death when he comes to feel It! which is too late for comfort, either to Body or Soul: And he is certainly none of the Wisest that spends all his Days in Lewdness and Debauchery, without confidering, that of his whole Life,

any minute might have been his last.

My Good Father (said I) I am beholding to you for your excellent Discourses; for they have deliver'd me out of the power of a thousand frivolous and vain Affections, that had taken possession of me. But who are you, I pray'e? And what is your Business here? My Poverty and these Rags, quoth he, are enough to tell ye that I am an honest Man; a Friend to Truth, and one that will not be Mealy-mouth'd, when he may speak It to the purpose. Some call me the Plain-Dealer; others, the Undeceiver General. You see me all in Tatters, Wounds, Scars, Bruises. And what is all this, but the Requital the World gives me for my Good Counfel, and Kind Visits ?

Visits? And yet after all this endeavour to get shut of me; they call themselves my Friends: Though they curse me to the Pit of Hell, as soon as ever I come near them; and had rather be hang'd, than spend one Quarter of an Hour in my Company. If thou hast a mind to see the World I talk of, thou hast a mind to see the World I talk of, come along with me, and I'll carry thee into a place, where thou shalt have a sull Prospect of it; and without any inconvenience, see all that's in't; or in the People that dwell in't; and look it through and through. What's the Name of this place? quoth I. It is call'd, said he, The Hypocrites Walk; and it crosses the World from one Pole to t'other. It is large and populous; for I believe there's not any Man alive, but has either a House or a Chamber in't. Some Live either a House or a Chamber in't. Some Live in't for altogether; Others take it only in Passage: For there are Hypocrites of several forts; but all Mortals have, more or less, a Tang of the Leaven. That Fellow there in the Corner, came but t'other day from the Plow Tail, and would now fain be a Gentleman. But had not he better pay his Debts and walk alone, than break his Promises to keep a Laquay? There's another Rafial that would fain be a Lord; and would venture a Voyage to Venice for the Title, but that he's better at building Castles in the Air, than upon the Water. In the mean time he puts H 4 on

on a Nobleman's Face and Garb; he Swears and Drinks like a Lord, and keeps his Hounds and Whores, which 'tis feared in the end, will devour their Master. Mark now that piece of Gravity and Form; He walkfye see, as if he mov'd by Clock-work; his words are few and low; He makes all his Answers by a Shrug or a Nod. This is the Hypocrite of a Minister of State; who with all his Counterfeit of Wisdom, is one of the veriest Noddies in Nature.

Face about now, and mind those decrepit Sots there, that can scarce lift a Leg over a Threshold, and yet they must be dying their Hair, colouring their Beards, and playing the Young Fools again, with a thousand Hobby-Horse Tricks, and Antick Dresses. On the other side, ye have a Company of filly Boys taking upon them to govern the World under a Vizor of Wisdom and Experience. What Lord is that (faid I) in the Rich Cloaths there, and the fine Laces? That Lord (quoth he) is a Taylor, in his Holy-day-cloaths; and if he were now upon his Shop-board, his own Sciffers and Needles would hardly know him: And you must understand, that Hypocrify is so Epidemical a Disease, that it has laid hold of the Trade themselves, as well as the Masters. The Cobler must be faluted, Mr. Translator; the Groom names himself Gentleman of the Horse; the Fellow that carries

carries Guts to the Bears, writes, One of His Majesty's Officers. The Hangman calls himself a Minister of Justice; the Mountebank, an Able Man; A Common Whore passes for a Courtisan. The Bawd acts the Puritan; Gaming Ordinaries are call'd Academics and Bard. He Courtisans of Frances. mies; and Bawdy Houses, places of Enter-tainment. The Page stiles himself the Child of Honour; and the Foot-boy calls himself, my Lady's Page; and every Pick-Thank, names himfelf a Courtier. The Cuckold-maker passes for a fine Gentleman; and the Cuckold himfelf, for the best-natur'd Husband in the World: And a very As, commences Master-Doctor. Hocus Pocus Tricks, are call'd Slight of Hand; Lust, Friendship; Usury, Thrift; Cheating is but Gallantry; Lying wears the Name of Invention; Malice goes for Quichness of Apprehension: Corner discontinuous Corner di for Quickness of Apprehension; Cowardice, Meekness of Nature; and Rashness carries the Countenance of Valour. In fine, this is all but Hypocrify and Knavery in a Disguise; for nothing is call'd by the right Name. Now there are beside these, certain General Appellations taken up, which by long Usage, are almost grown into Prescription. Every little Whore takes upon her to be a great Lady; every Gown-man, to be a Counsellor; every Huff, to be a Soldat; every Gay thing to be a Cavalier; every Parish-Clerk to be a Doctor; and every Writing-Clerk in the Office, must be called Mr. Secretary.

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So that the whole World, take it where you will, is but a meer Juggle; and you will find that Wrath, Gluttony, Pride, Avarice, Luxury, Murther, and a thousand other heinous Sins, have all of them Hypocrify for their Source, and thither They'll return again. It would be well (faid I) if you could prove what you fay; but I can hardly fee, how so great a Diversity of Waters should proceed from one and the same Fountain. I do not wonder (quoth he) at your Distrust, for you are mistaken in very good Company, to fan are mistaken in very good Company, to fancy Contrariety in many things, which are in effect, so much alike. It is agreed upon, both by Philosophers and Divines, that all Sins are Evil; and you must allow, that the Will Embraces or Pursues no Evil, but under the Resemblance of Good: Nor does the Sin lie in the Representation, or Knowledge of what is Evil, but in the Consent to it. Which Consent it self is finful, although without any Subsequent Act: It's true, the Execution ferves afterward for an Aggravation, and ought to be consider'd under many Differences and Distinctions. But in fine, evident it is, that the Will entertains no Ill, but under the shape of some Good. What do ye think now of the Hypocrite, that cuts your Throat in his Arms, and Murthers you, under pretence of Kindness? What is the Hope of an Hypocrite? says Job. He neither has nor

can

can have any: For he is Wicked as he is an Hypocrite; and even his best Actions are worth nothing, because they are not what they seem to be. So that of all Sinners he has the most to answer for. Other Offenders sin only against God; but the Hypocrite sins with Him, as well as against Him, making use of his Holy Name as a Cloak and Countenance for his Wickedness. For which reason, our Blessed Saviour, after many Affirmative Precepts deliver'd to his Disciples, for their Instruction, gave only this Negative, Be not sad as the Hypocrites: Which lays them open in few words; And he might as well have said, Be not Hypocrites, and ye shall not be wicked.

We were now come to the Place the Old Man told me of, where I found all according to my expectation, and took the higher Ground, that I might have the better Profpect of what past. The first remarkable thing I saw was a long Funeral Train of Kindred, and Guests, following the Corps of a Deceased Lady, in Company with the Disconsolate Widower; who march'd with his Chin upon his Breast; a sad and a heavy Pace; Musseld up in a Mourning Hood, enough to have stifled him, with at least Ten yards of Cloath upon his Body, and no less in his Train. Alack, Alack! cry'd I, that ever I should live to see so dismal a Spectacle! Oh Blessed

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Woman! How did this Husband love Thee in thy Life-time, that follows thee with this infinite Faith and Affection, even to thy Grave! And happy the Husband doubtlets, in a Wife that deferved this Kindness! and in so many tender Friends and Relations, to take part with him in his Sorrows. Good Father, let me entreat you to observe this doleful Encounter. With that (shaking his Head and smiling) My Son, quoth he, Thou shalt by and by perceive, that all is nothing in the World but Vanity, Imposture, and Constraint; and I will shew thee the Difference between Things themselves, and their Appearances. To see this Abundance of Torches, with the Magnificence of the Ceremony and Attendance, One would think there should be some mighty matter in the business: But let me assure thee, that all this Pudder comes to no more, than much ado about Nothing. The Woman was Nothing (effectually) even while she liv'd: The Body now in the Coffin, is somewhat a Less No-thing: And the Funeral Honours, which are now paid her, come to just Nothing too. But the Dead it seems must have their Vanities, and their Holy-days, as well as the Living. Alas! What's a Carkass? but the most odious sort of Pytrefaction? A Corrupted Earth; fit neither for Fruit nor Tillage. And then for the sad Looks of the Mourners; They are only troubled at the *Invitation*; and would not care a pin, if the *Inviter*, and Body too were both at the Devil. And that you might see by their Behaviour, and Dif-courses; for when they should have been Praying for the Dead, they were Prating of her Pedigree, and her last Will and Testament. I'm not so near a-kin (says one) but I might bave been spar'd; and I had twenty other things to do. Another should have met Company at a Tavern; A third at a Play. A fourth mutters that he is not placed according to his Quality. Another cries out, A Pox o' your meetings where there is nothing stirring but Worms-meat. Let me tell ye farther, that the Widower Himself is not griev'd as you imagine for the Dead Wife; but for the Damn'd Expence in Blacks, and Scutcheons, Tapers, and Mourners; and that she was not fairly laid to Rest, without all this ado: For He persuades himself, that she might have found the way to her Grave without a Candle. And fince she was to Dye, 'tis his opinion, that she should have made quicker work on't:
For a Good Wife, is (like a Good Christian)
to put her Conscience in order betimes, and get her gone, without lingring in the Hands of Doctors, Apothecaries, and Surgeons, to murther her Husband too. Or (to fave Charges) she might have had the discretion to have dy'd of the Plague, which would have

have stav'd off Company. This is the Second Wife, he has already turn'd over, and (to give the Man his Due) He has had the Wit to secure himself of a Third, while This lay on her Death-bed. So that his Case is no more than Chopping of a Cold Wife for a Warm one, and He'll recover this Afflicti-

on I warrant ye.

The Good Man, methought, spoke wonders; and being throughly convinc'd of the danger of trusting to Appearances, I took up a Resolution, never to conclude upon any thing, though never so Plausible, without due Examination, and Enquiry. With that, the Funeral Vanish'd, leaving Us behind; and for a farewel, This Sentence. I am gone before; you are to follow; and in the mean time, to accompany others to their Graves, as you have done Me; and as I, when time was, have attended many others, with as little Care and Devotion as your selves.

We are taken off from this Meditation, by a Noise we heard in a House behind Us; where we had no sooner set Foot over the Threshold, but we were entertained with a Consort of Six Voices, that were Set and Tun'd to the Sighs and Groans of a Woman newly become a Widow. The Passion was acted to the Life; but the Dead little the better for't. They would be ever and anon Clapping and Wringing of their Hands;

Groan

Groaning, and Sighing as if their Hearts would break. The Hangings, Pitnres, and Furniture, were all taken down and remov'd; The Rooms hung with Black, and in one of them lay the poor Disconsolate, upon a Couch with her Condoling Friends about her. It was as Dark as Pitch, and so much the better, for the parts they had to play; for there was no discovering of the Horrid Faces, and Strains they made, to fetch up their Artificial Tears and Lamentations. Madam (fays one) Tears are but thrown away; and really the Grief to see your Ladyship in this Condition, has made me as lost a Woman to all thought of Comfort as your self. I beseech you, Madam, chear up; (cries another, with almost as many Sighs as Words) your Husband's e'en happy that he is out of this miserable World. He was a Good Man, and now he finds the sweet on't. Patience, Patience, Dear Madam, (cries a Third) 'tie the Will of Hersen and (cries a Third) 'tis the Will of Heaven, and there's no Contending. Do'st talk of Patience (fays she) and no Contending? Wretched Creature that I am! to outlive that Dear Man! Oh that Dear Husband of mine! Oh that I should ever live to see this Day! and then she fell to Blubbering, Sobbing, and Raving a thousand times worse than before. Alas! Alas! who will trouble himself with a poor Widow! I have never a Friend left to look after me; what shall become of me! At

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At this pause came in the Chorns, with their Nose-Instruments; and there was such Blowing, Snobbing, Snivelling, and throwing Snot about, that there was no enduring the House; and all this you must know, serv'd them to a double purpose; that is to say, for Physick and for Complement: For it past for the Condoling Office, and purg'd their Heads of Ill humours all under One. I could not chuse but compassionate the poor Widow; a Creature for saken of all the World; and I told my Guide as much; and that a Charity (as I thought) would be well be-flow'd upon her. The Holy Writ calls them Mutes; according to the Import of the Hebrew, in regard that they have no body to speak for them. And if at any time they take heart to speak for Themselves, They had e'en as good hold their Tongues, for no bo-dy minds them. Is there any thing more frequently given in Charge throughout the whole Bible, than to Protect the Fatherless, and Defend the Cause of the Widow? As the highest and most necessary point of Christian Charity; in regard that they have neither Power nor Right to defend themselves. Does Power nor Right to defend themselves. Deconot Job in the depth of his Misery, and Disgraces, make Choice to clear himself toward the Widow, upon his Expostulations with the Almighty? [If I have caus'd the Eyes of the Widow to fail] (or consum'd the Eyes of the Widow;

Widow; after the Hebrew) so that it seems to me, beside the general Duty of Charity, We are also bound by the Laws of Honour and Generosity to assist them: For the poor Souls are fain to Plead with their Eyes, and Beg with their Eyes, for want of either Hands or Tongues to help themselves. Indeed you must pardon me (my good Father, said I) if I cannot hold any longer from bearing a part in this Mournful Consort, upon this sad Occasion. And is this (quoth the Old Man) the Fruit of your boafted Divinity? To fink into Weakness and Tears, when you have the greatest Need of your Resolution and Prudence! Have but a little Patience and I'll unfold you this Mystery; though (let me tell ye) 'Tis one of the hardest things in Nature, to make any Man as wise as he should be, that conceits himself wise enough already. If this Accident of the Widow had not happen'd, we had had none of the fine things that have been started upon't: For 'tis Occasion that awakens both our Virtue and Philosophy; and 'tis not enough to know the Mine where the Treasure lies, unless a Man has the skill of Drawing it out, and making the best of what he has in his Possession. What are you the better, for all the Advantages of Wit and Learning, without the faculty of reducing what you know, into apt and proper Applications? Ob-

Observe me now, and I will shew you, that this Widow that looks as if she had nothing in her Month, but The Service of the Dead, and only Hallelujahs in her Soul; That This Mortify'd piece of Formality, has green Thoughts, under her black Veil; and brisk Imaginations about her in despite of her Calamity and Misfortune. The Chamber you see is dark; and their Faces are mussled up in their Funeral Dresses. And what of all this? When the whole course of their Mourning is but a Thorough-Cheat. Their Weeping signifies Nothing more, than Crying, at so much an hour; for their Tears are Hackney'd out, and when they have mept out their Stage, they take up, and are quiet. If you would relieve them, leave them to themselves; and asson as your back is turn'd, you shall have them Singing, and Dancing, and as merry as Greeks: For take away the Spectators, their Hypocrify is at an that this Widow that looks as if she had noaway the Spectators, their Hypocrify is at an End, and the Play is done: And now the Confidents Game begins. Come, come, Madam, 'faith we must be merry, (cries one) we are to live by the Living, and not by the Dead. For a Bonny Young Widow as you are, to lie whimpering away your Opportunities, and lose so many brave Matches! There's, you know who, I dare swear, has a Months Mind to you; By my Troth I would you were in Bed together, and I'd be hang'd, if you did not find

One Warm Bed-fellow worth Twenty Cold ones. Really, Madam, (cries a second) she gives you good Counsel; and if I were in your place, I'd follow it, and make use of my Time. 'Tis but One Lost, and Ten Found. Pray'e tell me, Madam, if I may be so bold, What's your Opinion of that Cavalier that was here Testerday? Certainly be has a great deal of Wit; and methinks, he's a very handsom, proper Gentleman. Well! If that Man has not a strange Passion for you, I'll never believe my Eyes again for his sake; and in good Faith, if all Parties were agreed, I would you were e'en well in his Arms the night before to morrow. Were it not a burning shame to let such a Beauty lie fallow? This sets the Widow a Pinking and Simpering like a Frumety-Kettle; at length she makes up the pretty little Mouth, and fays, 'tis somewhat of the soonest to talk of those Affairs; but let it be as Heaven pleases. However, Madam, I am much beholden to you for your Friendly Advice. You have here the very bottom of her Sorrow: She has taken a second Husband into her Heart, before her first was in his Grave. I should have told you that your right Widow Eats and Drinks more the first day of her Widowhood, than in any other of her whole life: For there appears not a Visitant, but presently out comes the Groaning Cake; a Cold Bak'd meat, or some Restorative Morsel or other

other to Comfort the Afflicted; and the Cordial Bottle must not be forgotten, neither, for Sorrow's Dry. So to't they fall, and at every Bit or Gulp, the Lady Relict, fetches ye up a heavy Sigh, pretends to chew false, and makes protestation that for her part she can taste nothing; she has quite lost her Digestion; and has such an Oppression in her Stomach, that she dares not Eat any more, for fear of over-charging Nature. And (in truth, says she) how can it be otherwise, fince (Unhappy Creature that I am!) He is gone that gave the Relish to all my Enjoyments? But there is no Recalling him from the Grave, and so no Remedy but Patience. By this time, you see, (quoth the Old Man) whether your Exclamations were Reasonable, or no.

The words were hardly out of his Mouth, when hearing an uproar among the Rabble in the Street, we look'd out to fee what was the matter. And there we saw a Catchpole, without either Hat or Band, out of Breath, and his Face all bloody, crying out help, help, in the King's Name; stop Thief, stop Thief: And all the while running as hard as he could drive, after a Thief that made away from him, as if the Devil had been at his After him, came an Atturney, all dirty; a World of Papers in his Hand; an Inkhorn at his Girdle; and c Crowd of Nasty People

People about him; and down he sat himself just before us, to write somewhat upon his Knee. Bless me (thought I) how a Cause prospers in the Hand of one of these Fellows; for he had fill'd his Paper in a Trice. These Catchpoles (said I) had need to be well paid, for the Hazards they run to secure us in our Lives and Fortunes; and indeed they deserve it. Look how the poor Wretch is Torn, Bruis'd, and Batter'd, and all this for the Good and Benesit of the Publick.

Soft and fair, quoth the Old Man; I think thou would'st never leave Talking, if I did not stop thy Mouth sometime. You must know, that He that made the Escape, and the Catchpole, are a Couple of Ancient Friends, and Pot-Companions. Now the Catchpole quarrels the Thief for not giving him a snip in the last Booty; and the Thief, after a great struggle, and a good lusty Rubber at Cuffs, has made a shift to save himself. You'll fay the Rogue had need of good heels to out-run this Gallows Beagle; for there's hardly any Beast will outstrip a Bayliss that runs upon the View of a Quarry. So that there's not the least thought of a publick Good in the Catchpole's Action; but meerly a prosecution of his own Prosit, and a spite to see himself Chous'd. Now if the Catchpole, I confess, without any private Interest, had made

made this Attempt upon the Thief, (being his Friend) to bring him to Justice; It had been well, and yet take this along with you: It is as natural to let slip a Serjeant at a Pickpocket, as a Grey-hound at a Hare. The Whip; The Pillory; The Axe, and the Halter, make up the best part of the Catchpole's Revenue. These People are of all forts the most odious to the World; and if Men in Revenge would resolve to be Virtuous, though but for a year or two, they might starve them all. It is in fine an Unlucky Employment, and Catchpoles as well as the Devils themselves, have the Wages of Tormentors.

I hope, faid I to my Guide, that the Atturneys thall have your good Word too. Yes, yes, ye need not doubt it (faid the Old Man) for your Atturney and your Catchpoles always bunt in Couples. The Atturney draws the Information, and has all his Forms ready, fo that 'tis no more then, but to fill up the Blanks, and away to the Jayl, with the Delinquent: If there be any thing to be gotren 'tis not a half-penny matter, whether the party be guilty or innocent: Give but an Atturney Pen, Ink, and Paper, and let Him alone for Witnesses. In case of an Examination, he has the Grace not to insist too much upon plain and naked Truth; but to fer down only what makes for his Purpose, and

and then when they come to figning, to read over in the Deponent's fense, (for his Memory is good) what he has written in his own: And by this Means, the Cause goes on as he pleases. To prevent this Villany, it were well, if the Examiners were as well sworn to Write the Truth, as the Witnesses are to Speak it. And yet there are some honest Men of all forts but among the Atturneys: The very Calling, does by the honest Catchpoles, Marshal's Men, and their Fellows, as the Sea by the Dead: It may Entertain them for a while, but while a body may say what's this?

it Spews them up again.

The good Man would have proceeded, if he had not been taken off by the Ratling of a Gilt Coach, and a Courtier in it that was blown up as big as Pride and Vanity could make him. He fate stiff, and upright, as if he had swallow'd a stake; and made it his Glory to shew himself in that posture: It would have hurt his Eyes to have exchang'd a Glance with any thing that was Vulgar, and therefore he was very sparing of his Looks. He had a deep Lac'd Ruff on, that was right Spanish; which he wore Erect, and stiff starch'd, that a Man would have thought he had carry'd his Head in a Paper Lanthorn. He was a great Studier of Set-Faces; and much affected with looking Politick and Big; but for his Arms and Body,

he had utterly loft, or forgotten the Use of Them: For he could neither Bow, nor move his Hat to any Man that faluted him; no, nor fo much as turn from one fide to the other, but fate as if he had been Box'd up, like a Bartholomew-Baby. After this Magnificent Statue, follow'd a swarm of Gandy Butterfly-Lacquies: And his Lordship's Company in the Coach, was a Buffoon, and a Parasite. Oh blessed Prince! (said I) to live at this Rate of Ease, and Splendor, and to have the World at Will! What a Glorious Train is that! Beyond all doubt, there never was a great Fortune better bestow'd. With that, the Old Man took me up, and told me, that the Judgment I had made up-on this Occasion, from one end to the other, was all Dotage, and Mistake; save only, when I said he had the World at Will: And in that (fays he) you have reason; for what is the World, but Labour, Vanity, and Folly; which is likewise the Composition, and Entertainment of this Cavalier.

As for the Train that follows him; let it be Examin'd, and My Life for Yours you shall find more Creditors in't, than Servants: These are Banquiers, Jewellers, Scriveners, Brokers, Mercers, Drapers, Taylors, Vintners; and these are properly the Stays, and Supporters of this Animated Machine. The Money,

Money, Meat, Drink, Robes, Liveries, Wages; All comes out of their Pockets; they have his Honour for their Security; and must content themselves with Promises, and fair Words, for full satisfaction, unless they had rather have a Footman with a Cudgel for their Pay-master. And after all, if this Gallant were taken to shrift, or that a Man could enter into the Secrets of his Conscience, I dare undertake, it would appear that He that digs in a Mine for his Bread, lives Ten thousand times more at Ease, than the other; with Beating of his Brains, Night and Day for new Shifts, Tricks, and Projects, to keep himself above Water.

Observe his Companions now: His Fool, and his Flatterer. They are too hard for him ye see; and Eat, Drink, and make Merry at his Expence. What greater Misery, or Shame in the World, than for a Man to make a Friendship with such Rascals, and to spend his Time, and Estate, in so Brutal, and Inspid a Society! It costs him more (beside his Credit) to maintain that Couple of Coxcombs, than would have bought him the Conversation of a Brace of Grave and Learned Philosophers. But will ye now see the bottom of this Scandalous and Dishonourable Kindness; My Lord (says the Buffoon) Tou were most infallibly wrapt in your Mother's Smock; for let me be--if you have not set all the

the Ladies about the Court Agog. The very Truth is (cries the Parasite) all the rest of the Nobility look like Corn-Cutters to ye; and indeed, where-ever you come, you have still the Eyes of the whole Company upon you. Go to, go to, Gentlemen, (says my Lord) you must not flatter your Friends. This is more your Courtesy than my Desert; and I have an Obligation to you for your Kindness. After this Manner, these Assessments have the sand curry one another, and that the Fools by turns

another, and play the Fools by turns.

The Old Man had his words yet between his Teeth, when there past just by us a Lady of Pleasure, of so Excellent a Shape and Garb, that it was impossible to see her, without a Passion for her, and no less impossible to look upon any thing else so long as she was to be seen. They that had seen her once, were to see her no more; for she turn'd her Face still to New-comers. Her Motion was graceful and free; one while she'd stare ye full in the Eyes, under colour of opening her Hood, to set it in better Order. By and by, she'd steal a Look at ye with one Eye, and a side Face, from the Corner of her Vizor; like a Witch that's afraid to be known when the comes from a Catterwall; And then out comes the Delicate Hand, and discovers the more Delicious Neck, and Breasts, to adjust the Handkercher or the Scarf; or to remove some other Grievance that made her Ladyship uneasy. Her Hair was most artificially dispos'd into Careless Rings; and the best Red and White in Nature was in her Cheeks; if that of her Lips and Teeth did not exceed it. In a word, all she look'd upon were her own; and this was the Vision for my Money, from all the Rest. As she was marching off, I could not chuse but take up a Resolution to follow her. But my Old Man laid a Block in the way, and fropt me at the very starting; which was an Affront to a Man that was both in Love, and in Haste, that might very well stir his Choler. My Officious Friend, (said I) He that does not love a Woman, sucht a Sow: And questionless, he must be either Blind or Barbarous, that's Proof against the Charms of fo Divine a Beauty. Nor would any but a Sot, let slip the blessed Opportunity of so fair an Encounter. A Handsom Woman! Why, What was she made for, but to be Lov'd? And he that has Her, has all that's Lovely or Desirable in Nature. For my own part, I would renounce the World for the Fellow of her, and never desire any thing either Beyond her, or Beside her. What Lightning does the carry in her Eyes! What Charms, and Chains in her Looks, and Motions, for the very Souls of her Beholders! Was ever any thing so clear as her Forehead? Or so black as her Eye-brows?

One would fwear, that her Complexion had taken a Tincture of Vermilion and Milk: And that Nature had brought her into the World with Pearl, and Rubies in her Mouth. To speak all in little, she's the Master-piece of the Creation, worthy of Infinite Praise, and Equal to our largest De-

fires, and Imaginations.

Here the Old Man cut me short, and bad Here the Old Man cut me short, and bad me make an end of my Discourse; for thou art, said He, a Man of much Wonder, and small Experience, and deliver'd over to the Spirit of Folly, and Blindness: Thou hast thy Eyes in thy Head, and yet not Brain enough to know either why they were given thee, or how to use them. Understand then that the Office of the Eye, is to see, but 'tis the Privilege of the Soul, to Distinguish and Chuse; whereas you either do the contrary, or else nothing, which is worse. He that trusts his Eyes, exposes his Mind to a Thousand Torments and Confusions: He shall Thousand Torments and Confusions: He shall take Clouds for Mountains; Strait for Crooked, one Colour for Another, by reason of an Undue distance, or an indispos'd Medium. We are not able sometimes to say which way a River runs, till we throw in a Twig, or Straw to find out the Current. And what will you fay now, if this Prodigious Beauty, your new Mistress, prove as gross a Cheat, and Imposture, as any of the rest? She went to Bed.

Bed last Night as Ugly as a Witch; and yet this Morning she comes forth in your Opinion, as Glorious as an Angel. The Truth of it is, she hires all by the Day; and if you did but see this Puppet taken to pieces, you would find her little else but Paint and Plaister. To begin her Anatomy at the Head. You must know that the Hair she wears, is borrow'd of a Tire-Woman, for her own was blown off by an Unlucky Wind from the Coast of Naples. Or if the has any left, the keeps it private, as a Memorial of her Antiquity. She is beholden to the Pencil, for her Eye-brows and Complexion. And upon the whole matter, she is but an Old Picture refresht. But the wonder is, to see a Picture, with Life, and Motion; unless perchance she has got the Necromancer's Receipt, that made himself young again in his Glass Bottle. For all that you fee of her that's Good, comes from Distil'd Waters, Essences, Powders, and the like; and to see the Washing of her Face would fright the Devil. She abounds in Pomanders, Sweet Waters, Spanish Pockets, Perfum'd Drawers; and all little enough to qualify the Poysonous Whiffs she sends from her Toes, and Arm-Pits, which would otherwife out-stink Ten thousand Pole-Cats. She cannot chuse but Kiss well, for her Lips are perpetually bath'd in Oyl and Greafe. he that Embraces her, shall find the better half

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half of her, the Taylors, and only a stuffing of Cotton, and Canvas, to Supply the Defects of her Body. When the goes to Bed, she puts off one half of her Person with her Shoes. What do you think of your ador'd Beauty now? Or have your Eyes betray'd ye? Well, well; confess your Error and mend it: And know that (without more Descant upon this Woman,) 'tis the Design and Glory of most of the Sex to lead filly Men Captive. Nay, take the best of them, and what with the Trouble of Getting them, and the Difficulty of Pleasing them, he that comes off best, will find himself a Loser at the foot of the Account. I could recommend you here to other Remedies of Love, inseparable from the very Sex, but what I have faid already, I hope will be fufficient.

The End of the Fifth Vision.

#### THE

# SIXTH VISION, Of Hell.

DEING one Autumn, at a Friend's House in the Country, (which was indeed a most delicious Retreat) I took a walk one Moon-light Night into the Park; where all my past Visions came fresh into my Head again, and I was well enough pleas'd with the Meditation. At length, the Humour took me to leave the Path, and go farther into the Wood: What impulse carry'd me to this, I know not. Whether I was mov'd by my good Angel, or fome higher Power; but so it was, that in half a quarter of an hour, I found my self a great way from Home, and in a Place where 'twas no longer Night; with the pleasantest Prospect round about me that ever I saw since I was born. The Air was Calm and Temperate; and it was no fmall Advantage to the Beauty of the Place, that it was both Innocent and Silent. On the one Hand, I was entertain'd with the Murmurs of Christal Rivolets; on the other, with the whispering of the Trees; the Birds Singing all the while

while either in Emulation, or Requital of the other Harmonies. And now, to shew the Instability of our Affections, and Desires, I was grown weary even of Tranquillity it self, and in this most agreeable Soli-

tude, began to long for Company.

When in the very instant (to my great wonder) I discover'd two Paths issuing from one, and the same beginning; but dividing themselves forwards, more and more, by Degrees, as if they liked not one another's Company. That on the Right-hand was Narrow almost beyond imagination; and being very little frequented, it was so over-grown with Thorns and Brambles; and so Stony withal, that a Man had all the Trouble in the World to get into't. One might fee however, the Prints and Marks of several Pasfengers, that had rub'd through, though with exceeding Difficulty; for they had left pieces of Heads, Arms, Legs, Feet, and many of them their whole Skins behind them. Some we faw yet upon the way, pressing forward, without ever so much as looking back; and these were all of them Pale-fac'd, Lean, Thin, and Miserably Mortified. tified. There was no passing for Horse-men; and I was told that St. Paul Himself, lest his Horse, when he went into't. And indeed, there was not the footing of any Beast to be Neither Horse, nor Mule; nor the Track

Track of any Coach or Chariot. Nor could I learn that any had past that way in the Memory of Man. While I was bethinking my self of what I had seen, I spy'd at length, a Begger, that was Resting himself a little to take Breath; and I ask'd him what Inns or Lodging they had upon that Road? His Answer was, That there was no stopping there, till they came to their Journey's End. For this (said he) is the way to Paradise; and what should they do with Inns or Taverns, where there are so few Passengers?
Do not you know that in the Course of Nature, to Dye, is to be Born; to Live, is to Travel; and the World is but a great Inn; after which it is but one Stage, either to Pain or Glory. And with these words he March'd forward, and bad me God b'w'ye; telling me withal, That it was time lost to linger in the way of Virtue, and not safe to entertain such Dialogues as tend rather to Curiofity, than Instruction. And so he purfued his Journey, stumbling, tearing his Flesh, and Sighing, and Groaning, at every step; and Weeping, as if he thought to soften the Stones with his Tears. This is no way for me, thought I to my felf, and no Company neither; for they are a fort of Beggerly, Morose People, and will never agree with my Humour. So I drew back, and fruck off into the Left-hand way.

And there I found Company Enough, and Room for more. What a World of Brave Cavaliers! Gilt Coaches, Rich Liveries, and Handsom, Lively Lasses, as Glorious as the Sun! Some were Singing, and Laughing; others Tickling one another, and Toying; some again, at their Cheese-Cakes and China-Oranges; or appointing a Set at Cards: So that taking all together, I durst have sworn. I had been at the Park. This minded me of the Old saying, Tell me thy Company, and I'll tell thee thy Manners: And to save the Credit of my Education, I put my self into the Noble Mode, and Jogg'd on. And there was I at the first Dash up to the Ears, in Balls, Plays, Masquerades, Collations, Dalliances, Amours, and as full of Joy as my Heart could hold.

It was not here, as upon tother Road, where Folks went Bare-foot and Naked, for want of Shoe-makers, and Taylors: For here were enow, and to spare; beside Mercers, Drapers, Jewellers, Bodies-makers, Perruque-makers, Milliners, and a French Ordinary at every other Door. You cannot imagine the Pleasure I took in my New Acquaintance; and yet there was now and then, some Justling and Disorder upon the way: Chiefly between the Physicians upon their Mules, and the Infantry of the Lawyers, that march'd in great Bodies before the Judges, and contested

tested for Place. But the Physicians carry'd it, in favour of their Charter, which gives them Privilege to Study, Practife, and Teach the Art of Poyloning, and to read Lectures of it in the Universities. While this point of Honour was in dispute, I perceiv'd divers crossing from one way to the other, and changing of Parties. Some of them stumbled, and Recover'd; others fell downright. But the pleasantest Gambol of all, was that of the Vintners. A whole Litter of them tumbled into a Pit together, one over another; but finding they were out of their Element, they got up again as fast as they could. Those that were in the Right-hand way, which was the way of Paradise or Virtue, advanc'd very heavily, and made us Extended the collections. cellent sport. Prethee look what a Friday-face that Fellow makes! cries one, Hang him, Prick-Ear'd Cur, says another; Dam' me, cries a Third, if the Rogue be not Drunk with Holywater; if the Devil had raked Hell, he could not have found such a Pack of Ill-look'd Rafcals, fays another. Some of them stopt their Ears, and went on without minding us. Others we put out of Countenance, and they came over to us. And a Third fort came out of pure Love to our Company.

After this, I observed a great many People afar off in a By-path, with as much Con-

trition and Devotion in their Looks and Gestures, as ever I saw in Men: They walk'd shaking their Heads, and lifting up their Hands to Heaven; and they had most of them large Ears, and to my Thinking Geneva Bibles. These, thought I, are a People of singular Integrity, and strictness of Life, above their Fellows; but coming nearer, we found them to be Hypocrites; and that though they'd none of our Company upon the Road, They would not fail to meet us at our Journey's End. Fasting, Repentance, Prayer, Mortification, and other Holy Duties, which are the Exercise of Good Christians, in Order to their Salvation, are but a kind of Probation to were follow'd by a Number of Devotes, and Holy Sisters, that kis'd the Skirts of heir Garments all the way they went; but rhether out of Zeal, Spiritual, or Natural, is hard to fay; and undoubtedly, some Women's Kiss are worse than Judas's. For though his Kiss was Treacherous in the Intention, it was Right yet in the Application: But this was one Judas Kissing another, which makes me think there was more of the Flesh, than of the Spirit in the Case. Some would be drawing a Thred now and then out of the Holy-Man's Garment, to make a Relique of: Others would cut out large Snips, as if they had a Mind to see them them Naked. Some again desir'd they would remember them in their Prayers; which was just as much as if they had commended themselves to the Devil by a Third Person. Some pray'd for good Matches for their Daughters; Others, begg'd Children for themselves: And Sure the Husband that allows his Wife to ask Children Abroad, will be so Civil as to take them Home, when they are given him. In fine, these Hypocrites may for a while perchance Impose upon the World, and Delude the Multitude; but no Mask, or Difguise is proof against the All-piercing Eye of the Almighty. There are, I must confels, many Religious, and Godly Men, for whose Persons and Prayers, I have a great Esteem. But these are not of the Hypocrite's Humour, to build their Hopes and Ambition upon Popular Applause, and with a Counterfeit Humility, to proclaim their Weak-ness, and Unworthiness; their Failings; yea, and their Transgressions in the Market-place; All which indeed is but a True Jest; for They are really what they fay, though they would not be thought fo.

These went apart, and were look'd upon to be neither Fish, nor Flesh, nor Good Red Herring. They wore the Name of Christians; but they had neither the Wit, nor the Honesty of Pagans. For They content them K 2 selves

felves with the Pleasures of this Life, because they know no better. But the Hypocrite, that's instructed both in Life Temporal, and Eternal, lives without either Comfort in the One, or Hope in the Other; and takes more pains to be Damn'd, than a Good Christian does to Compass his Salvation. In short, we went on our way in Discourse. The Rich follow'd their Wealth, and the Poor the Rich; begging there, what Providence had deny'd them. The Stubborn and Obstinate went a Way by Themselves; for they would hear no Body that was wifer than themselves, but ran hudling on, and preststill to be foremost. The Magistrates drew after them, all the Solicitors, and Atturneys. Corrupt Judges were carry'd away by Passion and Avarice: And Vain, and Ambitious Princes, trail'd along with them, Principalities, and Common-wealths. There were a world of Clergy upon this Road too. And I saw one full Regiment of Soldiers there, which would have been brave Fellows indeed, if they had but been half so good at Praying, and Fighting, as they were at Swearing. Their whole Discourse was of their Adventures. How Narrowly they came off at fuch an Affault; What Wounds they received upon t'other Breach; and then what a Destruction they made at such a time of Mutton and Poultry. But all they faid came in

at one Ear, and went out at tother. Don't you remember, Sirrah, says one, how we claw'd it away at such a place! Yes, ye Damn'd Rogue you, cries tother, when you were so Drunk you took your Aunt for the Bawd. These, and such as these, were the only

Exploits they could truly brag of.

While they were upon these Glorious Rhodomontades, certain generous Spirits from the Right-hand way, that knew what they were, by the Boxes of Pass-ports, Testimonials, and Recommendations they wore at their Girdles, cry'd out to them, as if it had been to an Attacque: Fall on, Fall on, my Lads, and follow me. This, this is the Path of Honour; and if you were not Poul-trons, you would not quit it for fear of a hard March, or an ill Lodging. Courage, Camerades, and be affur'd, that this Combat well fought, makes all your Fortunes, and Crowns you for ever. Here ye shall be sure both of Pay, and Reward, without casting the issue of all your Hazards and Hopes upon the Empty Promises of Princes. How long will ye pursue this Trade of Blood and Rapine? And accustom your Ears, and Tongues to the Tragical out-cries of Burn, No Quarter, Kill, or Dye. It is not Pay, or Pillage, but Virtue that's a Brave Man's Recompence. Trust to her, and she'll not deceive ye. If it be the War, ye Love, Come to us; Bear Arms on the Right-side, and K 4

we'll find you work. Do not you know that Man's Life is a Warfare? That the World, the Flesh, and the Devil, are Three vigilant Enemies? And that it is as much as his Soul is worth to put himself, but for one Minute, out of his Guard. Princes tell ye, that your Bloods, and your Lives are Theirs; and that to shed the One, and lose the Other, in their Service, is no Obligation, but a Duty. You are still however to look to the Cause. Wherefore turn Head, and come along with us, and be happy. The Soldiers heard all this with exceeding Patience, and Attention: But the Brand of Cowardice had such an effect upon them, that without any more ado, like Men of Honour, they presently quitted the Road; Drew, and as bold as Lyons, charg'd headlong into a Tavern.

After this, we saw a great Troop of Women upon the High-way to Hell, with their Bags, and their Fellows at their Heels, ever, and anon, Hunching, and Justling one another. On the other side, A number of Good People, that were almost at the End of their Journey, came over into the wrong Road; for the Right-hand Way, growing Easier, and Wider towards the End, and that on the Lest-hand, on the Contrary, Narrower, they thought they had been out of their Way, and so came in to Us; As many of Ours went over to Them, upon the same Mistake. Among

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the Rest, I saw a great Lady, without either Coach, Sedan, or any living Creature with her, foot it all the way to Hell; which was to me so great a wonder, considering how she had liv'd in the World, that I presently look'd about for a Publick Notary, to make an Entry of it. The Woman was in a most miserable Pickle; and I did not know what Design she might drive on, under that Dis-guise; but finding never a Notary, or Register at hand, though I mist my Particular Aim, yet I was well enough pleas'd with it; for I took it then for Granted, that I was in my ready way to Heaven. But when I came afterward to reflect upon the Crosses, Afflictions, and Mortifications, that lie in the way to Paradise: And to consider, that there was Nothing of That upon this Road: But on the contrary, Laughing, Singing, Frollicking, and all manner of Jollity: This I must confess, gave me a Qualm, and made me a little doubtful whither I was going.

But I was quickly deliver'd of that Doubt, by a Gang of Marry'd-Men, that we overtook with their Wives in their Hands, in Evidence of their Mortifications: My Wife's my Witness (cries one) that every Day since I Marry'd her has been a Fasting-day to me; to Pamper her with Cock-Broth, and Jellies. And my Wife knows how I have humbled my Body by Nakedness; for I have hardly allow'd

my felf a Rag to my Back-side, or a Shoe to my Foot, to maintain her in her Coach, Pages, Gowns, Petty-Coats, and Jewels: So that upon the matter, I perceive an Unlucky hit with a Wife, gives a Man as much Right to the Catalogue of Martyrs, as if he had end-

ed his Days at the Stake.

The Misery these poor Wretches endur'd, made me think my self in the Right again; till I heard a Cry behind me, Make way there, Make way for the 'Pothecaries. Bless me, thought I, If They be here, we are certainly going to the Devil. And so it prov'd; for we were just then come to a little Door, that was made like a Mouse-Trap, where 'twas easy to get in, but there was no getting out

again.

It was a ftrange thing, that scarce any Body so much as Dreamt of Hell, all the way we went; and yet every Body knew where they were, as soon as they came there, and cry'd out with one Voice, Miserable Creatures! we are Damn'd, we are Damn'd. That Word made my Heart ake; And is it come to That, said I! Then did I begin with Tears in my Eyes, to reslect upon what I had left in the World: As my Relations, Friends, Ladies, Mistresses; and in fine, all my Old Acquaintance: When with a heavy Sigh, looking behind me, I saw the greater part of them Posting after me. It gave me, methought,

methought, fome Comfort, that I should have so good Company; vainly imagining, that even Hell it self might be capable of some Relief.

Going farther on, I was gotten into a Crowd of Taylors, that stood up sneaking in a Corner, for fear of the Devils. At the first Door, there were Seven Devils taking the Names of those that came in, and they ask'd me Mine, and my Quality, and so they let me pass. But examining the Taylors, These Fellows (cry'd one of the Devils) come in such Shoals, as if Hell were made only for Taylors? How many are they? (faid another) Answer was made, about a Hundred. About a Hundred? They must be more than a Hundred, says t'other, if they be Taylors; for they never come under a Thousand or Twelve Hundred strong: And we have so many here already, I do not know wherewe shall stow them. Say the word, my Ma-sters, Shall's let them in or no? the poor Prick-Lice were damn'dly startled at that, for fear they should not get in: But in the End, they had the Favour to be admitted. Certainly, faid I, these Folks are but in an ill Condition, when 'tis a Menace for the Devils themselves to refuse to receive them: Thereupon a Huge Over-grown, Club-footed, Crump-Shoulder'd Devil, threw them all into a deep Hole. Seeing such a Monster of a Devil.

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Devil, I ask'd him, how he came to be so deform'd: And he told me, he had spoil'd his Back with Carrying of Taylors: For, said he, I have been formerly made use of as a Sumpter to setch them; but now of late they save me that labour, and come so fast of themselves, that 'tis one Devil's Work to dispose of them. While the Word was yet speaking, there came another Glut of them; and I was sain to make way, that the Devil might have Room to work in, who pil'd them up, and told me, they made the best Fewel in Hell.

I pass'd forward then into a little Dark Alley, where it made me start to hear one call me by my Name, and with much ado, I perceiv'd a Fellow there all wrapt up in Smoak and Flame. Alas! Sir, says he, Have you forgotten your Old Bookseller in Pope'shead-Alley? I cry thee Mercy, good Livewell, quoth I, What! Art thou here? Yes, Yes, Sir, (fays he) 'tis e'en too true. I never dreamt it would have come to this. He thought I must needs pity him, when I knew him: But truly I reflected rather upon the Justice of his Punishment. For in a word, his Shop was the very Mint of Heresy, Schism, and Sedition. I put on a Face of Compassion however, to give him a little Ease, which he took hold of, and vented his Complaint. Well Sir (says He) I would

my Father had made me a Hangman, when he made me a Stationer; for we are call'd to Account for Other Men's Works, as well as for our Own. And one thing that's cast in our Dish, is the selling of Translations so Dog-cheap, that every Sot knows now as much, as would formerly have made a Passable Doctor; and every Nasty Groom, and Rogny Lacquey is grown as familiar with Homer, Virgil, Ovid, as if 'twere Robin the Devil; The Seven Champions; Or a piece of George Withers. He would have talk'd on, if a Devil had not front his Mouth with a Devil had not stopt his Mouth with a Whiff from a Rowle of his own Papers, and Choakt him with the Smoak on't. The Pestilent Fume would have dispatch'd me too, if I had not got prefently out of the reach on't. But I went my way, faying this to my felf; If the Book feller be thus Criminal, What will become of the Author!

I was deliver'd from this Meditation, by the rueful Groans, of a great many Souls that were under the Lash, and the Devil Tyrannizing over them with Whips and Scourges. I ask'd what they were? And it was told me, that there was a Plot among the Hackney-Coachmen to exhibit an Information against the Devils, for taking the Whip out of their Hands, and setting up a Trade they had never serv'd to, (which is directly contrary to Quinto Elisabethæ.) Well, said I:

But why are these tormented here? With that, an Old Sowr-look'd Coach-man took the Answer out of the Devil's Mouth, and told me; that it was because they came to Hell a Horseback, which they pretended, was a Privilege that did not belong to Rogues of their Quality. Speak Truth, and be Hang'd, cry'd the Devil; and make an honest Confession here. Say, Sirrah, How many Bawdy Voyages have you made to Hackney? How many Nights have you stood Pimping at Mary-bone? How many Whores and Knaves have you brought together? And how many Lyes have you told, to keep all private, since you first set up this Scandalous Trade? There was a Coachman by, that had serv'd a Judge, and thought 'twas no more for his Old Master to fetch a Rascal out of Hell, than out of Newgate; which made this Fellow stand upon his Points, and ask the Devil how he durst give that Language to so Honourable a Profession: for (says he) Who wears better Cloaths than your Coach-men? Are not we in our Velvets, Embroideries, and Laces? and as Glorious as so many Phaetons? Have not our Masters reason to be good to us, when their Necks are at stake, and their Lives at our Mercy? Nay, we Govern those, many times, that Govern Kingdoms; and a Prince is in almost as much Danger of his Coachman, as of his Physician. And there are, that

that understand it too, and Themselves, and Us; and that will not stick to trust their Coach-men as far as they would do their Confessors. There's no Absurdity in the Comfessors. There's no Absurdity in the Comparison; for if They know some of their Privacies, We know more; yes, and perhaps more than we'll speak of. What have we here to do, cry'd a Devil that was ready to break his Heart with Laughing. A Coach-man in his Tropes and Figures? An Orator instead of a Waggoner? The Slave has broke his Bridle, and got his Head at Liberty, and now he'll never have done. No, why should he? (says another that had serv'd a great Lady more ways than One) is this the best Entertainment you can afford your Servants? your daily Drudges? I'm sure we bring you good Commodity, well Pack'd; well Condition'd; well Persum'd; Right, Neat and Clean: Not Perfum'd; Right, Neat and Clean: Not like your City-ware, that comes dirty to you, up to the Hocks; and yet every Daggle-Tail'd Wench, and Skip-kennel, shall be better us'd than We. Ah! the Ingratitude of this Place! If we had done as much for some body else, as we have done for you, we should not have been now to seek for your Wages. When you have nothing else to say, you tell me that I am punish'd for carrying the Sick, the Gouty, the Lame, to Church, to Mass; or some Stragling

Stragling Virgins, back again to their Cloister: Which is a damn'd Lye; for I am able to prove, that all my Trading lay at the Play-Houses, Bawdy-Houses, Taverns, Balls, Collations: Or else at the Tour-a-la-Mode, where there was still appointed some After-Meeting; to treat of certain Affairs, that highly import the Interest and Welfare of your Dominions. I have indeed carry'd my Mistress sometimes to the Church-Door, but it signify'd no more than if I had carry'd her to a Conventicle; for all ber Business there, was to meet her Gallant, and to agree when they should meet next; according to the Way of Devotion now in Mode. To conclude; it is most certain, that I never took any Creature (knowingly) into my Coach, that had so much as a good Thought. And this was fo well known, that it was all one, to ask, If a Lady were a Maid; or if she had ever been in my Coach. If it appear'd she had; He that Marry'd her, knew before-hand, what he had to trust to. And after all this, ye have made us a fair Requital. With that the Devil fell a Laughing, and with five or fix twinging Jerks, half flay'd the poor Coach-man; so that I was e'en glad to retire; in pity partly to the Coach-man, and partly to my felf; for the Currying of a Coach-man, is little better than the turning up of a Dunghil. My

My next Adventure was into a Deep Vault, where I began immediately to shudder, and my Teeth chatter'd in my Head. I ask'd the meaning of it; and there came up to me a Devil, with Kib'd-Heels, and his Toes all Mortify'd; and told me that That Quarter was allotted to the Buffons and Drolls, which are a People (fays he) of fo starv'd a Conceipt, and so cold a Discourse, that we are fain to Chain, and Lock them up, for fear they should spoil the Temper of our Fire. I ask'd if a Man might see them. The Devil told me yes, and shew'd me one of the lewdest Kennels in Hell. And there of the lewdest Kennels in Hell. And there were they at it, pecking at One Another, and nothing but the same Fooleries over and over again, that they had practis'd upon Earth. Among the Buffons, I saw divers that pass'd here in the World for Men of Honesty, and Honour: Which were in, as Honesty, and Honour: Which were in, as the Devil told me, for Flattery; and were a fort of Buffon, that goes betwixt the Bark and the Tree. But, why are they condemn'd? faid I. The Other Buffons are condemn'd (quoth the Devil) for want of Favour; and These, for having too much, and abusing it. You must know they come upon us, still at Unawares; and yet they find all things in Readiness; the Cloth laid, and the Bed made, as if they were at Home: To say the Truth, we have some fort of

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Kindness for them; for they save us a great deal of Trouble in Tormenting One Another.

Do you see him there? That was a Wicked and a Partial Judge: And all he has to say for himself, is, that he remembers the time when he could have broke the Neck of Two Honest Causes, and He put them only out of Joynt. That Good-fellow there, was a Careless Husband, and him we lodge too with the Buffons. He fold his Wife's Portion, Wife and all, to please his Companions; and turn'd both into an Annuity. That Lady there (though a great one) is fain to take up too with the Buffons, for they are both of a Humour: What They do with their Talk, She does with her Body, and feasons it to all Appetites. In a word, you shall find Buffons in all Conditions; and in effect, there are nigh as many, as there are Men and Women; for the whole World is given to Feering, Slandering, Backbiting; and there are more Natural Buffons, than Artificial.

At my going out of the Vault, I saw a matter of a Thousand Devils following a Drove of Pastry-men, and Breaking their Heads as they pass'd along, with Iron-Peels. Alack! cry'd one of them, that was yet in a whole Skin, it is hard the Sin of the Flesh should be laid to our Charge, that never had

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to do with Women. Impudent, Nasty Rascals, (quoth the Devil) Who has deserved Hell, if They have not? How many Thousand Men have these Slovens poyson'd, with the Grease of their Heads, and Tale, instead of Mutton-Sewet? With Snot-Pies for Marrow? and Flies for Currants? How many stomachs have they turn'd into Laystals with Dogs-flesh, Horse-flesh, and other Carrion that they have put into them? And do these Rogues complain (in the Devil's Name) of their Sufferings! Leave your Bawling, ye Whelps, (says he) and know, that the Pain you endure, is nothing to that of your Tormentors. And for your Part (says he, to me, with a sow'r Look) because you are a Stranger, you may go about your business; but we have a Crow to pluck with these Fellows, before me part before we part.

I went next down a pair of Stairs into a huge Cellar, where I faw Men Burning in unquenchable Fire; and one of them Roaring, Cry'd out, I never over fold; I never fold, but at Conscionable Rates; Why am I punish'd thus? I durst have sworn it had been Judas; but going nearer to him, to see if he had a Red Head, I found him to be a Merchant of my Acquaintance, that dy'd not long since. How now, Old Martin, (said I) Art thou there? He was dogged, because I did not call him Sir, and made no

Answer. I saw his Grief, and told him how much he was to blame, to cherish that Vanity even in Hell, that had brought him thither. And what do you think on't now? (faid I) Had not you better have Traded in Blacks than Christians? Had not you better have contented your self with a little honestly got, than run the hazard of your Soul for an Estate; and have gone to Heaven a Foot, rather than to the Devil on Horse-back? My Friend was as mute as a Fish; whether out of Anger, Shame, or Grief, I know not. And then a Devil in Office took up the Discourse. These Pick-pocket Rogues (says he) Did they think to Govern the World with their own Weights and Measures, in Secula Seculo-rum? Methinks, the Blinking, and false Lights of their Shops, should have Minded them of their Shops, should have Minded them of their Quarter, in the Other World, aforehand. And 'tis all a Case, with Jewellers, Goldsmiths, and Other Trades, that serve only to Flatter and Bolster up the World in Luxury, and Folly. But if People would be wise, these Youths should have little enough to do. For what's their Cloth of Gold, and Silver, their Silks, their Diamonds, and Pearl, (which they sell at their own Price) but matter of meer Wantonness, and Superfluity? These are they that inviegle ye into all forts of Extravagant Expences, and so ruin ye Insensibly, under colour of Kindness, and Credit. Credit.

Credit. For they set every thing at double the Rate; and if you keep not touch at your Day, your Persons are Imprison'd; your Goods Seiz'd; and your Estates Extended. And they that helpt to make you Princes before, are now the forwardest to put

you into the Condition of Beggers.

The Devil would have talk'd on, if I had The Devil would have talk'd on, if I had given him the Hearing; but there was fuch a Laugh fet up on one fide on me, as if they would all have split; and I went to see what the matter was; for 'twas a strange thing, methought, to hear them so merry in Hell. The business was, there were Two Men upon a Scaffold, in Gentile Habits, Gaping as loud as they could Bawl. One of them had a great Parchment in his Hand, display'd, with divers Labels hanging at it, and several Seals. I thought at first it might have been Execution-day, and took the Writing for a Pardon or Reprieve. At every word they spoke, a matter of Seven or Eight Thousand Devils burst out a Laughing, as they would have crackt their Sides. And they would have crackt their Sides. And This again made me think, it might be some Jack-Pudding, or Mountebank, shewing his Tricks, or his Attestations; with his Congregation of Fools about him. But nearer hand, I found my Mistake; and that the Devil's Mirth made the Gentlemen angry. At last I perceiv'd that this great Earnestness

of theirs was only to make out their Pedigree, and get themselves past for Gentlemen; the Parchment being a Testimonial from the Herald's Office, to that purpose. My Father (says he with the Writing in's Hand) bore Arms for His Majesty in many Honourable Occasions of Watching and Warding; and has made many a Tall Fellow speak to the Constable, at all Hours of the Night. My Uncle was the first Man that ever was of the Order of the Black-Guard: And we have had Five brave Commanders of our Family, by my Father's side, that have serv'd the State in the Quality of Marshal's Men, and Turn-Keys, and given His Majesty a fair Accompt of all the Pris'ners committed to their Charge. And by my Mother's side, it will not be deny'd, but that I am homourably descended. nourably descended; For my Grandmother was never without a Dozen Chamber-maids, and Nurses in Family. It may be 'twas her Trade (quoth the Devil) to procure Services, and Servants, and consequently to deal in that Commodity. Well, well, (faid the Cavalier) she was what she was; and I'm fure I tell you nothing but Truth. Her Husband wore a Sword, by his Place; for he was a Deputy-Marshal; and to prove my self a Man of Honour, I have it here in Black and White, under the Seal of the Office. Why must I then be Quarter'd among a Pack

a Pack of Rascals? My Gentleman Friend, (quoth the Devil) your Grandfather wore a Sword, as he was Usher to a Fencing-School; and we know very well what his Son, and Grandchild can pretend to. But let that pass; you have led a Wicked and Infamous Life, and spent your Time in Whoring, Drinking, Blaspheming, and in Lewd Company; and do you tell us now of the Privileges of your Nobility? Your Testimonials, and the Seal of the Office? A Fart for your Privileges, Testimonials, Office and all. There is no Honour, but Virtue. And if your Children, though they had a Scoundrel to their Father, should come to do Honourable and Worthy things, we should look upon them as Persons Sacred, and not dare to meddle with them. But talking is time lost; You were ever a Couple of pitiful Fellows, and your Tails scarce worth the Scalding. Have at ye, (says he) and at that word, with a huge Iron Bar he gave him such a Salute over the Buttocks, that he took Two or Three turns in the Air, Heels over Head, and dropt at last into the Common-Shoar; where never any Man as yet found the Bottom.

When his Companion had seen him Cut that Caper; This Usage (says he) may be well enough for a Parchment Gentleman: But for a Cavalier of my Extraction, and

Profession, I suppose you'll Treat him with somewhat more of Civility and Respect. Cavalier (quoth the Devil) if you have brought no better Plea along with you, than the Antiquity of your House, you may e'en follow your Camerade, for ought I know; for we find very few Ancient Families, that had not some Oppressor or Usurper for their Founder; and they are commonly continued by the same means they were begun. How many are there of our Titular Nobility, that write Noble, purely upon the Account of their Violence and Injustice? Their Subjects and Tenants, what with Impositions, hard Services, and Rackt Rents; Are positions, hard Services, and Rackt Rents; Are they not worse than Slaves? If they happen to have any thing Extraordinary; As a Pleasant Fruit, a Handsom Colt; A Good Cow; and that the Landsord, or his Sweet Lady take a liking to it, they must either submit to part with it Gratis, or else take their Pay in foul Language, or Bastinadoes. And 'tis well if they 'scape so: For many times when the Sign's in Gemini; their Wives and Daughters go to Pot, without any regard of Laws, either Sacred or Prophane. What Damn'd Blasphemies and Imprecations do they make use of to get Credit with a Mithey make use of to get Credit with a Mistress or a Creditor, upon a Faithless Promise! How intolerable is their Pride, and Insolence, even towards many Considerable Officers

Officers, both in Church and State! for they behave themselves as if all People below their Quality and Rank in the World, were but as so many Brutes, or Worse. As if Human Blood were not all of a Colour: As if Nature had not brought them into the World the Common Way, or Moulded them of the same Materials with the Meanest Wretches upon the Earth. And then for fuch as have Military Charges and Commands; How many Great Officers are there, that without any Consideration of their Own, or their Prince's Honour, fall to Spoil and Pillage; Cozening the State with false Musters, and the Soldiers of their Pay; and giving them instead of their Due from the Prince, a Liberty of taking what is not their due from the People; forcing them to take the Bread out of the poor Labourer's Mouths, to fill their own Bellies, and protecting them when they have done, in the most Execrable Outrages imaginable? And when the poor Soldier comes at last to be dismiss, or disbanded; Lame, Sick, Beggerly, Naked almost, and Enraged; with Nothing lest him to trust to, but the *Highway* to keep him from starving; What Mischief is there in the World, that these Men are not the cause of? How many good Families are utterly ruin'd, and at this Day in the Hospital, for trusting to Their Oaths and Promises ?

mises? And becoming bound for them for vast Sums of Money to maintain them in Tipple, and Whores, and in all forts of Luxury and Riot? This Rhetorical Devil would have faid a Thousand times more, but that his Companions call'd him off, and told him they had business elsewhere. The Cavalier hearing that, My Friend, (said he) your Morals are very good; but yet with your favour, all Men are not alike. There's never a Barrel better Herring, (said the Devil) You are all of ye tainted with Original Sin; and if you had been any better than your Fellows, you had never been fent hither. But if you are indeed so Noble, as you say, you're worth the Burning, if 'twere but for your Ashes. And that you may have no Cause of Complaint, you shall see, we'll Treat you like a Person of your Condition. And in that Instant, Two Devils presented themselves; the One of them Bridled and Sadled; and the Other doing the Office of the Squire; holding the Stirrup, with his Left-hand, and giving the Gentleman a Lift into the Saddle with the other. Which was no fooner done, but away he went like an Arrow out of a Bow. I ask'd the Devil then into what Country he carry'd him. And he told me, Not far: For 'twas only matter of Decorum, to fend the Nobility to Hell a Horseback. Look on that side now, fays

fays he, and so I did; and there I saw the poor Cavalier in a huge Furnace, with the first Inventers of Nobility, and Arms: As Cain, Cham, Nimrod, Esan, Romulus, Tarquin, Nero, Caligula, Domitian, Heliogabalus; and a world of other brave Fellows, that had made themselves famous by Usurpation, and Blood. The Place was a little too hot for me, and so I retir'd, meditating on what I had heard; and not a little satisfied with the Discourse of so learned a Devil. Till that time, I took the Devil for a Notorious Lyar; but I find now that he can speak the Truth too, when he pleases; and I would not for all I am worth, but have heard him Preach.

When I was thus far, my Curiosity carry'd me still farther; and within Twenty Yards, I came to a huge Muddy Stinking Lake, near twice as big as that of Geneva; and heard in't so strange a Noise, that I was almost out of my Wits, to know what it was. They told me, that the Lake was stor'd with Donegnas, or Gonvernantes, which are turned into a kind of Frogs in Hell, and perpetually Drivelling, Sputtering, and Croaking. Methought the Conversion was apt enough; for they are neither Fish, nor Flesh, no more than Frogs; and only the lower Parts of them are Man's-Meat, but their Heads are enough to turn a very good Stomach.

Stomach. I cou'd not but Laugh to fee how they Gaped, and stretcht out their Legs as they swam, and still as we came near, they'd

Scud away and Dive.

This was no place to stay in, there was so Noysom a Vapour; and so I struck off upon the Lest-hand; where I saw a Number of Old Men, Beating their Breasts, and Tearing their Faces; with bitter Groans, and Lamentations. It made my Heart ake to fee them, and I ask'd what they were? Answer was made, That I was now in the Quarter of the Fathers that Damn'd Themfelves, to Raise their Posterity; which were called by some, The Unadvised. Wretch that I am! (cry'd one of them) the greatest Penitent that ever liv'd, never suffer'd the Mortification I have endur'd; I have Watch'd; I have Fasted; I have scarce had any Clothes to my Back; My whole Life has been a Restless Course of Torment, both of Body and Mind: And all This, to get Money for my Children; that I might see them well Marry'd; Buy them Places at Court, or procure them fome other Preferment in the World: Starving my felf in the Conclusion, rather than I would lessen the Provision, I had made for my Posterity. And yet notwithstanding this my Fatherly Care, I was fcarce fooner Dead, than forgotten: And my next Heir buried me without Tears, or Mourna

Mourning; and indeed without so much as paying of Legacies, or Praying for my Soul: As if they had already received certain Intelligence of my Damnation. And to aggravate my Sorrows, the Prodigals are now fquandering and consuming that Estate, in Gaming, Whoring, and Debauches, which I had scraped together by so much Industry, Vexation, and Oppression, and for which I suffer at this Instant such Insupportable Torments. This should have been thought on before (cry'd a Devil) for fure you have heard of the Old Saying, Happy is the Child whose Father goes to the Devil. At which word, the Old Misers brake out into fresh Rage and Lamentation, Tearing their Flesh, with Tooth and Nail, in so ruful a manner, that I was no longer able to endure the Spectacle.

A little farther, there was a Dark Hideous Prison, where I heard the Clattering of Chains; the Crackling of Flames; the Slapping of Whips; and a confused out-cry of Complaints. I ask'd what Quarter this was, and they told me it was the Quarter of the Ob that I Hads! What are those, said I? Answer was made, that they were a Company of Brutish Sots, so absolutely deliver'd up to Vice, that they were damn'd insensibly, and in Hell before they were aware. They are now reslecting upon their Miscarriages and Omissions, and

perpe-

perpetually crying out; Oh that I had Examin'd my Conscience! Oh that I had Frequented the Sacraments! Oh that I had Humbled my self with Fasting, and Prayer! Oh that I had serv'd God as I ought! Oh that I had Visited the Sick, and Reliev'd the Poor! Oh that I had set a Watch before the Door of my

Lips!

I left these late Repentants, (as it appear'd) in Exchange for worse, which were shut up in a Base Court, and the Nastiest that ever I saw. These were such as had ever in their Mouths, God is Merciful, and will Pardon me. How can this be, (said I) that these People should be Damn'd? When Condemnation is an Act of Justice, not of Mercy. I perceive you are simple, (quoth the Devil) for half these you see here, are condemn'd with the Mercy of God in their Mouths: And to Explain my felf, Consider I pray'e, how many Sinners are there, that go on in their Ways, in spite of Reproof, and good Counsel? and still this is their Answer; God is Merciful, and will not damn a Soul for so small a Matter. But let them talk of Mercy, as they please; so long as they persist in a Wicked Life, we are like to have their Company at last. By your Argument (said I) there's no trusting to Divine Mercy. You mistake me (quoth the Devil) for every good Thought, and Work, flows from that Mercy.

But this I say: He that perseveres in his Wickedness, and makes use of the Name of Mercy, only for a Countenance to his Impieties, does but Mock the Almighty, and has no Title to that Mercy. For 'tis vain to expect Mercy from above, without doing any thing in order to it. It properly belongs to the Righteous, and the Penitent? And they that have the most of it upon the Tongue, have commonly the least thought of it in their Hearts: And 'tis a great Aggravation of Guilt, to Sin the more, in Considence of an abounding Mercy. It is is true, that many are received to Mercy, that are utterly unworthy of it; which is no wonder, since no Man of himself can deserve it: But Men are so Negligent as deserve it: But Men are so Negligent of feeking it betimes, that they put that off to the last, which should have been the first part of their business; and many times their Life is at an end, before they begin their Repentance. I did not think so Damn'd a Doctor could have made fo good a Sermon. And there I left him.

I came next to a Noisom Dark hole, and there I saw a Company of Dyers, all in Dirt and Smoak, intermixt with the Devils; and so alike, that it would have posed the subtilest Inquisitor in Spain, to have said, which were the Devils, and which the Dyers.

There stood at my Elbow, a strange kind of Mungrel Devil, begot betwixt a Black and a White; with a Head so bestuck with little Horns, that it look'd at a Distance like a Hedg-hog. I took the boldness to ask him, where they Quarter'd the Sodomites, the Old Women, and the Cuckolds. As for the Cuckolds, (said he) they are all over Hell, without any certain Quarter, or Station; and in Truth, 'tis no easy matter to know a Cuckold from a Devil; for (like kind Husbands) they wear their Wive's Favours still, and the very same Head-pieces in Hell, that they wore living in the World. As to the Sodomites, we have no more to do with them, than needs must; but upon all occafions, we either Fly, or Face them; for if ever we come to give them a Broad-side, 'tis Ten to One but we get a hit betwixt Wind and Water; and yet we fence with our Tails, as well as we can, and they get now and then a Flap o'er the Mouth into the Bargain. And for the Old Women, we make them stand off; for we take as little pleasure in them, as you do: And yet the Jades will be persecuting us with their Passions; and ye shall have a Bawd of Five and Fifty, do ye all the Gamboles of a Girl of Fifteen. And yet after all this, There's not an Old Woman in Hell; for let her be as Old as Pauls; Bald, Blind, Toothless, Wrinkled,

Decrepit: This is not long of her Age, she'll tell you; but a terrible fit of Sickness last year, that fetcht off her Hair, and brought her so low, that she has not yet recover'd her Flesh again. She lost her Eyes by a hot Rheum: utterly spoil'd her Teeth with Cracking of Peach-Stones, and Eating of Sweetmeats, when she was a Maid. And when the weight of her Years has almost brought both ends together; 'tis nothing, she'll tell ye, but a Crick she has got in her Back: And though she might recover her Youth again, by confessing her Age, she'll never

acknowledge it.

My next Encounter was, a Number of People making their moan, that they had been taken away by Sudden Death. That's an Impudent Lye (cry'd a Devil) faving this Gentleman's presence, for no Man dies suddenly. Death surprizes no Man, but gives all Men sufficient Warning and Notice. I was much taken with the Devil's Civility, and Discourse; which he pursu'd after this manner. Do ye complain (says he) of Sudden Death? That have carry'd Death about ye, ever since you were Born; That have been entertain'd with daily Spectacles of Carcasses and Funerals; That have heard so many good Books upon the Subject; and read so many good Books upon the Frailty of Life, and the Certainty of Death. Do ye not know that every Moment

ye Live, brings ye nearer to your End? Your Cloaths wear out; your Woods, and your Houses decay; and yet ye look that your Bodies should be Immortal. What are the common Accidents and Diseases of Life, but so many Warnings to provide your self for a Remove? Ye have Death at the Table, in your daily Food and Nourishment; for your Life is maintain'd by the Death of other Creatures. And you have the Lively Picture of it, every Night for your Bedfellow. With what Face then can You charge your Misfortunes upon sudden Death? That have spent your whole Life, both at Bed, and at Board, among so many Remembrances of your Mortality? No, no; change your Stile, and hereafter confess your selves to have been Careless and Incredulous. You Dye, thinking you are not to Dye yet; and forgetting that Death grows upon you, and goes along with ye from one end of your Life to the other, without distinguishing of Persons, or Ages; Sex, or Quality; and whether it finds ye Well, or Ill-doing: As the Tree falls, so it lies.

Turning toward my left Hand, I faw a great many Souls that were put up in Gally-Pots, with Assa fætida, Galbanum, and a company of nasty Oils that serv'd them for Syrup. What a damn'd Stink is here? (cry'd I, stopping my Nose.) We are now come undoubtedly to the Devil's Honse-of-Office.

Office. No no, (faid the Tormentor, which was a kind of a Yellowish-Complexion'd Devil) 'tis a Confection of Apothecaries; a fort of People, that are commonly Damn'd for Compounding the Medicines by which their Patients hope to be Saved. To give them their due; these are your only True, and Chymical Philosophers; and worth a Thousand of Raymund Lullius, Hermes, Geber, Ruspicella, Avicen, and their Fellows. 'Tis true, They have written fine things of the Trasmutation of Metals; but did they ever make any Gold? or if they did, we have lost the Secret. Whereas your Apothecaries, out of a little Puddle-Water, a Bundle of Rotten Sticks, a Box of Flies; nay, out of Toads, Vipers, and a Sir-reverence it felf, will fetch ye Gold ready Minted, and fit for the Market; which is more than all your Philosophical Projectors ever pretended to. There is no Herb so poysonous, (let it be Hemlock) nor any Stone so dry, (suppose the Pumice it self) but they'll draw Silver out of it. And then for Words; 'tis impossible to make up any Word out of the four and twenty Letters, but they'll shew ye a Drug, or a Plant of the Name; and turn the Alphabet into as good Money as any's in your Pocket. Ask them for an Eye-Tooth of a flying Toad; they'll tell ye, yes, ye may have of it, in Ponder; or if, you had rather have the M 2 Infulion

Infusion of a Tench of the Mountains, in a little Eels Milk, 'tis all one to them. If there be but any Money stirring, you shall have what you will, though there be no such thing in Nature. So that it looks as if all the Plants, and Stones of the Creation, had their several Powers and Virtues given them, only for the Apothecaries sakes; and as if Words themselves had been only made for their Advantage. Ye call them Apothecaries; but instead of that, I pray'e call them Armorers, and their Shops Arsenals. Are not their Medicines as certain Death, as Swords, Daggers, or Musquets? While their Patients are Purg'd and Blooded into the other World, without any regard either to Distemper, Measure or Season.

If you will now see the pleasantest sight you have seen yet, walk but up these two Steps, and you shall see a Jury (or Conspiracy) of Barber-Surgeons, Sitting upon Life and Death. You must think that any Divertisement there was welcom. So that I went up, and found it in truth a very pleasant Spectacle. These Barbers were most them Chain'd by the Middle, their Hands at liberty; and every one of them a Cittern about about his Neck; and upon his Knees a Chess-board; and still as he reacht to have a Touch at the Cittern, the Instrument vanisht; and so did the Chess-board, when

he

he thought to have a Game at Draughts; which is directly Tantalizing the poor Rogues; for a Cittern is as natural to a Barber, as Milk to a Calf. Some of them were washing of Assessments, and putting them in again; and scouring of Negroes, to make them white.

When I had laught my fill at these Fooleries, my next Discovery was, of a great many People, Grumbling and Muttering, that there was no body lookt after them; no, not so much as to Torment them: As if their Tails were not as well worth the Toasting as their Neighbours. Answer was made, that being a kind of Devils themfelves, they might put in for some sort of Authority in the Place, and execute the Office of Tormentors. This made me ask them what they were. And a Devil told me (with Respect) that they were a Company of Ungracious, Left-handed Wretches, that could do nothing Aright. And their Grievance was, that they were Quarter'd by themselves: But not knowing whether they were Men or no, or indeed what else to make of them, we did not know how to Match them, or in what Company to put them. In the World they are lookt upon as *Ill Omens*; and let any Man meet one of them upon a Journey in a Morning, Fasting; 'tis the same thing as if a Hare M 2

had cross'd the way upon them; he pre-fently turns Head in a Discontent, and goes to Bed again. Ye know that Seevola, when he found his Mistake, in killing Another for Porsenna, (the Secretary, for the Prince) burnt his right Hand in Revenge of the Miscarriage. Now the Severity of the Vengeance, was not so much the Maiming or the Cripling of himself, but the Condemning of himself to be for ever Lefthanded. And so 'tis with a Malefactor that fuffers Justice; the Shame and Punishment does not lye so much in the Loss of his Right Hand, as that the other is Left. And it was the Curse of an Old Bawd, to a Fellow that had vext her, That he might go to the Devil by the stroke of a Left-handed Man. If the Poets speak Truth, (as 'twere a wonder if they should not) the Left is the Unlucky Side; and there never came any Good from it. And for my last Argument against these Creatures; the Goats and Reprobates stand upon the Left Hand, and Left-handed Men are, in Effect, a sort of Creature that's made to do Mischief; nay whether I should call them Men, or no, I

Hereupon a Devil becken'd me to come foftly to him; and fo I did, without a Word speaking, or the least noise in the World. Now (says he) if you'll see the Daily

Daily Exercise of Ill-favour'd Women, look through that Lattice-Window; and there I saw such a Kennel of Ugly Bitches, you would have blest your self. Some with their Faces so pounced and speckled, as if they had been scarified, and newly past the Cupping-Glass; with a World of little Plaisters, long, round, square; and briefly, cut out into such Variety, that it would have posed a good Mathematician to have found out another Figure; and you would have sworn that they had been either at Catsplay, or Cuffs. Others, were scraping their Faces with pieces of Glass; tearing up their Eye-brows by the Roots, like mad; and some Eye-brows by the Roots, like mad; and some that had none to tear, were fetching out of their black Boxes, such as they could get, or make. Others were Pondring and Curling their False-Locks, or fast ning their new Ivory Teeth, in the place of their old Ebony ones. Some were chewing Limonpeel, or Cinamon, to countenance a Foul Breath; and raising themselves upon their Ciopines, that their View might be the fairer, and their Fall the deeper. Others were quarrelling with their Looking-Glasses, for shewing them such Hags-Faces; and cursing the State of Venice, for entertaining no better Workmen. Some were stuffing out their Bodies like Pack-Saddles, to cover secret Deformities: And some again had fecret Deformities: And some again had MA

fo many Hoods over their Faces, to conceal their Ruins, that I could hardly discern what they were; and these past for Penitents. Others, with their Pots of Hogs-Grease, and Pomatum, were sleeking and polishing their Faces; and indeed their Foreheads were bright and shining, though there were neither Suns nor Stars in that Firmament. Some there were (in fine) that would have fetcht a Man's Guts up at's Mouth, to fee them with their Masques of After-Births; and with their Menstruous Slibber-slobbers, dawbing one another, to take away the Heats and Buboes. Nasty and Abominable! I cry'd. Well, (quoth the Devil) you fee now how far a Woman's Wit and Invention will carry her to her own Destruction. I could not fpeak one word for asto-nishment at so horrid a Spectacle; till I had a little recollected my self: And then (said I) if I may deal freely without Offence, I dare desie all the Devils in Hell to out-do these Women. But pray'e let's be gone, for the fight of them makes my very Heart ake.

Turn about then, (faid the Devil) and there was a Fellow fitting in a Chair, all alone; never a Devil near him: No Fire, or Frost; no Heat, or Cold; or any thing elfe that I could perceive, to torment him; and yet crying and roaring out the most hideously of any thing I had yet heard in

Hell;

Hell; tearing his Flesh, and beating his Body, like a Bedlam; and his Heart, all the while, bleeding at his Eyes. Good Lord, thought I, what ails this Wretch, to yell out thus when no body hurts Him! So I went up to him: Friend, (faid I) what's the meaning of all this Fury and Transport? For, so far as I can see, there's nothing to trouble you. No, no, (fays he with a horrid Outcry, and with all the Extravagancies of a Man in Rage and De-spair) you do not see my Tormentors; but the all-searching Eye of the Almighty sees my Pains, as well as my Transgressions, and with a severe, and implacable fusice, has condemn'd me to suffer Punishments answerable to my Crimes. (Which words he utter'd with redoubled Clamours) My Executions redoubled Clamours) My Executioners are in my Soul, and all the Plagues of Hell in my Conscience. My Memory serves me instead of a Cruel Devil. The Remembrance of the Good I should have done, and omitted; and of the Ill I should not have done, and did. The Remembrance of the wholesom Counsels I have rejected, and of the Ill Example I have given. And for the Aggravation of my Mifery; where my Memory leaves afflicting me, my Understanding begins: Shewing me the Glories and Beatitudes I have lost, which others enjoy; who have gain'd Heaven with less Anxiety and Pain, than I have endur'd

to compass my Damnation. Now am I perpetually meditating on the Comforts, Beauties, Felicities, and Raptures of Paradise; only to enstance and exasperate my Despair in Hell: Begging in vain, but for one Moment's Interval of Ease, without obtaining any; for my Will is also as Inexorable, as either my Memory or my Understanding. And these (my Friend of the other World) are the Three Faculties of my Soul; which Divine Justice, for my Sins, has converted into Three Tormentors, that Torture me without Noise; into Three Flames, that burn me without consuming. And if I chance at any time to have the least Remission or Re-Bite; the Worm of my Conscience gnaws my Soul, and finds it, to an Insatiable Hunger, an Immortal Aliment and Entertainment. At that word, turning towards me with a Hellish Yell; Mortal (said he) learn, and be assur'd from me, that all those that either bury or misimploy their Talents, carry a Hell within themselves, and are Damn'd even above Ground; and so he return'd to his usual Clamours. Upon this I left him, miserably fad and pensive. Well, thought I, what a weight of Sin lies upon this Creature's Conscience! Whereupon the Devil obferving me in a Muse, told me in my Ear, that this Fellow had been an Atheist, and believ'd neither God, nor Devil. Deliver me then, said I, from that Unsanctify'd Wildom

Wisdom, that serves us only for our farther Condemnation.

I was gone but a step or two aside, and I saw a World of People running after Burning Chariots, with a great many Souls in them, and the Devils tearing them with Pincers; and before them, marcht certain Officers, making Proclamation of their Sentence; which with much ado I got near enough to hear, and it was to this Effect: Divine Justice hath appointed this Punishment to the Scandalous, for giving Ill Examples to their Neighbours. And at the same time feveral of the Damn'd laid their Sins to their Charge, and cry'd out, that 'twas long of Them they were thus Tormented. So that the Scandalous were punisht both for their own Sins, and for the Offences of those they had missed to their Destruction. And these are they of whom'tis faid, that they had better never have been Born.

My very Soul was full of Anguish, to see so many Doleful Spectacles; and yet I could not but smile, to see the Vintners every where up and down Hell, as free, as if they had been in their Taverns, and only Pris'ners upon Parole. I askt how they came by that Privilege? And a Devil told me, there was no need of shackling them, or so much as shutting them up: For there was no fear of their making a scape, that took

took so much Pains in the World, and made it their whole Business to come thither. Only, says he, if we can keep them from throwing Water in the Fire, as they do in their Wines, we are well enough. But if you would see somewhat worth the while, leave these Fellows, and follow me; and I'll shew you Judas and his Brethren, the Stewards and Purse-bearers. So I did as he bad me; and he brought me to Judas and his Companions, who had no Faces, divers of them, and most of them no Foreheads.

I was well enough pleas'd to fee him, and to be better inform'd; for I had ever phan-fied him to be a kind of an Olive-colour'd, Tawney-complexion'd Fellow, without a Beard, and an Eunuch into the Bargain: Which perhaps (nay probably) he was; for nothing but a Capon'd, a thing unman'd, could ever have been guilty of so Sordid, and Treacherous a Villany, as to Sell, and betray his Master, with a Kiss; and after that, fo Cowardly, as to Hang himself in Despair, when he had done. I do believe, however, what the Church fays of him, that he had a Carrot-Beard, and a Red-Head; but it may be his Beard was burnt; and as he appear'd to me in Hell, I could not but take him for an Eunuch; which to deal freely, is my Opinion of all the Devils; for

for they have no Hair; and they are for the most part wrinkled, and Baker-leg'd.

Judas was beset with a great many Money-mongers and Purse-bearers, that were telling him Stories of the Pranks they had play'd, and the Tricks they had put upon their Masters, after his Example. Coming up to them, I perceiv'd that their Punishment was like that of *Titius*, who had a *Vulture* continually gnawing upon his *Liver*: For there were a number of *Ravenous Birds* perpetually preying upon them, and tearing off their Flesh; which grew again as fast as they devoured it: A Devil in the mean time crying out, and the Damn'd filling the whole place with Clamour and Horror; Judas, with his Purse, and his Pot by his side, bearing a large part in the Out-Cry, and Torment. I had a huge mind (methought) to have a word or two with (methought) to have a word or two with fudas; and so I went to him with this Greeting: Thou Perfidious, Impudent, Impious Traytor, (said I) to Sell thy Lord and Master at so base a Price, like an Avaricious Rascal. If Men (said he) were not ungrateful; they would rather pity, or commend me, for an Action so much to their Advantage, and done in Order to their Redemption. The Misery is mine, that am to have no part my felf, in the Benefit I have procured to others. Some Hereticks

there are, (I must confess to my Comfort) that adore me for't. But do you take me for the only Judas? No, no; there have been many fince the Death of my Master; and there are at this day, more wicked, and ungrateful Ten thousand times than my felf; that Buy the Lord of Life, as well as Sell Him; Scourging and Crucifying him daily with more Spite, and Ignominy than the Jews. The Truth is, I had an Itch to be Fingering of Money, and Bartering, from my very Entrance into the Apostleship. I began, you know, with the Pot of Oyntment, which I would fain have fold, under colour of a Relief to the Poor. And I went on, to the Selling of my Master, wherein I did the World a greater good than I intended, to my own irreparable ruin. My Repentance now signifies nothing. To conclude, I am the only Steward that's Condemn'd ing: And I must entreat you, to have a better Opinion of me; for if you look but a little lower here, you'll find People a Thousand times worse than my self. Withdraw then (said I) for I have had Talk enough with Judas. for Selling; All the rest are Dann'd for Buy-

I went down then, some sew steps, as Fudas directed me; and there, I saw a World of Devils upon the March, with Rods and Stirrup-Leathers in their Hands, lashing a

Company

Company of Handsome Lasses, stark Naked, and driving them out of Hell, (which methought was pity; and if I had had some of them in a Corner, I should have treated them better) with the Stirrup-Leathers they Disciplin'd a Litter of Bawds. I could not imagine why these of all others, should be expell'd the Place, and ask'd the Question. Oh, says a Devil, these are our Factresses in the World, and the best we have, so that we send them back again to bring more Grist to the Mill: And indeed, if it were not for Women, Hell would be but thinly Peopled; for what with the Art, the Beauty, and the Allurements of the Young Wenches; and the Sage Advice and Counsel of the Bands, they do us very good Service. Nay, for fear any of our good Friends should tire upon the Road, they fend them to us on Horseback, or bring them themselves, e'en to the very Gates, lest they should miss their way.

Pursuing my Journey, I saw a good way before me, a large Building, that look'd (methought) like some Enchanted Castle, or the Picture of Ill Luck: It was all ruinous; the Chimneys down; the Planchers all to pieces, only the Bars of the Windows standing: The Doors all bedawb'd with Dirt, and patcht up with Barrel-heads, where they had been broken. The Glass gone, and here and there a Quarrel supply'd with Paper. I made

I made no doubt at first but the House was for faken; but coming nearer, I found it otherwise, by a horrible Confusion of Tongues and Noises within it. As I came just up to the Door, one open'd it, and I saw in the House many Devils, Thieves, and Whores. One of the craftiest Jades in the . Pack, placed her felf presently upon the Threshold, and made her address to my Guide and Me. Gentlemen, fays she, how comes it to pass, I praye, that People are Damn'd both for giving and taking? The Thief is condemn'd for taking away from another; and We are condemn'd for giving what is our own. I do not find, truly, any injustice in our Trade; and if it be lawful to give every one their own, and out of their own; why are we condemn'd? We found it a nice Point, and fent the Wench to Council learned in the Law, for a Refolution in the Case. Her mentioning of Thieves made me enquire after the Scriveners and Notaries. Is it possible, (said I) that you should have none of them here? For I do not remember that I have feen fo much as one of them upon the way; and yet I had occasion for a Scrivener, and made a search for one. I do believe indeed (quoth the Devil) that you have not found any of them upon the Road. How then (faid I) what are they all fav'd? No, no, (cry'd

the Devil) but you must understand, that they do not foot it hither, as other Mortals; but come upon the Wing, in Troops like Wild-Geese, so that 'tis no wonder you see none of them upon the Way. We have Millions of them, but they cut it away in a trice; for they are damn'dly Rank-Wing'd, and will make a slight, in the third part of a Minute, betwixt Earth and Hell. But if there be so many (said 1) how comes it there be so many (said I) how comes it we see none of them? For that (quoth the Devil) we change their Names, when they come hither once, and call them no longer Notaries, or Scriveners, but Cats: And they are so good *Monsers*, that though this place is Large, Old, and Ruinous; yet you see not so much as a *Rat* or a *Monse* in *Hell*: How full soever of all other forts of *Ver*min. Now ye talk of Vermin, (faid I) are there any Catchpoles here? No, not one, (fays he.) How so (quoth I?) when I dare undertake, there are Five Hundred Rogues of the Trade, for one that's ought. The Reason is (says the Devil) that every Catchpole upon Earth, carries a Hell in's Bosom. You have still (said I, crossing my self) an aking Tooth at those poor Varlets. Why not (cry'd he) for they are but Devils incarnate, and so damn'dly vers'd in the Art of Tormenting, that we live in continual dread of losing our Places, and that his

his Infernal Majesty should take these Rascals into his Service.

I had enough of this; and Travelling on, I saw a little way off, a great Enclosure, and a world of Souls shut up in't; some of them Weeping and Lamenting without Measure; others in a prosound Silence. And this I understood to be the Lover's Quarter. It saden'd me to consider, that Death it felf could not kill the Lamentations of Lovers. Some of them were discoursing their Passions, and teazing themselves with Fears and Jealousies; casting all their Miseries upon their Appetites and Fancies, that still made the Picture infinitely fairer than the Person. They were for the most part troubled with a simple Disease, call'd (as the Devil told me) I Thought. I ask'd him what that was, and he Answer'd me, it was a Punishment suitable to their Offence: For your Lovers, when they fall short of their Expectations, either in the Pursuit or Enjoyment of their Mistresses, they are wont to fay, Alas! I thought she would have Lov'd me: I thought she would never have prest me to Marry her: I thought she would have been a Fortune to me: I thought the would have given me all she had: I thought she would have cost me nothing: I thought she would have ask'd me nothing: I thought the would have been true to my Bed: I thought

the would have been Dutiful and Modest: I thought she would never have kept her Gallant. So that all their Pain and Damnation comes from I thought This, or That,

or So, or So.

In the middle of them was Cupid, a little beggerly Rogue, and as naked as he was Born, only here and there cover'd with an Old kind of Embroidery: But whether it was the Workmanship of the Itch, Pox, or Meosles, I could not perfectly discover: And close by him was this Inscription:

Many a good Fortune goes to Wrack; And so does many an able Back; With following Whores, and Cards, and Dice, We're Pox'd and Begger'd in a Trice.

Aha! (said I) by these Rhimes methinks the Poets should not be far off; and the word was hardly out of my Mouth, when I discover'd Millions of them through a Park Pale, and so I stopt to look upon them. (It seems in Hell they are not call'd Poets now, but Fools.) One of them shew'd me the Women's Quarter there hard by, and ask'd me what I thought of it, and of the Handsom Ladies in it. Is it not true (says he) that a Buxom Lass is a kind of Half Chamber-maid to a Man? When she has stript him and brought him to Bed, she has

done her business, and never troubles her self any farther about the helping him up again, and dressing him. How now (said I) have ye your Quirks and Conceipts in Hell? In troth ye are pleasant: I thought your Edge had been taken off; with that, out stept the most miserable Wretch of the whole Company, laden with Irons: Ah! (quoth he) I would to God the first inventer of Rhimes and Poetry were here in my Place; and then he went on with this following and sad Complaint.

## A Complaint of the Poets in Hell.

Oh, this Damn'd Trade of Versifying, Has brought us all to Hell for Lying! For Writing what we do not Think ; Meerly to make the Verse Cry Clink. For rather than abuse the Meeter, Black shall be White, Paul shall be Peter. One time I call'd a Lady Whore; Which in my Soul she was no more, Than I am; a brave Lass, no Begger, And true, as ever Man laid Leg o'er. Not out of Malice, Jove's my Witness, But meerly for the Verses Fitness. Now we're all made, said I, if Luck Hold, And then I call'd a Fellow Cuckold; Though the Wife was, (or I'll be Hang'd) As good a Wench as ever Twang'd. Iwas

I was once plaguely put to't;
This would not hit, that would not do't;
At last, I Circumcis'd, ('tis true,)
A Christian, and Baptiz'd a Jew.
Nay, I've made Herod Innocent,
For Rhiming to Long Parliament:
Now to conclude, we are all Damn'd Ho,
For nothing but a Game at Crambo.
And for a little jingling Pleasure,
Condemn'd to Torments without Measure.
Which is a little hard in my Sense,
To fry thus for Poetick License.
'Tis not for Sin of Thought or Deed,
But for bare Sounds, and Words we Bleed:
While the Cur Cerberus lies Growling,
In Consort with our Caterwouling.

So foon as he had done, there is not in the World (faid I) a more ridiculous Frenzy, than yours, to be Poetizing in Hell. The Humour sticks close sure, the Fire would have fetcht it out else. Nay (cry'd a Devil) these Versifiers are a strange Generation of Buffons. The time that others spend in Tears and Groans for their Sins and Follies, these Wretches employ in Songs and Madrigals; and if they chance to light upon the Critical Minute, and get a snap at a Lady, all's worth nothing, unless the whole Kingdom ring of it, in some miserable Sing-Song or other, under the Name forfooth of N 3 Phillis,

Phillis, Chloris, Silvia, or the like: And the goodly Idol must be deckt and drest up with Diamond, Pearl, Rubies, Musque, and Amber; and both the Indies are too little to furnish Eyes, Lips, and Teeth, for this Imaginary Goddess. And yet after all this Magnificence and Bounty, it would put the poor Devil's Credit upon the stretch, to take up an Old Petty-Coat, in Long-Lane, or a Pair of Cast-shoes, at the next Coblers. Beside, we can give no Account either of their Country, or Religion. They have Christian Names, but most Heretical Souls; they are Arabians in their Hearts, and in their Language, Gentiles; but to fay the Truth, they fall short of the Right Pagans in their Manners. If I stay here a little longer, (said I to my felf) this spiteful Devil will hit me over the Thumbs e'er I'm aware; for I was half Jealous, that he took me already for a piece of a Poet.

For fear of being Discover'd, I went my Way, and my next Visit was to the Impertinent Devotes; whose very Prayers are made up of Impiety, and Extravagance. Oh! What Sighing was there, and Sobbing! Groaning, and Whining! Their Tongues were ty'd up to a perpetual Silence; their Souls Drooping, and their Ears condemn'd to hear eternally the hideous Cries and Reproaches of a Wheasing Devil; Greeting them after

this

this manner. Oh ye Impudent and Prophane Abusers of Prayer, and Holy Duties! That treat the Lord of Heaven and Earth in his own Honse, with less Respect than ye would do a Merchant upon the Change; sneaking into a Corner with your Execrable Petitions, for fear of being over-heard by your Neighbours; and yet without any scruple at all, ye can Expose, and Offer them up to that Eternal Purity! Shameless Wretches that ye are! Lord (says one) Wretches that ye are! Lord (fays one) take the Old Man my Father, to thy self, I beseech thee, that I may have his Office and Estate. Oh that this Uncle of mine would but march off! There's a Fat Bishoprick, and a good Deanery; I would the Devil had the Incumbent so I had the Dignity. Now for a lusty Pot of Guinea's, or a Lucky Hand at Dice if it be thy Pleasure, and then I would not doubt of good Matches for my Children. Lord, make me his Majesty's Favourite, and Thy Servant; that I may get what's convenient, and keep what I have gotten. Grant me This, and I do here engage my self, to entertain Six Blue Coats, and bind them out to good Trades; to set up a Lecture for every Day of the Week; to give one Third Part of my clear Gains to Charitable Uses; and another toward the Repairing of Paul's; and to pay all Honest Debts, so far as may stand with my private Convenience. Blind N 4 and

and Ridiculous Madness! for Dust and Ashes thus to Reason and Condition with the Almighty! For Beggers to talk of Giving, and obtrude their Vain and Unprofitable Offerings upon the inexhaustible Fountain of Riches and Bounty! To pray for those Things as Blessings, which are commonly showr'd down upon us for our Confusion and Punishment. And then in Cafe your Wishes take effect; what becomes of all the Sacred Vows and Promises ye made, in Storms, (perhaps) Sickness or Adversity? So soon as ye have Gain'd your Port, Recover'd your Health, or Patch'd up a broken Fortune, you shew your selves, all of ye, a pack of Cheats; Your Vows, and Promises, are not worth so many Rushes: They are forgotten with your Dreams; and to keep a Promise upon Devotion, that you made out of Necessity, is no Article of your Religion. Why do ye not ask for Peace of Conscience, Encrease of Grace? The aid of the Blessed Spirit? But you are too much taken up with the Things of this World, to attend those Spiritual Advantatake effect; what becomes of all the Sacred World, to attend those Spiritual Advantages and Treasures; and to consider, that the most acceptable Sacrifices and Oblations you can make to the Almighty, are Purity of Mind, an Humble Spirit, and a Fervent Charity. The Almighty takes delight to be often call'd upon, that He may often pour down his Blessings upon his Petitioners. But fuch

fuch is the Corruption of Human Nature, that Men seldom think of him, unless under Affliction; and therefore it is, that they are often Visited; for by Adversity, they are brought to the Knowledge, and Exercise of their *Duty*. I would now have you consider, how little *Reason* there is in your Ordinary Demands. Put Case you have your Asking; what are you the better for the Grant? Since it fails you at last, because you did not ask aright. When you die, your Estate goes to your Children; and for their parts, you are scarce cold, before you are forgotten. You are not to expect they should bestow much upon Works of Charity; for if nothing went that way while you were Living, they'll live after your Example when you are Dead. And beside, there's no Merit in the Case. At this word some of the poor Creatures were about to Reply, but the Devils had put Barnacles upon their Lips, that hindred them.

From thence I went to the Witches and Wizards; such as pretend to cure Man and Beast, by Charms, Words, Amulets, Charasters; and these were all burning alive. These (says a Devil) are a Company of Cozening Rogues; the most accursed Villains in Nature. If they help one Man, they kill another, and only remove the Disease from a Worse to a Better: And yet there's no great

Clamour against them neither; for if the Patient recover, he's well enough content, and the Doctor gets both Reputation and Reward for his Pains. If he dies, his Mouth is stopt, and Forty to One the next Heir does him a good Turn for the Dispatch. So that, Hit, or Miss; all is well at last. If you enter into a Debate with them about their Remedies, they'll tell you, they learnt the Mystery of a certain Jew; and there's the Original of the Secret. Now to hear these Quacks give you the History of their Cures, is beyond all the Plays and Farces in the World. You shall have a Fellow tell you of Fifteen People that were run clean through the Body, and glad for a matter of Three Days to carry their Puddings in their Hands; that in Four and Twenty Hours he made them as whole as Fishes, and not so much as a Scar for a Remembrance of the Orifice. Ask him when and where? you'll find it some Twelve Hundred Leagues off, in a Terra Incognita, by the Token, that at that time he was Physician in Ordinary to a great Prince that dy'd about Five and Twenty Years ago.

Come, Come, (cry'd a Devil) make an End of this Visit, and you shall see those now, that *Judas* told you were Ten times worse than himself. I went along with him, and he brought me to a Passage into a great

Hall,

Hall, where there was a Damn'd smell of Brimstone, and a Company of Match-makers, as I thought at first; but they prov'd afterward to be Alchymists; and the Devils examining them upon Interrogatories, who were filthily put to't, to understand their Gibbrish. Their Talk was much of the Planetary Metals; Gold they call'd Sol; Silver Luna; Tin Jupiter; Copper Venus. They had about them their Furnaces, Crucibles, Coal, Belloes, Clay, Minerals, Dung, Man's Blood, Powders, and Alimbecks. Some were Calcining; Others Washing; Here Purifying; There Separating. Fixing what was Volatile, in one Place, and Rarifying what was Fixt in another. Some were upon the Work of Transmutation, and Fixing of Mercury with monstrous Hammers, upon an Anvil. And after they had refolved the viscous Matter, and sent out the fubtiler Parts, that they came to the Coppel, all went away in Fume. Some again were in a hot Dispute, What Fuel was best; and whether Raymund Lullius his Fire, and no Fire, could be any thing else than Lime; or otherwise to be understood of the Light, Effective of Heat, and not of the Effective Heat of Fire. Others were making their Entrance upon the Great Work, after the Hermetical Method. Here they were watching the Progress of their Operations, and making their Observations upon Proportions, and

and Colour. While all the rest of these Blind Oracles lay waiting for the Recovery of the Materia Prima, till they brought themselves to the last Cast both of their Lives and Fortunes: And instead of turning Base Metals and Materials into Gold, as they pretended: They made the contrary Inversion, and were glad at length to take up with Beggerly Fools, and False Coiners. What a stir was there, with crying out, ever and anon! Look ye, Look ye! The Old Father is got up again; Down with him, Down with him; What Glossing, and Commenting upon the Old Chymical Text, that says; Blessed be Heaven, That has order'd the most Excellent Thing in Nature out of the Vilest. If so, (quoth one) let's try, if we can fetch the Philosopher's Stone out of a Common Strumpet, which is of all Creatures undoubtedly the Vilest. And the Word was no sooner out, but a matter of Three and Twenty Whores went to Pot; but the Flesh was so Cursedly Mawmish and Rotten, that they soon gave over the Thought of that Projection. And then they entred upon a fresh Consultation, and concluded, Nemine Contradicente, that the Mathematicians, by that Rule, were the only fit Matter to work upon; as being the most damnably dry, (to fay nothing of their Divisions, among, and against themselves) so that with one Voice, they call'd for a parcel

of Mathematicians, to the Furnace, to begin the Experiment. But a Devil came in just in the God-speed, and told them; Gentlemen Philosophers, (fays he) if you would know the Wretched'st and most Contemptible Thing in the World; It is an Alchymist: And we are of Opinion that You'll make as good Philosopher's Stones, as the Mathematicians. However, for Curiosity's sake, we'll try for once; and so he threw them all together into a great Chaldron; and to say the Truth, the poor Sneaks suffer'd contentedly; out of a desire, I suppose, to help on toward

the perfecting of the Operation.

On the other side, were a Knot of Astrologers, and one among the rest that had study'd Chyromancy or Palmistry; who took all the Damn'd by the Hands, one after another. One he told, That it was as plain as the Nose on his Face, that he was to go to the Devil, for he perceiv'd it by the Mount of Saturn. You (says he to another) have been a Swinging Whore-Master in your Days; I see that by the Mount of Venus here, and by her Girdle; and in short, every Man's Destiny he read in his Fist. After him advanc'd another, Creeping upon all Four; with a pair of Compasses betwixt his Teeth; his Spheres and Globes about him; his Jacob's Staff before him; and his Eyes upon the Stars, as if he were taking a Height, or making

making an Observation. When he had gazed a while, up he starts of a sudden; and wringing his Hands, Good Lord, (fays he) What an unlucky Dog was I! If I had come into the World, but one half quarter of an hour fooner, I had been sav'd; for just then Saturn shifted, and Mars was lodg'd in the House of Life. One that follow'd him, bad his Tormentors be fure he was Dead; for (fays he) I am a little doubtful of it my self; in regard that I had Jupiter for my Ascendent, and Venus in the House of Life, and no Malevolent Aspect to cross me. So that by the Rules of Astrology, I was to live precisely, a Hundred Years and One; Two Months; Six Days; Four Hours; and Three Minutes. The next that came up was a Geomancer; one that reduced all his Skill to certain little Points, and by them would tell you, as well Things past, as to come: These Points he bestow'd at a Venture, among several unequal Lines; fome Long, others Shorter, like the Fingers of a Man's Hand; and then with a certain Ribble-Rabble of Mysterious Words, he proceeds to his Calculation, upon Even, or Odd, and challenges the whole World to allow Him the most Learned, and Infallible of the Trade.

There were Divers great Masters of the Science that follow'd him. As Haly, Gerard, Bart'lemew of Parma, and one Tondin; a Familiar

miliar Friend, and Companion of the Great Cornelius Agrippa, the famous Conjurer; who though he had but one Soul, was yet Burning in four Bodies. (I mean the four Damnable Books he left behind him.) There was Trithemius too, with his Polygraphy and Stenography; that had Devils now his belly-full, though in his Life-time his Complaint was, that he could never have enough of their Company. Over-against him was Cardan; but they could not set their Horses together, because of an old Quarrel; whether was the more impudent of the Two. And there I saw Mizaldus tearing his Beard, in Rage, to find himfelf Pumpt dry; and that he could not fool-on, to the End of the Chapter. Theophrastus was there too, bewailing himself for the Time he had spent at the Alchymists Bellows. There was also the unknown Author of Clavicula Solomonis, and The Hundred Kings of Spirits; with the Composer of the Book, Adversus omnia Pericula Mundi. Taisnerus too, with his Book of Physiognomy and Chiromancy; and he was doubly punisht; first for the Fool he was, and then for those he had made. Though to give the Man his due, he knew himself to be a Cheat; and that he that gives a Judgment upon the Lines of a Face, takes but a very uncertain Aim. There were Magicians, NecroNecromancers, Sorcerers, and Enchanters innumerable; besides divers private Boxes, that were kept for Lords and Ladies, and other Personages of great Quality, that put their Trust in these Disciples of the Devil; and go to Strand-Bridge or Billeter-Lane, for Resolution in Cases of Death, Love, or Marriage; and now and then to recover a

Gold Watch, or a Pearl Neck-Lace.

Not far from these, were a Company of handsom Women, that were tormented in the quality of Witches; which griev'd my very Heart to see it. But to comfort me, What, (says a Devil) have you so soon forgot the Roguery of these Carrions? Have you not had Tryal enough yet of them; they are the very Poyson of Life, and the only dangerous Magicians that corrupt all your Senses, and disturb the Faculties of your Soul; these are they that cozen your Eyes with false Appearances, and set up your Wills in opposition to your Understanding and Reason. 'Tis right, said I, and now you mind me of it, I do very well remember, that I have found them so; but let's go on and see the rest.

I was scarce gone three steps farther, but I was got into so hideous a dark place, that it was e'en a Mercy we knew where we were. There was first at the entrance, Divine Justice, which was most dreadful to

behold:

behold; and a little beyond stood Vice, with a Countenance of the highest Pride and Insolence imaginable. There was Ingratitude, Malice, Ignorance, obstinate and incorrigible Infidelity, brutish and head-strong Disobedience, rash and imperious Blasphemy, with Garments dipt in Blood, Eyes sparkling, and a hundred pair of Chops, barking at Providence, and vomiting Rage and Poyson. I went in (I confess) with fear and trembling, and there I faw all the Sects of Idolaters and Hereticks, that ever yet appeared upon the Stage of the Universe; and at their Feet, in a glorious Array, was La-scivious Barbara, second Wife to the Emperor Sigismond, and the Queen of Harlots: One that agreed with Messalina in this, that Virginity was both a burthen, and a folly; and that in her whole Life she was never either mearied or satisfy'd; but herein she went beyond her, in that she held the mortality as well of the Soul as of the Body; but she was now better instructed, and burnt like a bundle of Matches.

Passing forward still, I spy'd a Fellow in a Corner all alone, with the Flames about his Ears, gnashing his Teeth, and blassheming through fury and despair. I askt him what he was, and he told me he was Mahomet. Why then (said I) thou art the damnedst Reprobate in Hell, and hast brought

e ;

more Wretches hither than half the World beside; and Lucifer has done well to allot thee a Quarter here by thy self; for certainly thou hast well deserved the first place in his Dominions. But since every Man chuses to talk of what he loves. I prethee good Impostor tell me, What's the reason that thou hast forbidden Wine to all reason that thou hast forbidden Wine to all thy Disciples? Oh (says he) I have made them so drunk with my Alchoran, they need no Tipple. But why hast thou forbidden them Swines-flesh too? (said I.) Because (says he) I would not affront the Jambon; for Water upon Gammon, would be false Heraldry. And beside, I never lov'd my People well enough to afford them the pleasure, either of the Grape or the Spare-Rib. Nay, and for fear they should chance to grope out the way to Heaven, I have establish my Power and my Dominion by Force of Arms; without subjecting my Laws to idle Disputes and Discourses of Reason. Indeed there is little of Reason in my Precepts, and I would have as little in their Obedience. A world of Disciples I have, but I think they follow me more out have, but I think they follow me more out of Appetite than Religion or for the Miracles I work. I allow them Liberty of Conficience; they have as many Women as they please, and do what they lift, provided they meddle not with the Government. But look

look about ye now, and you'l find that there are more Knaves than Mahomet.

I did so, and found my self presently surrounded with a Ring of Hereticks, and their Adherents; many of which were ready to tear out the Throats of their Leaders. One among the rest was beset with a brace of Devils, and either of them a pair of Bellows pussing into each Ear Fire instead of Air, which made him a little hot-headed. There was another, that, as I was told, was a kind of a Simoniac, and had taken up his Seat in a Pestilential Chair; but it was so dark, I could not well discern whether it was a

Pope, or a Presbyter.

By this time I had enough of Hell, and began to wish my self out again; but as I was looking about for a Retreat, I stumbled upon a Long Gallery before I was aware: And there I saw Lucifer himself, with all his Nobility about him, Male and Female. (For let Marry'd Men say their pleasure, there are She-Devils too) I should have been at a damn'd loss what to do, or how to behave my self among so many strange Faces, if one of the Ushers had not come to me, and told me, that being a Stranger, it was his Majesty's pleasure, I should enter, and have free liberty of seeing what was there to be seen. We exchanged a couple or two of Compliments; and then I began

to look about me; but never did I fee a Palace fo furnish'd, nor indeed comparable to it.

Our Furniture at the best is but a choice Collection of dead and dumb Statues, or Paintings; without life, sense, or motion: But there, all the Pieces were animated, and no Trash in the whole Inventory. There was hardly any thing to be seen, but Emperors and Princes, with some sew (perhaps) of their choicest Nobility and Privadoes. The first Bank was taken up by the Ottoman Family, and after them sate the Roman Emperors, in their Order; and the Roman Emperors, in their Order; and the Roman Kings, down to Tarquin the Prond; beside Highnesses, and Graces, Lords Spiritual and Temporal innumerable. My Lungs began now to call for a little fresh Air, and I desir'd my Guide to shew me the way out again. Yes, yes, with all my Heart, (says he) follow me then. And so he carry'd me away by a back-passage, into Lucifer's House-of-Office; where there was I know not how many Tun of Sir-Reverence, and Bales of stattering Panegyricks, not to be number'd; all of them Licens'd, and Enter'd according to Order. I could not but smile at this Provision of Tail-timber, and my Guide Provision of Tail-timber, and my Guide took notice of it; who was a good kind of a Damn'd Droll. But I call'd still to be gone. And at length he led me to a little Hole like

like the Vent of a Vault, and I crept through it as nimbly as if the Devil himfelf had given me a lift at the Crupper; when to my great wonder, I found my felf in the Park again, where I begun my Story: Not without an odd Medley of Passions; partly reflecting upon what others endur'd; and in part, upon my own condition of Ease and Happiness, that had deserv'd, perhaps, the contrary as well as they. This Thought put me upon a resolution of leading such a course of Life for the suture, that I might not come to feel these Torments in Reality, which I had now only seen in Vision.

And I must here intreat the Reader to

And I must here intreat the Reader to follow my Example, without making any farther Experiment; and likewise not to cast an ill Construction upon a fair Meaning. My design is to discredit, and discountenance the Works of Darkness, without Scandalizing of Persons; and since I speak only of the Damn'd, I'm sure no honest Man alive

will reckon this Discourse a Satyr.

The End of the Sixth Vision.

## THE

## SEVENTH VISION,

OF

## HELL REFORM'D.

HERE happen'd lately so terrible an Uproar, and Disorder in Hell, that (though it be a place of perpetual Outrage and Confusion) the oldest Devil never knew the fellow of it; and the Inhabitants expected nothing less than an absolute Topsy-Turvy, and Dissolution of their Empire. The Devils fell upon the Damn'd; and the Damn'd fell upon the Devils, without knowing one from t'other; and all running belter-skelter, to and again, like mad; for in fine, it was no other than a general Rewolt. This Hurly-burly lasted a good while, before any Mortal could imagine the meaning of it; but at length there came certain Intelligence of a Monstrous Talker, a Pragmatical Medling Undertaker, and an old Band of a Gouvernante, that had knockt off their Shackles, and made all this Havock. Which

may

may give the Reader to understand what kind of Cattel these are, that could make Hell it self

more Dangerous and Unquiet.

Lucifer, in the mean time, went Yelping up and down, and Bawling, for Chains, Hand-Cuffs, Bolts, Manacles, Shackles, Fetters, to tie up his Pris'ners again; when, in the middle of his Carreer, He and the Babler, or Talker, I told ye of, met full-butt; and after a little staring one another in the Face, upon the Encounter, the Babler open'd. Prince mine, (says he) you have a Pack of Lazy, Droning Devils in your Dominions, that look after nothing, but fit with their Arms and Legs a-cross, and leave all your Affairs at Six and Seven. And you have divers abroad too, upon Commission, that have staid out their Time, and yet give you no Accompt of their Employment. The Gouvernante, who had been blowing the Coal, and Whispering Sedition from one to another, chanc'd to pass by in the interim, and stopping short, address'd her self to Lucifer: Look to your self (she cry'd) there is a Desperate Plot upon your Diabolical Crown and Dignity. There are Two Tyrants in't, Three Parasites, a World of Physicians, and whole Legions of Lawyers and Atturneys. One word more in your Ear: There is among them a Mungrel-Priest, (a kind of a Lay-Elder) that will

go near to fit upon your Skirts, if you have not a care of him.

At the very Name of Priest, and Lay-Elder, Lucifer lookt as pale as Death; stood stone-still, as mute as a Fish; and in his very Looks, discover'd his Apprehensions. After a little pause, he rous'd himself, as out of a Trance. A Priest, do ye say? a Lay-Elder? Tyrants? Lawyers? Physicians? A Composition to Poyson all the Devils in Hell, and Purge their very Guts out ! With that, away he went to visit the Avenues, and set his Guards; and who should he meet next, but the Medler, in a monstrous haste and hurry? Nay then (fays he) here is the Forerunner of Ill-luck. But what's the matter? The matter! cry'd the Medler; and then with a huge deal of tedious and impertinent Circumstance, he up and told him, that a great many of the Damn'd had contriv'd an Escape; and that there was a Design to call in four or five Regiments of Hypocrites, and Usurers; under colour, forfooth, of Establishing a better Intelligence betwixt Earth and Hell, with a hundred other Fopperies; and had gone on till this time, if Lucifer would have found Ears: But he had other Fish to fry; for Neck and all was now at Stake; and so he went about his Business of putting all in a posture, and strenthening his Guards. And for the farther

farther Security of his Royal Person, he entertain'd into his own Immediate Regiment, several Reformadoes of the Society, that he particularly knew to be no Flinchers.

He began his Survey in the Vaults and Dungeons, among his Jaylers and Pris'ners. The Makebate-Babler march'd in the Van, breathing an Air that kindled and enflam'd wherever he past, without giving any Light; setting People together by the Ears, they knew not why. In the fecond place the Gouvernante, as full of News and Tittletattle as she could hold, and telling her Tale all the way she went. In the Breech of her, follow'd the Medler, learing as he past along, first on one side, then on the other, without ever moving his Head; and making fair with every Soul he faw in's way. He gave one a Bow; t'other a Kis; Your most humble Servant, to a third; Can I Serve you Sir, to a fourth: But every Compliment was worse to the poor Creatures, than the Fire it self. Ah Traytor! says one: For Pity's sake, away with this new Tormentor! crys another: This Fellow is Hell upon Hell, says a third. As he trudg'd on, there was a Rabble of Rascals got together; and in the middle of the Crowd, a most Eminent Knight of the Post, (a great Master of his Trade) that was Reading a Lecture to that Venerable Assembly, of the Noble Mystery of Swearing and Lying; and would have taught any Man in one quarter of an Hour, to prove any thing upon Oath, that he never faw, nor heard of in his Life. This Doctor had no fooner cast his Eye upon the Intermedler, but up he started in a Fright. How now? says he, Is that Devil here? I came hither on purpose to avoid him; and if I could but have dreamt he'd have been in Hell, beyond all dispute, I'd have gone my self to

Paradise.

As he was speaking, we heard a great, and a confused Noise of Arms, Blows, and Out-cryes; and presently we discover'd several Persons falling one upon another like Lightning; and in short, with such a Fury, that 'tis not for any Tongue or Pen to describe the Battel. One of them appear'd to be an Emperor; for he was Crown'd with I amed and surrounded with a grave with Lawrel, and furrounded with a grave fort of People, that lookt like Counsellors or Senators; and had all the Old Statutes and Records at their Fingers end: By which they endeavour'd to make it out; That a King might be kill'd in his Personal Capacity, and his Politick Capacity never the worse for't, And upon this Point, were they at Daggersdrawn with the Emperor. Lucifer came then roundly up to him, and with a Voice

that made Hell quake; What are you, Sir, that made Hell quake; What are you, Sir, (fays he) that take upon you thus in my Dominions? I am the Great Julius Casar, (quoth he) that in this general Tumult thought to have reveng'd my felf upon Brutus and Cassius, for Murthering me in the Senate; under colour (forsooth) of afferting the Common Liberty; whereas these Traytors did it meerly out of Envy, Avarice and Ambition. It was the Emperor, not the Empire they hated. They pretended to destroy Me, for introducing a Monarchy; but did They overthrow the Monarchy in but did They overthrow the Monarchy it felf? No, but on the contrary, they confirm'd it; and did more Mischief in taking away My Life, than I did in dissolving their Republick. However, I dy'd an Emperor; and these Villains carry'd only the Infamy, and Brand of Regicides to their Graves; and the World has ever since ador'd My Memory, and abborr'd Theirs. Tell me (quoth he) ye cursed Blood-Hounds, (turning towards them) whether was your Government better think ye, in the hands of your Senators, a Company of talking Gown-men, that knew not how to keep it; or in the hands of a Soldier, that wone it by his Merit? It is not the Drawing of a Charge, or the making of a fine Oration, that fits People for Government; nor will a Crown sit well upon the Head of a Pedant; but let him wear it that deserves it. He is the true Patriot that advances the Glory of his Country, by Actions of Bravery and Honour. Which has more right to Rule, think ye, he that only Knows the Laws, or he that Maintains them? The one only Studies the Government, the other Protects it. Wretched Republick! Thou call'St it Freedom to obey a divided Multitude, and Slavery to serve a single Person; and when a Company of covetous little Fellows are got together, they must be stil'd Fathers of their Country, for-Sooth; and shall one Generous Person take up with the Name of Tyrant? Oh! How much better had it been for Rome to have preserved that one Son that made her Mistress of the World, than that Multitude of Fathers, who by so many Intestine Wars, render'd her but a Step-Mother to her own Children. Barbarous and cruel that you are! So much as to mention the name of a Commonwealth; considering that fince the People tasted of Monarchy, they have prefer'd even the worst of Princes, as Nero, Tiberius, Caligula, Heliogabalus, &c. before your Tribe of Senators.

This Discourse of Casar's struck Brutus with exceeding Shame and Confusion; but at length, with a feeble and trembling Voice, he deliver'd himself to this effect. "Gentlemen of the Senate, (says he) do ye not hear Casar? Or will you add Sin to Sin, and suffer all the Blame to be cast upon

" the

" the Instruments, when you your selves were the Contrivers of the Villany? Why do ye not answer? For Casar speaks to you, as well as to us. Cassius and my self " were but your Braves, and govern'd by your Persuasions and Advice, little dreaming of that infatiable Ambition that lay lurking under the Gravity of your long Beards and Robes. But 'tis the practice of you all, to Arraign that Tyranny in the Prince, which you would Exercise your felves: In effect, when you have gotten Power, and the colour of Authority in your Hands, it is more dangerous " for a Prince not to comply with you, than " for a Vassal to rebel against his Prince. "To what end ferv'd your perfidious and ungrateful Treason? Make answer to Cæ-" far. But for our parts, in the Conscience " of our Sin, we feel the Severity of our

"of our Sin, we feel the Severity of our Punishment.

At these words a Hollow-Ey'd Supercitious Senator, (that had been of the Conspiracy, and was then blazing like a Pitch-Barrel) rais'd himself, and with a faint Voice, ask'd Casar what reason he had to complain? "For Prince (says he) if King Ptolomy Murther'd Pompey the Great, upon whose score he held his Kingdom: Why might not the Senate as well kill you, to recover what you had taken from them? And in the

case betwixt Casar and Pompey, let the Devils themselves be Judges. As for · Achillas (who was one of the Murtherers) what he did, was by Ptolomy's Command, and then he was but a Free-booter neither, a Fellow that got his Living by Rapine and Spoil: But Cafar was undoubtedly 'the more infamous of the Two. 'Tis true, you wept at the fight of Pompey's ' Head, but such Tears as were more treacherous than the Steel that kill'd him. Ah <sup>6</sup> Cruel Compassion, and Revengeful Pity! that made Thee a more Barbarous Enemy ' to Pompey, dead than living. Oh that ever ' two Hypocrite Eyes should creep into the first Head of the World! To conclude, the Death of Cafar had been the Recovery of

our Republick, if the Multitude had not call'd in others of his Race to the Government; which render'd thy fall the very Hydra of

' the Empire.

We had had another Skirmish upon these words, if Lucifer had not commanded Casar to his Cell again, upon pain of Death; and there to abide such Correction as belong'd to him, for slighting the Warnings he had of his Disaster. Brutus and Cassius too were turn'd over to the Politic Fools: And the Senators were dispatch'd away to Minos and Rhadamanthus, and to sit as Assistants in the Devil's Branch.

After

After this I heard a Murmuring Noise as of People talking at a distance, and by degrees I made it out that they were wrangling and . disputing still lowder and lowder, till at length it was but a word and a blow; and the nearer I came, the greater was the Clamour. This made me mend my pace; but before I could reach them, they were all together by the Ears in a bloody Fray: They were Persons of great Quality all of them; as Emperors, Magistrates, Generals of Armies. Lucifer, to take up the Quarrel, commanded them Peace and Silence, and they all obey'd; but it vext them to the Hearts to be so taken off in the full carreer of their Fury and Revenge. The first that open'd his Mouth, was a Fellow so Martyr'd with Wounds and Scars, that I took him at first for an indigent Officer; but it prov'd to be Clitus (as he faid himself.) And one at his Elbow told him, he was a faucy Companion, for prefuming to speak before his time; and so desir'd Audience of Lucifer, for the high and mighty Alexander the Sun of Jupiter, and the Emperor and Terror of the World: He was going on with his Qualities and Titles; but an Officer gave the word, Silence, and bad Clitus begin; which he took very kindly, and told his Story.

'If it may please Your Majesty (fays he)
'I was the first Favourite of this Emperor;

" who

who was then Lord of the known World, who was then Lord of the known World,
bare the Title of the King of Kings, and
boasted himself for the Son of Jupiter
Hammon; and yet after all this Glory
and Conquest, he was himself a Slave to
his Passions; He was Rash, and Cruel,
and consequently incapable either of
Counsel, or Friendship. While I liv'd, I
was near him, and serv'd him faithfully;
but it seems, he did not entertain me, so e much for my Fidelity, as to augment the the Number of his Flatterers: But I found ' my felf too honest for a Base Office; and fill as he ran into any foul Excesses, I took a Freedom with all possible Modesty, to shew him his Mistakes. One Day, as he was talking slightly of his Father Philip, (that brave Prince, from whom he receiv'd as well his Honour, as his Being,) I told him frankly what I thought of that Ingratitude, and Vanity; and desired him to treat his Dead Father with more Reverence, as a Prince worthy of Eternal Ho-nour and Respect. This Commendation of Philip, so enflam'd him, that presently he took a Partisan, and struck me Dead in the place with his own Hand. After this, pray'e where was his Divinity, when he gave Abdolominus, (a poor Garden-Weeder) the Kingdom of Sidonia? Which was not, as the World would have it, out

out of any Confideration of his Virtue, but to Mortify and take down the Pride, but to Mortify and take down the Pride, and Insolence of the Persians. Meeting him here just now in Hell, I ask'd him what was become of his Father Jupiter that he lay so long by't; and whether he were not yet convinc'd that all Flatterers were a Company of Rascals, who with their Incense, and Altars, would persuade him, that he was of Divine Extraction, and Heir Apparent to the Throne and Thunder of Jupiter. This now was the Ground of our Quarrel. But Invectives ' apart; who but a Tyrant would have put a Loyal Subject to Death, only for his Affe-' Etion, and Regards to the Memory of his Dead ' Father? How barbarously did he treat his ' Favourites, Parmenio, Philotas, Calisthenes, 'Amintas, &c. So that good or bad is all a case; for 'tis Crime enough to be the Favourite of a Tyrant: As in the Course of ' Human Life, every Man dies because he is Mortal; and the Disease is rather the ' Pretext of his Death, than the Cause of ' it. You'll find now (fays Satan) that Tyrants will shew their People many a Dogtrick, when the Humour takes them. The Good, they bate, for not being wicked; and the Bad, because they are no worse. How many Favourites have you ever seen come to a fair and timely End? Remember the Emblem Emblem of the Sponge, and that's the use that Princes make of their Favourites: They let them suck and fill, and then squeeze them

for their own Profit.

At that word there was heard a lamentable Cry; and at the same time a venerable Old Man, as pale as if he had no Blood in his Veins, came up to Lucifer, and told him, That his Emblem of the Sponge came very pat to his Case; For (fays he) I was a great Favourite, and a great Hoarder of Treafure: A Spaniard by Birth; the Tutor and Confident of Nero; and my Name is Seneca. Indeed his Bounties were to Excess; he gave me without asking, and in taking I was never Covetous, but Obedient. It is in the Nature of Princes, and it befits their Quality, to be liberal where they take a liking, both of Honour and Fortunes : And 'tis hard for a Subject to refuse, without some Reflexion upon the Generosity or Discretion of his Master. For 'tis not the Merit, or Modesty of the Vassal, but the Glory of the Prince that is in Question: And he is the best Subject, that contributes the most to the Splendor, and Reputation of his Sovereign. Nero indeed gave me as much as fuch a Prince could befow; and I manag'd his Liberalities with all the Moderation imaginable: Yet all too little, to preserve me from the Strokes of Envious and Malicious Tongues; which

which would have it, that my Philosophizing upon the Contempt of the World, was nothing else but a meer Imposture, that with less danger and notice, I might feed and entertain my Avarice, and with the fewer Competitors. Finding my Credit with my Master declining. it stood me upon to provide some way or other for my Quiet, and to withdraw my felf from being the mark of a Publick Envy. So I went directly to Nero, and with all posfible Respect and Humility, made him a Prefent back again of his own Bounties. The Truth is, I had so great a Passion for his Service, that neither the Severity of his Nature, nor the Debauchery of his Manners, could ever deter me from exhorting him to nobler Courses, and paying him all the Duties of a Loyal Subject. Especially in cases of Cruelty and Blood: I laid it perpetually home to his Conscience, but all to little purpose; for he put his Mother to Death; laid the City of Rome in Ashes; and indeed, depopulated the Empire, of honest Men. And this drew on Piso's Conspiracy, which was better laid than executed: For upon the Discovery the prime Instruments lost their Lives; and by Divine Providence this Prince was preserv'd, in order (as one would have thought) to his Repentance and change of Life. But upon the Issue, the Conspiracy was prevented, and Nero never the better. At the same time he he put Lucan to Death, only for being a better Poet than himself. And if he gave me my Choice what Death to die, it was rather Cruelty than Pity: For in the very deliberation, which Death to Chuse, I suffer'd all even in the Terror and Apprehension that made me refuse the rest. The Election I made was to bleed to Death in a Bath, and I sinish'd my own dispatches hither; where to my farther Affliction, I have again encountred this Insamous Prince, studying new Cruelties, and instructing the very Devils themselves in the Art of Tormenting.

At that word Nero advanc'd, with his

At that word Nero advanc'd, with his Ill-favour'd Face, and shrill Voice. 'It is 'very well (fays be) for a Prince's Favourite, or Tutor, to be wifer than his 'Master; but let him manage that Advantage then with Respect, and not like a rash and insolent Fool, make Proclamation presently to the World, that he's the wifer of the Two. While Seneca kept himself within those Bounds, I lodg'd him in my Bosom, and the Love I had for that Man was the Glory of my Government; but when he came to publish once (what he should have dissembled or conceal'd) that it was not Nero, but Seneca, that rul'd the Empire, nothing less than his Blood could make satisfaction for so intolerable

a Scandal; and from that Hour I refolv'd his

' his Ruin. And I had rather fuffer what 'I do a hundred times over, than entertain ' a Favourite that should raise His Credit upon My Dishonour. Whether I have rea-' fon on my fide or no, I appeal to all this ' Princely Affembly: Draw near, I befeech ' ye, as many as are here, and speak freely, my Royal Brethren; Did ye ever suffer ' any Favourite to 'scape unpunish'd, that had the Impudence to write I and my " King; to make a Stale of Majesty, and ' to publish himself a better States-man shan his Master? No, no, (they cry'd out all with one Voice) it never was, and never shall be endured, while the World lasts: For we have left our Successors under an Oath, to have a care on't. 'Tis true, a wise Counsellor at a Prince's Elbow, is a Treasure, and ought to be so esteemed, while he makes it his Business to cry up the Abilities and Justice of his Sovereign: But in the instant that his Vanity transports him to the contrary; away with him to the Dogs, and down with him, for there's no enduring of it.

'All this (cry'd Sejanus) does not yet concern me; for though I had indeed more Brains than Tiberius; yet I so order'd it, that he had the Credit in publick, of all my private Advices. And so sensible he was of my Services, that he " made

' made me his Partner, and Companion in ' the Empire: He caus'd my Statues to be ' Erected, and Invested them with sacred ' Privileges. Let Sejanus Live, was the daily 'Cry of the People; and in Truth my well-being was the joy of the Empire; and far and near there were publick ' Prayers and Vows offer'd up for my Health. ' But what was the End of all? When I ' thought my felf furest in my Master's Arms ' and Favour, he let me fall; nay, he threw ' me down, caus'd me to be cut in pieces; delivering me up to the Fury of a Barbarous and Enraged Multitude, that drag'd e me along the Streets, and happy was he that could get a piece of my Flesh to car-' ry upon a Javelins Point in Triumph. And it had been well this inhuman Cruelty ' had stopt here; but it extended to my poor Children; who, though unconcern'd in my Crimes, were yet to partake in my Fate. A Daughter I had, whom the very Law exempted from the stroke of Ju-' stice, because of her Virginity; but to clear that scruple, she was condemn'd first to be " Ravish'd by the Hangman, and then to be Beheaded, and treated as her Father. My ' first Failing was upon Temerity and Pride: 'I would out-run my Destiny, desy For-tune; and for Divine Providence, I look'd upon it as a ridiculous thing. When I was

once out of the way, I thought doing worse was somewhat in order to being better; and then I began to fortify my felf by Violence, against Craft and Maclice. Some were put to Death, others ' Banish'd; till in fine, all the Powers of Hea-' ven and Earth, declar'd themselves against me. I had recourse to all forts of ill Peoople, and Means. I had my Physician for Poysoning; my Assassins for Revenge; I had my false Witnesses and corrupt Judges; and in Truth, what Instrument of Wickedness had I not? And all this not upon Choice or Inclination; but purely out of the Necessity of my Condition. When ever I should come to fall, I was sure to be forsaken both of Good and Bad; and therefore I shun'd the better fort, as those that would only serve to accuse me; but ' the lend and vicious I frequented, to encrease the Number of my Complices, and make my Party the stronger. But after all, If Tiberius was a Tyrant, I'll swear he was e never fo by my Advice: But on the contrary; I have suffer'd more from him for plain dealing and diffuading him, than the very Subjects of his Severity have com-' monly fuffer'd by him. I know, 'tis charg'd upon me, that I stirr'd him up to Cruelty, to render him odious, and to ingratiate my felf to the People. But who P 4 was

was his Adviser, I pray'e, in this Butcherly proceeding against me? Oh Lucifer, Lucifer! you know very well that 'tis the practice of Tyrants, when they do amiss themselves, and set their People a grumbling, to lay all the Blame (and Punish-' ment too) upon the Instrument; and hang ' up the Minister for the Master's Fault. 'This is the End of all Favourites, cries one; Not a Half-penny matter if they were all serv'd so, Says another. And every Historian has his saying upon this Catastrophe, and sets up a Buoy to warn After-ages of the Rock of Court-favours. The Great-' ness of a Favourite, I must confess, proclaims the Greatness of his Maker; and the Prince that maintains what he has once rais'd, does but justify the Prudence of his own Choice: And when ever he comes to undo what he has done, pub-' lishes himself to be light and unconstant, and does as good as declare himself (even ' against himself) of the Enemy's Party. Up stept Plantian then, (Severus's Fa-

vourite) he that was toss'd out of a Garret-Window, to make the People sport. My condition in the World (says he) was perfectly like that of a Rocket, or Fire-work: I was carry'd up to a Prodigious Height in a moment, and all Peoples Eyes were upon me, as a Star of the first Magnitude; but my Glory

Glory was very short-liv'd; and down I fell into Obscurity and Ashes. After him, appear'd a Number of other Favourites; and all of them hearkning to Belisarius the Favourite of Justinian; who Blind as he was, had already knockt twice with his Staff, and shaking his Head, with a weak and complaining Voice, desir'd Audience, which was at length granted him, Silence commanded; And he said, as follows.

'Princes (faid he) before they destroy
'the Creatures they have rais'd and cho'sen, should do well to consider, that Cruelty
'and Inconstancy is much a greater Insamy
'to a Prince, than the worst Effects of it
'can be to a Favourite. For my own part,
'I serv'd an Emperor, that was both a Chri'stian, and a great Lover and Promoter of
'Justice. And yet after all the Services I
'had done him, in several Battels and Ad'ventures, (insomuch that He was actually
'become my Debtor, for the very Glory of
'his Empire) My Reward in the End, was
'to have my Eyes put out, and (with a Dog
'and a Bell) to be turn'd a begging from
'Door to Door. Thus was that Belisarius
'treated, whose very Name formerly was
'worth an Army, and he was the Saul of

worth an Army; and he was the Soul of his Friends, as well as the Terror of his

Enemies. But a Prince's Favour, is like Quick-silver, Restless, and Slippery, never

to be fix'd; never secured. Force it, and it spends it self in Fumes: Sublime it, and

'tis a Mortal Poison. Handle it only, and it works it self into the very Bones; and all

that have to do with it, Live and Dye, Pale

' and Trembling.

At these Words, the whole Band of Favourites set up a Hideous and a Heavy Groan, trembling like Aspen-leaves; and at the same time, reciting several Passages out of the Prophet Habakkuk, against Careless and Wicked Governors. By which Threatnings, is given to understand, That the Almighty, when he has a Mind to destroy a Wicked Ruler, does not always Punish one Potentate by Another, and bring his Ends about by a Tryal of Arms, or the Event of a Battel; but many times makes use of things the most Abject and Vile, to Confound the Vanity and Arrogance of the Mighty; and makes even Worms, Flies, Caterpillars, and Lice to serve him as the Ministers of his Terrible Justice: Nay, The Stone in the Wall, and the Beam in the House, shall rise in Judgment against them.

This Discourse might have gone farther, but that the Company presently parted, to know the meaning of a sudden Noise and Clatter they heard, that half deastned the Auditory. And what was it at last, but a Scuffle between the Gown-men, and the Brothers of the Blade? and there were Persons of great

Honour,

Honour, and Learning, young and old, engag'd in the Fray. The Men of Warwere at it clashing with their Swords, and the Gentle-men of the Long Robe, Fencing some with with Tostatus; others with huge Pandects, that with their old Wainscot-covers, were as good as Bucklers; and would now and then give the Foe a heavy Rebuke, over and above. The Combat had certainly been very bloody, if one of Lucifer's Constables had not commanded them in the King's Name to keep the Peace; which made a drawn Battel: And with that, one of the Combatants, with the best Face he had, said aloud; If ye knew (Gentlemen) either Us or our Quarrel, you'd fay we had reason, and perhaps fide with us. At that instant there appear'd, Domitian, Commodus, Caracalla, Phalaris, Heliogabalus, Alcetes, Andronicus, Busiris, and Old Oliver, with a World of great Personages more; which when Lucifer faw, he dispos'd himself to treat that Majestical Appearance, as much to their Satisfaction as was possible. And then came up a grave Ancient Man, with a great Train at his Heels, that were all Bloody, and full of the Marks they had receiv'd under the Persecution of these Tyrants.

You have here before ye (quoth the Old Man) Solon; and these are the Seven

Sages,

' Sages, Natives of Greece, but renown'd throughout the Universe. He there in the ' Mortar, is that Anaxarchus that was Pounded to Death by Command of Nico-creon; He with the Flat Nofe, is Socrates; the little Crump-shoulder'd Wretch, was the Famous Aristotle; and T'other there the ' Divine Plato. Those in the Corner, are all of the same Profession too; Grave and Learned Philosophers; that have displeas'd Tyrants with their Writings: and in fine, the World is stor'd with their Works, and Hell with the Authors. To come to the ' Point, most mighty Lucifer, we are all of us Dealers in Politicks; great Writers, and " Deep-read-men in the Maxims of State and 'Government. We have digested Policy ' into a Method, and laid down certain " Rules, by which Princes may make themfelves Great and Belov'd. We have advis'd them, impartially to administer " Justice; to reward Virtue, as well Military ' as Civil; to Employ Able Men, Banish · Flatterers; to put Men of Wisdom and Integrity in Places of Trust. To reward or punish, without Passion, and according to the Merits of the Cause, as God's Vicegerents. And this now is our Offence. ' We name no body, we defign no body; but 'tis Crime enough to wish well to the Way,

and

' and to the Lovers of Virtue. With that, turning towards the Tyrants: Oh most unjust Princes, (said he) those Glorious Kings and Emperors, from whom we took the Model of our Laws and Instructions, are now in a state of Rest and Comfort, ' while you are tormented. Numa is now a ' Star in the Firmament, and Tarquin a Firebrand in Hell. And the Memory of Au-' gustus and Trajan is still fresh and fragrant, when the Names of Nero and Sardanapa-Lus are more Putrid and Odious than their Bodies.

When Dionysius the Tyrant heard this, (with his Companions about him) Flesh and Blood could hold no longer; and he cry'd out in a Rage, 'That Rogny Philso' pher has told a Thousand Lyes. Legislators,
' with a Pox! Yes, yes, they are sweet ' Legislators, and Princes have many a fair Obligation to them. No, no Sirrah, (fays he to Solon) you are all of you a Company of Quacks; Ye prate and speculate of things ye don't understand; and with your damn'd Moralities, set the People agog upon Liberty; cry up the Doctrine of Free-born Subjects, and then our Portion is ' Persecution in one World, and Infamy in tother.

' We shall have a fine Time on't, my most Gracious Prince, (cry'd Julian the Apo-

' state, staring Lucifer in the Face) when these Dunghil-Pedants, a Company of · Cock-brain'd, Ridiculous, Mortifi'd, Ill-. · bred, Beggerly Tatterdemallions, shall come bred, Beggerly Tatterdemallions, shall come to erect a Committee for Politicks, and pass Sentence upon Governors, and Governments; stilling themselves (forsooth) the Supporters of both; without any more Skill than my Horse in what belongs to either. Tell me (says he) if a Brave Prince had not better be Damn'd, than subject himself to hear one of these Turdy-Facy-Paty-Nasty-Lousy-Fartical-Rascals, with a Scabb'd Head, and a Plantation of Lice in his Beard; and his Eyes crept into the Nape of his Neck, pronouncing for an Aphorism; That a Prince that looks only to One, is a That a Prince that looks only to One, is a Tyrant; and that a True King is the Shep-berd, and Servant of his People. Ah, rash and besotted Coxcombs! If a King clooks only to Others, who shall look to Him? As if Princes had not Enemies enough abroad, without being so to themselves too. But you may Write your Hearts out, and never the nearer. Where's our Sovereignty, if we have not our Sub-' jects Lives and Estates at our Mercy?
'And where's our absolute Power, if we fubmit to the Counsels of our Vas-' fals? If we have not to fatisfie our ' Appetites, Avarice and Revenge, we want

want Power to discharge the Noblest Ends
of Government. These Contemplative
Idiots would have us make Choice of
Good Officers, to keep the Bad in Order;
which were a Madness, in our Condition.
Let them be Complaisant, and no Matter
for any other Merit, or Virtue. A Parcel
of Good Offices, handsomly disposed among
a Pack of Cheats and Atheists, will make
us a Party another Day; whereas all is lost,
that's bestow'd upon honest Men; for
they're our Enemies: Speak Truth then
all of ye, and shame the Devil; for the
Butcher fats his Sheep only for the Sham-

I have said enough, I suppose, to stop your Mouths; but here's an Orator will read you another-gates Lecture of Politicks, than any you have had yet, if you'll give him the Hearing. Photinus, advance, (said Julian) and speak your Mind. Whereupon, there appear'd a Brazen-fac'd Fellow, with a Hanging-Look, and twenty other Marks of a Desperate Villain; who with a Hellish Yell, and three or four wry Mouths for a Prologue, brake into this Discourse.

· bles.

The Wicked Advice of one of Ptolomy's Courtiers, about the Killing of Pompey; taken out of Lucan's Pharsalia, Lib. 8.

'MEthinks under Favour, (most Re-'nown'd Ptolomy) we are now slipt 'into a Debate, a little beside the Business. ' The Question is, Whether Pompey should be deliver'd up to Cæsar, or no. That is to ' say, whether in Reason of State, it ought to be done; and we are formalizing the ' Matter, whether in point of Equity and 'Justice it may be done. Bodies Politick have no Souls; and never did any great
Prince turn a Council of State into a Court ' of Conscience, but he repented it. Kingdoms ' are to be govern'd by Politicians, not by \* Casuists; and there is nothing more contrary to the true Interest of Crowns and Empires, than in Publick Cases, to make a Scruple of Private Duties. The Argument is this; Pompey is in Distress, and Ptolomy under an Obligation; so that it were a violation of Faith and Hospita-'lity, not to relieve him. Now give me 'leave to reason in the other way. Pom-'pey is forsaken, and persecuted by the 'Gods; Casar upon the Heels of him, with " Victory and Success. Shall Ptolomy now " ruine himself, to protect a Fugitive, against

both Heaven and Cafar! I must confess, where Honesty and Profit are both of a side, 'tis well; but where they disagree, the · Prince that does not quit his Religion for ' his Convenience, falls into a direct Conspi-' racy against himself. He shall lose the · Hearts of his Soldiery, and the Reputation of his Power. Whereas on the contrary, the most hateful Tyrant in the World ' shall be able to keep his Head above Water, let him but give a general Licence to commit all forts of Wickedness: You'll fay 'tis impious: But I say, what if it be? 'who shall call you to accompt? These Deliberations are only for Subjects, that are under Command; and not for Sovereign

--- Exeat Aulà,

Qui volet esse pius.

Princes, whose Will is a Law.

He was never cut out For a Court, that's devout.

'In fine, fince either Pompey or Ptolomy must fuffer, I am absolutely for the saving of Ptolomy, and the presenting of Pompey's " Head, without any more ado, to Cafar. " A Dead Dog will never Bite.

Photinus had no sooner made an end, but Domitian appear'd in a monstrous Rage, and

lug-

lugging of poor Suetonius after him, like a Bear to the Stake. 'There is not in Na-' ture (fays he) fo damn'd a Generation of Scribling Rogues, as these Historians. We can neither be quiet for them, Living nor " Dead; for they haunt us in our very Graves; and when they have vented the Humour, and Caprice of their own Brains, that for-' footh must be called, The Life of such an Emperor. And for an Instance, I'll shew ' ye what this Impertinent Chronicler says of my self. He had squander'd away his bis Treasure, (says he) in expensive Buildings, Comedies, and Donatives to the · Soldiers. Now would I fain know which way it could have been better employ'd. In another place he fays, 'That Domitian had some thoughts of easing himself in his
Military Charges, by reducing the Number; but that he durst not do, for fear some of his Neighbours should put an Affront upon him. So that to lick himself whole, he fell to raking and scraping whatever he could ' get, either from Dead or Living; and any Rascal's Testimony was Proof enough for a

" Confiscation; for there needed no more to

" undo an Honest Man, than to tell a Tale at Court, that such a one had spoken Ill of the

· Prince.

'Is this the way of Treating Majesty?' what could this Impudent Pedant have

' faid worse, if he had been speaking of a.

Pick-pocket, or a Pirate? But Princes and ' Thieves are all one to them. He says farther, 'That Domitian made Seizure of several Estates, without any fort of Right what soever; and there went no more to his Title, then for a false Wite ness to depose, That he heard the Defunct declare, before he dy'd, that he made Cæsar bis Heir. He set such a Tax upon the Jews, that many of them deny'd their Religion to ' avoid it. And I remember that when I was a ' young Fellow, I saw an old Man of Fourscore ' and Ten, taken upon suspicion by one of Domitian's Spies, and turn'd up in a pub-

· lick Assembly, to see if he was Circum-

cised.

Be ye now Judges, Gentlemen of the Black Guard, if this be not a most intole-' rable Indignity. Am I to answer for the 'Actions of my Inferior Officers? It 'amazes me, that my Successors should ever endure these scandalous Reports to be ' published, especially against a Prince that had laid out so much Money in Repairing ' the Libraries that were burnt.

It is very true, (faid Suetonius in a doleful tone) and I have not forgotten to make mention of it to your Honour. But what

will

will you say, if I shew you in a Warrant under your Hand, this execrable and impious Blashemy? It is the Command of your Lord and God. And in fine, if I speak no-Lord and God. And in fine, if I speak nothing but Truth, where's your cause of Complaint? I have written the Lives too of the Great Julius Casar, and the Divine Augustus; and the World will not say but I have done them right. But for your self, and such as you, that are effectually but so many Incarnate and Crowned Plagues; what sault have I committed in setting before your Eyes those Tyrannies, which Heaven and Earth cannot but look upon with Dread and Horrow. and Horrour.

This Discourse of Suctonius was interrupted by the Babler, or Boutefeu, that rounded Lucifer in the Ear, and told him, Look ye, Sir, (says he, pointing with his Finger) that limping Devil there, that looks as if he were surbated with beating ' the Hoof, has been abroad in the World this Twenty Year, and is but just now come back again. Come hither Sirrah, cryes Lucifer; and so the poor Cur went wrigling and glotting up towards his Prince. You are a fine Rogue to be fent of an Errand, ' are ye not? (says Lucifer) to stay Twenty 'Year out, and come back again e'en as wise as ye went? What Souls have ye brought now? Or what News from t'other ' World?

' World? Ha! Your Highness (quoth the Devil ) has too much Honour and Ju-stice, to condemn me unheard. Wherefore be pleased to remember, that at my going out, you gave me charge of a certain Merchant: It cost me the first Ten Years of my time to make him a Thief, and Ten more to keep him from turning honest again, and restoring what he had stoln. A fine Fetch for a Devil this, is it not? cry'd Lucifer. But Hell is no more the Hell it was when I knew it first, than Chalk is Cheese: And the Devils nowa-days are so damn'dly insipid and dry, they're hardly worth the roasting. A sensless Puppy! to come back to me with a Story of Waltham's Calf, that went nine Mile to suck a Bull. But he's not Master of his Trade yet. And with that, Lucifer bad one of his Officers take him away, and put him to School again; for I perceive he's a Rascal, says he; and he has e'en been roguing at a Play-House, when he should have been at Church.

In that inkant, from behind a little Hill, a great many Men came running as hard as they could drive, after a Company of Women: The Men crying out, Stop, Stop; and the Women crying for Help. Lucifer commanded them all to be seiz'd, and askt what was the matter. Alas, alas! (cry'd one of the Men, quite out of breath) these Carrions have made us Fathers, though we never had

Chil-

Children. Govern your Tongue, Sirrah, (cry'd a Devil of Honour, out of respect to the Ladies) and speak Truth: For tis utterly impossible ye should be Fathers without Children. Pardon me, said the Fellow, we were marry'd Men, and honest Men, and good Housekeepers, and have born Offices in the Parish, and have Children that call us Fathers. But 'tis a strange thing, we have been abroad some of us by the Seven Year together; others, as long Bed-rid, and fo impotent, that the Civilians would have put us, inter Frigidos & Maleficiatos: And yet our Wives have brought every Year a Child, which we were fuch Fools as to keep and bring up, and give our selves to the Devil at last to get them Estates, out of a Charitable Perswasion, (forfooth) they might yet be our own; though for a Twelve-month together (perhaps) we never so much as examin'd, whether our Wives were Fish or Flesh. But now fince the Mothers are dead, and the Children grown up, we have found the Tools that made them. One has the Coach-man's Nose; another, the Gentleman-Usher's Legs; a third, a Cosin-German's Eyes. And some we are to presume, conceiv'd purely by strength of Imagination; or elfe by the Ears, like Weazels.

Thereupon appear'd a little Remnant of a Man; a dapper Spaniard, with a kind

of a Besom-Beard, and a Voice not unlike the yapping of a foysting Cur. As he came near the Company, he set up his Throat, and call'd out: Ah Jade! says he, I shall now take ye to task, ye Whore you, for making me Father my Negro's Bastard; and for the Estate I settled upon him. I did ever misdoubt foul Play, but should never have dreamt of that Ugly Toad, when there was such choice of handsom lusty young Fellows about us; but it may be she had them too. I curst the Monks many and many a time. I remember, to the Pit of many a time, I remember, to the Pit of Hell, Heaven forgive me for't: For the Strumpet would be perpetually gadding abroad, under colour of going to Confession; and in sooth, I was never any great Friend to Penance and Mortification. And then would I be easing my Mind ever and anon to this cursed Moor. I cannot imagin (faid I) where this Mistress of thine should (faid I) where this Miltrels of thine should commit all the Sins that she goes every Hour of the Day to Confess at yonder Monastery. And then would this Dog-Moor answer me: Alas good Lady! I would e'en venture my Soul with hers, with all my Heart; she spends all her time, you see, in Holy Duties. I was at that time so innocent, that I suspected nothing more, than a pure Respect and Civility to my Wise; but I have learnt better since; and that effectually his Q4

Soul and hers were commonly ventur'd in the same Bottom; yes, and their Bodies too, as I perceive by their Magpy-Issue; for the Bastards take after both Father and Mother.

So that at this rate, cry'd the adopted Fathers, the Husband of a Whore has a pleafant time on't. First, he's subjected to all the Pukings, Longings, and peevish Importunities, that a breeding Woman gives those about her, till she's Laid; and then comes the squalling of the Child, and the Twittle-twattle-Gossipings of the Nurse and Midwife; that must be well treated too, well ledge'd and well neid. lodg'd, and well paid. A sweet Baby, (says one to the Jade the Mother on't) 'tis e'en as like the Father, as if he had spit it out on's Mouth; it has the very Lips, the very Eyes of him; when 'tis no more like Him, than an Apple is like an Oyster. And in conclufion, when we have born all this, and twenty times more in t'other World with a Christian Patience, we are hurry'd away to Hell, and here we lie a Company of damn'd Cuckolds of us; and here we are like to lie, for ought I see, in Secula Seculorum: which is very hard, and in truth, out of all reason.

I cut this Visit short, to see what News in a deep Vault near at hand, where we heard a great bustle and contest betwixt divers

divers Souls and the Devils. There were the Presumptuous, the Revengeful, and the Envious; gaping and crying out, as they would break their Hearts. Oh, that I could but be Born again! fays one; Oh, that I might back into the World again! fays another; Oh, that I were but to Die once more! crys a third. Infomuch that they put the crys a third. Infomuch that they put the Devils out of all Patience, with their impertinent and unprofitable Wishes and Exclamations. Hang your selves, cry'd they, for a Pack of couzening, bawling Rascals: You Live again! and be Born again! And what if you might do't a thousand times over? You would only Dye at last a thousand times greater Villains, than now you are; and there would be no clearing Hell of you with a Dog-whip. However, to try you, and make you know your felves; we have Commission to let you Live again, and Return. Up then, ye Varlets, go, be Born again; Get ye into the World again. Away, cry'd the Devils, with a lusty Lash at every Word; and thrust hard to have got them out. But the poor Rogues hung an Arfe; and were struck with such a Terror, to hear of Living again, and Returning; that they flunk into a Corner, and lay as quiet upon't as Lambs.

At length, one of the Company that feem'd to have somewhat more Brain and

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Resolution than his Fellows, enter'd very gravely upon the Debate, Whether they should go out, or no? 'If I should now, says he, 'at my Second Birth, come into the World 'a Bastard; the Shame would be mine, 'though my Parents committed the Fault; 'and I should carry the Scandal and the Insamy of it to my Grave. Now put case, 'my Mother should be honest, (for that's 'not impossible) and that I came into the ' not impossible) and that I came into the World, Legitimate; how many Follies, Vices, and Diseases are there that run in a Blood! Who knows but I should be mad, or simple? Swear, lye, cheat, whore; ' nay, if I came off with a little Mortification of my Carcass; as the Stone, the Scurvey, or the Noble Pox; I were a happy Man. But Oh! the Lodging, the Diet, and the ' Cookery that I am to expect for a matter of ' Nine Months in my Mother's Belly; and then the Butter and Beer, that must be ' fpent to fweeten me, when I change my Quarter. I must come Crying into the World, and live in ignorance even of what Life is, till I Dye; and then as ignorant of Death too, till 'tis past. I fancy my ' Swadling-clouts and Blankets to be worse ' than my Winding-sheet; my Cradle reprefents my Tomb. And then who knows whether my Nurse shall be sound, or no? She'll overlay me perhaps; leave me fome

four and twenty Hours, it may be, without clean Clouts; and a Pin or two all the while perchance, up to the hilts in my Back-side. And then follows Breeding of Teeth and Worms; with all the Gripes and Disorders that are caus'd by Unwholsom Milk. These Miseries are certain; and why should I run them over

'again?

'If it happen that I pass the state of 'Infancy without the Pox or Meazils, I 'must be then packt away to School, to get

the Itch, a Scal'd-Head, or a pair of Kib'd-Heels. In Winter, 'tis ten to one you find

me with a Snotty-Nose; and perpetually under the Lash, if I either miss my Lesson,

or go late to School. So that, Hang Him

' for my part, that would be Born again; for

any thing I fee yet.

'When I come up toward Man, the Women will have me as sure as a Gun; for
they have a thousand Ginns and Devices
to catch Woodcocks; and if ever I come
to set Eye upon a Lass that understands
Dress and Railery, I'm gone, if there were
no more Lads in Christendom. But for my
part, I am as sick as a Dog, of Pondering,
Curling, and playing the Lady-Bird. I
would not for all the World be in the
Shoemaker's-stocks, and chook my self over
again in astreight Doublet; only to have

the the

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the Ladies say, Look, what a delicate Shape and Foot that Gentleman has. And I would take as little pleasure to spend six ' Hours of the four and twenty, in picking Grey Hairs out of my Head or Beard, or ' turning White into Black. To stand half-' ravisht in the contemplation of my own ' Shadow: To Dress fine, and go to Church only to see handsom Ladies: To correct ' the Midnight-Air with Ardent Sighs and Ejaculations; and to keep company with 'Owls and Batts, like a Bird of Ill Omen: ' To walk the round of a Mistress Lodging, and play at Bo-peep at the corner of every Street; to adore her Imperfections, (or as the Song says, --- for her Ugliness, and for her want of Coyn;) to make Bracelets of her Locks, and truck a Pearl-Necklace ' for a Shoe-string. At this rate, I say, 'Cursed again and again be He, for my part, that would Live over again so Wretched Life.

Being come now to write Full Man, If I have an Estate, how many Cares, Suits and Wrangles go along with it! If I have None, what Murmuring and Regret, at my Misfortunes! By this time, the Sins of my Youth are gotten into my Bones; I grow Sowre and Melancholy; nothing pleases me; I curse Old-Age to ten thousand Devils; and the Youth

which I can never recover in my Veins, I endeavour to fetch out of the Barbers-Shops; from Peruques, Razors, and Patches, to conceal, or at least disguise, all the Marks and · Evidences of Nature in her Decay. Nay, when I shall have never an Eye to see with, onor a Tooth left in my Head; Gouty Legs, Windmills in my Crown, my Nose running ' like a Tap, and Gravel in my Reins by the Bushel; then must I make Oath that all this is nothing but meer Accident, gotten by Lying in the Field, or the like; and out-face the Truth, in the very Teeth of ' so many undeniable Witnesses. There is on Plague comparable to this Hypocrify of the Members. To have an Old Fop shake his Heel, when he's ready to fall to pieces; ' and cry, These Legs would make a shift yet to play with the best Legs in the Com-' pany; and then with a lusty Thump on's Breast, fetch ye up a Hem, and cry, Sound at Heart, Boy; and a thousand other Fooleries of the like nature. But all this ' is nothing to the Misery of an Old Fellow ' in Love; especially if he be put to Gal-'lant it against a Company of Young Game-'sters. Oh! the inward Shame and Vexa-' tion, to see himself scarce so much as neglected. It happens sometimes that a folly Lady, for want of better Entertainment, may content herself with one of " thefe

these Reverend Fornicators, instead of a Whetstone: But alack, alack! the poor Man is weak, though willing; and after a whole Night spent in cold and frivolous Pretences and Excuses, away he goes with Torments of Rage and Confusion about him, not be exprest; and many a heavy Curse is sent after him, for keeping a poor Lady from her natural Rest, to so little purpose. How often must I be put to the Blush too, when every Old Toast shall be calling me Old Acquaintance; and telling me, Oh Sir, 'tis many a fair Day, since you and I knew one another first: I think'twas in the Four and Thirtieth of the Queen, that we were School-' these Reverend Fornicators, instead of a ' tieth of the Queen, that we were School-· Fellows. How the World's alter'd since! &c. ' And then must my Head be turn'd to a ' Memento Mori; my Flesh dissolv'd into Rheums; my Skin wither'd and wrinkled; with a Staff in my Hand; knocking the ' Earth at every trembling step, as if I ' call'd upon my Grave to receive me. ' Walking, like a moving Phantosm; my 'Life little more than a Dream; my Reins and Bladder turn'd into a perfect Quarry; ' and the Urinal or Piss-pot, my whole Study. ' My next Heir watching every Minute, for ' the long-lookt-for, and happy Hour of ' my Departure: And in the mean time, 'I'm become the Physician's Revenue; and the the

the Surgeon's Practice, with an Apothecary's Shop in my Guts; and every Old Jade calling me Grandsire. No, no; I'll no, more Living again, I thank ye: One Hell, rather than two Mothers. Let us now consider the Comforts of ' Life; the Humours, and the Manners. He that would be Rich, must play the Thief, or the Cheat; he that would Rise in the World, must turn Parasite, Informer, or Projector. He that Marries, ventures fair for the ' Horn, either before or after. There is ' no Valour, without Swearing, Quarreling, or Hectoring; if ye are Poor, no body owns ' ye; if Rich, you'll know no body; if you ' dye Young, What pity it was (they'll say) ' that he should be cut off thus in the Prime; ' if Old, He was e'en past his Best, there's ono great Miss of him; if you are Religious, ' and frequent the Church and the Sacra-' ment, you're an Hypocrite; and without ' this, you're an Atheist, or an Heretick. 'If you are gay and pleasant, you pass presently for a Buffoon; and if pensive and reserved, you are taken to be sowre and censorious. Courtesy is call'd Colloguing and Currying of Favour: Down-right Honesty, and Plain-dealing, is interpreted to be Pride and Ill Manners. This is the " World; and for all that's in't, I would onot have it to go over again. If any of ye, my Masters, (said he to his Camerades) be of another Opinion, hold up your Hands. No, no; (they cry'd all unanimously) No more Generation-Work, I beseech ye: Better the Devils,

than the Midwives. After this, came a Testator, Cursing and Raving like a Bedlam, that he had made his Last Will and Testament. F Ah Villain! ' (said he) for a Man to Murther himself,
' as I have done! If I had not Seal'd,
' I had not Dy'd. Of all things, next a Physician, Deliver me from a Testa-ment! it has kill'd more than the Pesti-· lence. Oh miserable Mortals; let the Living take warning by the Dead, and make no Testaments. It was my hard Luck, first to put my Life into the Physician's Power; and then by making my Will, to Sign the Sentence of Death upon my Self; and my own Execution. Put your Soul, and your Estate in Order, (says the Doctor) for there's no hope of Life: And the word was no fooner out, but I was fo wife and devout (forfooth) as to fall immediately upon the Prologue
of my Will, with an In Nomine Domini,
Amen, &c. And when I came to dispose of
my Goods and Chattels, I pronounc'd these
Bloody Words; (I would I had been tonguety'd when I did it) I make and constitute my

Son, my Sole Executor. Item, To my Dear Wife I give and bequeath all my ' Plays and Romances; and all the Furniture in the Rooms upon the Second Story.
To my very good Friend, T. B. my large
Tankard, tor a Remembrance. To my
Foot-Boy Robin, Five-Pound to bind him Prentice. To Betty, that tended me in my Sickness, my little Caudle-Cup. To Mr. Doctor, my fair Table-Diamond, for ' his Care of me in my Illness. After Signing, and Sealing, the Ink was scarce dry upon the Paper, but methought the Earth open'd, as if it had been hungry to devour me. My Son and my Legatees were prefently casting it up, how many Hours I might yet hold out. If I call'd for the Cordial-Julep, or a little of Dr. Gilbert's Water; my Son was taking Possession of my Estate: My Wife so busy about the Beds and Hangings, that she could not intend it: The Boy and the Wench could understand nothing, but about their Legacies. My very good Friend's Mind was wholly upon his Tankard: My kind Doctor, I must confess, took occasion now and then to handle my Pulse, and see whether the Diamond were of the right black-water, or no; 'If I askt him what I might Eat, his answer was, any thing, any thing, e'en what you please ' your self. At every Groan I fetcht, they e were R

were calling for their Legacies, which they

could not have, till I was Dead.

But if I were to begin the World again, I think I should make another kind of Testament: I would say, 'A Curse upon him' that shall have my Estate when I am Dead; and may the first bit of Bread he eats out on't, choak him. The Devil in Hell take what ' I cannot carry away; and him too, that ' struggles for't, if he can catch him. If ' I dye, let my Boy Robin have the Strappado three hours a day, to be duly paid him during Life. Let my Wife dye of the Pip, or the Mother; (not a half-peny-'matter which ) but let her first live long enough to plague the damn'd Doctor, and ' indite him for Poysoning her poor Husband. To speak sincerely, I can never forgive that Dog-Leech. Was it not enough to make me Sick, when I was Well, without making me Dead, when I was Sick? And not to rest there neither, but to persecute me in my Grave too. But to fay the truth, this is only Neighbours-Fare; for all those Fools that trust in them, are serv'd with the same Samce. A Vomit, or a Purge, is as good a Pass-port into the other World, as a Man would wish. And then when our Heads are laid; 'tis never to be endured, the Scandals they cast upon our Bodies and Memories! Heaven rest his Soul, (cryes one)

one) he kill'd himself with a Debauch. How is't possible ( says another) to cure a Man that keeps no Diet? He was a Mad-man, (cryes a third) a meer Sot, and would not be govern'd by his Physician. His Body was as Rotten as a Pear: He had as many Diseases as a Horse, and it was not in the power of Man to fave him. And truly 'twas well that his Hour was come, for he had better a great deal Dye well, than Live on as he did. Thieves and Murtherers that ye are! You your Selves are that Hour ye talk of. The Physician is only Death in a Disguise, and brings his Patient's Hour along with him. Cruel People! Is it not enough to take away a Man's Life, and like Common Hangmen to be paid for't when ye have done; but you must blast the Honour too of those ye have dispatcht, to excuse your Ignorance? Let but the Living follow my Counsel, and write their Testaments after this Copy, they shall live long and happily, and not go out of the World at last, like a Rat with a Straw in his Arse; (as a Learned Author has it) or be cut off in the Flower of their days, by these Counterfeit Doctors of the Faculty of the Close-stool.

The dead Man ply'd his Discourse with so much Gravity and Earnestness, that Lucifer began to believe what he said. But because all Truths are not to be spoken,

R 2 espe-

especially among the Devils, where hardly any are admitted: And for fear of Mischief, if the Doctors should come to hear what hath been said, Lucifer presently order'd the Fellow to be Gagg'd, or put in

Security for his Good Behaviour.

His Mouth was no fooner stopt, but another was open'd; and one of the Damn'd came running cross the Company, and so up and down, back and forward, (like a Cur that had lost his Master) bawling as if he had been out of his Wits, and crying out: 'Oh! Where am I? Where 'am I? I am abus'd, I am chous'd: What's 'the manning of all this? Here are the meaning of all this? Here are damning Devils, tempting Devils, and tor-menting Devils; but the Devil a Devil can I find of the Devils that brought me hither: They have gotten away my Devils: Where are they? Give me my Devils again.

It might well make the Company stare, to see a Fellow hunting for Devils in Hell, where they swarm in Legions. But as he was in his Hurry, a Gonvernante caught him by the Arm, and gave him a half-turn, and stopt him. Old Lucky-bird, (says she) if thou wantest Devils here, where do'st expect to find them? He knew her as foon as he faw her. 'And are Thou here. Old Beelzebub in a Petticoat? (said he) the

very Picture of Satan; the Coupler of Male and Female; the Buckler and Thong of Leachery; the Multiplier of Sin, and the Guide of Sinners; the Seasoner of Rotten Mutton; the Interpretess betwixt Whores and Knaves; the Preface to the Remedy ' of Love, and the Prologue to the Critical ' Minute. Speak, and without more ado, tell me; 'Where are the Devils' and their Dams, ' that brought me hither? These are none of them. No, no; I am not fuch an 'Awfe as to be trepan'd and spirited-away by Devils with Tails, Horns, Bristles, Wings; that smell as if they had been ' smoakt in a Chimney-corner. The Devils ' that I look for, are worse than these. 'Where are the Mothers that play the Bands to their own Daughters? and the ' Aunts that do as much for their Nieces, ' and make them caper and sparkle like 'Wild-fire? The Black-End Girls, that carry Fire in their Eyes, and strike as sure ' as a Lance from the Rest of a Cavalier? 'Where are the Flatterers', that speak ' nothing but pleasing things? The Makebates and Incendiaries, that are the very ' Canker of Human Society? Where are the Story-mongers, the Masters of the Faculty of Lying; that Report more than they Hear, Affirm more than they Know, ' and Swear more than they Believe? Those · flanderous Back-biters, that like Vultures, ' prey only upon Carrion? Where are the Hypocrites, that turn Devotion into Interest, and make a Revenue of a Command-" ment?. That pretend Extasy when they ' are Drunk, and utter the Fumes and ' Dreams of their Luxury and Tipple for ' Revelations? That make Chapels of their ' Parlours, Preachments of their ordinary · Entertainment; and every thing they do, ' is a Miracle: They can Divine all that's told them; and raise People to Life again, that counterfeit Sick, when they should Work; and give an Honest Man ' to the Devil, with a Deo Gratias. These ' are the Devils I would be at; these are they that have Damn'd me: Look them out, and find them for me, ye impudent ' Hag, or I shall be so bold as to search your French-Hood for them. And with that word, he fell on upon the poor Gouvernante, tore off her Head-Geer, and laid about him so furiously, that there would have been no getting him off, if Lucifer had not made use of his Absolute Authority, to quiet him.

Immediately upon the composing of this Fray, we heard the shooting of Bars and Bolts, the opening of Doors and Hinges, that creakt for want of Grease; and a strange Humming of a great Number of People. The first that appear'd, were a

Com-

Company of bold, talkative, and painted Old Women; but as bonny and gamesom, tickling and toying with one another, as if they had never seen Thirteen; and carrying it out with an Air of much Satisfaction and Content. The Babler was fomewhat fcandaliz'd at their Behaviour, and told them how ill they did to be Merry in Hell: And feveral others admir'd it as much, and askt them the reason of it, considering their Condition. With that, one of the Gang, that was wretchedly thin and pale, and rais'd upon a pair of Heels that made her Legs longer than her Body, told Lucifer, with great Respect; that at their first coming, they were as Sad as it was possible for a Company of damn'd Old Jades to be: But (says she) we were a little comforted, when we heard of no other Punishments here, than Weeping and Gnashing of Teeth; and in some hope to come off upon reasonable Terms: For we have not among lonable Terms: For we have not among us so much as a Drop of Moisture in our Bodies, nor a Tooth in our Heads. Search them presently (cry'd the Intermedler) squeeze the Balls of their Eyes, and let their Gums be examined; you'll find Snags, Stumps or Roots; or enough of somewhat or other there, to spoil the Jest. Upon the Scrutiny, they were found so dry, that they were good for nothing in the World, but R 4

to serve for Tinder or Matches; and so they were dispos'd of into the Devil's Tinder-Boxes.

While they were casing up the Old Women, there came on a number of People of several Sorts and Qualities, that 'call'd out to the first they saw; Pray'e Gentlemen, (said they) before we go any farther, will ye direct us to the Court of Rewards? How's that, (cry'd one of the Company) I was afraid we had been in Hell; but fince you talk of Rewards, I hope 'tis but Purgatory: Good, good, (faid the whole Multitude) you'll quickly find where you are. Purgatory! (cry'd the Intermedler) you have left that up the Hill there, upon the right hand. This is Hell, and a Place of Punishment; here's no Registry of Rewards. Then we are mistaken, (said he that spake first.) How fo? (cry'd the Intermedler.) You shall hear, (faid the other.) We were in the other World intitled to the Order of the Squires of the Pad; and borrow'd now and then a small Sum upon the King's Highway; we understood somewhat too of the Crossbite, and the use of the Frail Die. Some of our conscientious and charitable Friends, would fain have drawn us off from the Course we were in; and to give them their due, bestow'd a great deal of good Counsel upon us, to very little purpose; for we

were in a pretty Way of Thriving, and had gotten a Habit, and could not leave it. We askt them, What would you have us do? Money we have none, and without it there's no living: Should we stay till it were brought, or came alone? How would ye have a poor Individum Vagum to live? That has neither Estate, Office, Master, nor Friend to maintain him; and is quite out of his Element, unless he be either in a Tavern, a Bawdy-House, or a Gaming-Ordinary. Now, that's the Man, that Providence has appointed to Live by his Wits. Our Advisers saw there was no good to be done, and went their way; telling us, that, In the other World we should meet with our Reward.

They would tell us fometimes, how base a thing it was to defame the House, and abuse the Bed of a Friend. Our Answer was ready: 'Well! and had we not better do it there where the House is open to us, the Master and Lady kind, the Occasion fair and easy; than to run a catterwawling into a Family, where every Servant in the House is a Spy; and (perhaps) a Fellow behind every Door in the House, with a Dagger or a Pistol in his Hand, to entertain us? Upon this, our Grave Counsellors finding us so resolute, e'en gave us over; and told us as before, that, In

the other World we should meet with our Reward. Now taking This to be the Other World these honest Men told us of, we are inquiring after the Rewards they promis'd us.

Abominable Scoundrels! said an Officer of Abominable Scoundrels! laid an Officer of Justice, there at hand; how many of your reprobated Companions have squander'd away their Fortunes upon Whores and Dice, exposing not only their Wives and Children, but many a Noble Family, to a shameful and irreparable Ruin. And let any Man put in a Word of wholesom Advice, their Answer is, 'Tush, tush; our Wives and 'Children are in the Hands of Providence. ' Children are in the Hands of Providence; and let Him provide for the Rooks, that feeds the Ravens. Then was it told ye, Tou shall find your Reward in the other World; and the time is now come, wherein ye shall receive it. Up, up then, ye cursed Spirits, and away with them. At which word, a Legion of Devils fell on upon the miserable Caitisfs, with Whips and Firebrands, and gave them their long-expected Reward; and at every Lash, a Voice was heard to say, In the other World was shall received to say. In the other World you shall receive your Reward. These Wretches in the mean while, Danning and Sinking themselves to the Pit of Hell, still, as if they had been upon Earth; and vomiting their Customary and Execrable Blasphemies.

Tuft

Just as this Storm blew over, there drew near a multitude of Bayliffs, Serjeants, Catchpoles, and other Officers of Prey; with the Thieve's Devil, bound Hand and Foot, and a foul Accufation against him. Whereupon Lucifer, with a fell Countenance, took his Seat in a flaming Chair, and call'd his Officers about him. So foon as the Prince had taken his Place, a certain Officer began his Report. 'Here is before thee ' (quoth he) a Devil, (most mighty Luci-' fer) that stands charg'd with Ignorance ' in his Trade, and the Shame of his Qua-' lity and Profession; instead of Damning ' Men, he has made it his Business to Save ' them. The Word Save, put the Court ' in such a Rage, that they bit their Lips till the Blood started; and the Fire sparkled
till the Blood started; and the Fire sparkled
to his Atturney, Who would ever have imagin'd, (said he) that so treacherous a
Rascal could have been harbour'd in my
Dominions? It is most certain, my Gracious Lord, (reply'd the Atturney) that this Devil has been very diligent in drawing People into Thefts and Pilferies; and then when they come to be discover'd, they are clapt up and hang'd, or some Mischief or other. But still before Exe-' cution, the Ordinary calls them to Shrift;
' and many times the Toy takes them in the

the Head, to Confess and Repent; and fo they are Savd. Now, this filly Devil ' thinks, that when he has brought them to Steal, Murther, Coin, and the like, he ' has done his Part, and so he leaves them: Whereas he should stick close to them in the Prison, and be tempting of them to Despair, and make away Themselves. But when they are once left to the Priest, He commonly brings them to a Sight of their ' Sins, and they 'scape. Now this simple ' Devil was not aware, it seems, that Many a Soul goes to Heaven from the Gallows, the Wheel, and the Faggot: And this the Wheel, and the Faggot: And this Failing has lost your Highness many a fair Purchase. Here's enough, (cry'd the Prefident) and there needs no more Charge against him. The poor Devil thought it was high time to speak now, when they were just upon the point of passing his Sentence; and so he cry'd out: My Lord, (said he') I beseech you hear me; for though they say the Devil is deaf, it is not meant of your Greatness. So there was a general Silence, and thus he proceeded. ' proceeded.

'I cannot deny, (my Lord) but Tyburn

'is the way to Paradise, and many a Man

'goes to Heaven from the Gallows. But if

'you will set those that are Damn'd for Con
demning others, against those that are Sav'd

from the Gallows, Hell will be found no ' loser by me at the foot of the Accompt. How many Marshal's-Men, Turn-Keys, and Keepers have I sent ye, for letting a Goiner give them the slip now and then with his false Money; (always provided, they leave better Money instead on't.) ' Howmany False Witnesses, and Knights of the Post, that would fet their Consciences ! like Clocks, to go faster or slower, accord-' ing as they had more or less Weight; and Swear ex-tempore, at all Rates and Prices! ' How may Solicitors, Atturneys, and Clerks; ' that would draw ye up a Declaration or an Indistment so slily, that I my self could hardly discover any Error in't: And yet ' when it came to the Test, it was as plain as the Nose on a Man's Face; (that is to fay again, provided they were well Paid for the Fashion.) How many Jaylers, that would wink at an Escape for a Lusty Bribe!
And how many Atturneys, that would
give you Dispatch or Delay, thereaster as
they were Greas'd. Now after all this,
what does it signify, if One Thief of a 'Thousand comes to the Gallows? he only ' suffers because he was Poor, that there may be the better Trading for the Rich; and without any Design in the World to suppress Stealing. Nay, It often falls out, that they that bring the Malefactor to the

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"Gibbet, are the worse Criminals of the two. ' But they are never lookt after; or if they ' should be, they have Tricks and Fetches enough to bring themselves off: So that it fares in this case, as it did with ' him that had his House troubled with ' Rats, and would needs take in a company of Cats to destroy them; the Rats would be nibling at his Cheese, his Bacon, a Crust of Bread, and now and then a Candles-. 'end; but when the Cats came, down went ' a Milk-bowl, and away goes a brace of ' Partridges, or a couple of Pigeons; and ' the poor Man must content himself to go Supperless to Bed. In conclusion, the Rats were troublesom, but the Cats were intolerable. And then there's this in't; suppose one poor Fellow hangs, and goes to Heaven, I do but give him in truck for two bundred at least, that deserve to be bang'd, but 'scape, and go to Hell at last. Besides, a Thief upon a Gibbet, is as good as a roasted Dog in a Pigeon-house; for ye shall ' immediately have two or three thousand Witches about him, for snips of his Hal-' ter, an Eye, Tooth, or a Collop of his Fat; which is of sovereign use in many of their Charms. But in fine, let me do what I will, my Services are not under-' stood. My Successor, it may be, will discharge his Duty better: And indeed

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'I am very well content to lay down my-

'Commission; for (to say the truth) I am in years, and would gladly have a little Rest now in my old-age; which I rather propose to my self in the Service of some

Pretender, than where I am.

Lucifer heard him with great Patience, and in the end, gave him all the Satisfaction imaginable; strictly charging the Evil Spirits that had abus'd him, to do fo no more, upon hazard of Pain Corporal and Spiritual; and they defir'd him too, that he would not lay down his Employment; for he was strong enough yet to do very good Service in it. But to think of Easing Himself, by going to a Pretender, he'd find himself mistaken; for 'twas a Duty he'd never be able to endure. Well! (fays he) e'en what your Highness pleases. But truly I thought a Devil might have liv'd very comfortably in that Condition: For he has no more to do, that I can see, than to keep his Ears Open, and Learn his Trade. For put case it should be some Pretender to a Good Office, or a Fat Bishoprick, (though the Fathers and Councils are against Pretenders in this Case) I fancy to my self all the Pleasure and Divertisement that may be. It is as good as going to School; for these People teach the Despite their A.B.C. these People teach the Devils their ABC; and all that we have to do, is to Sit still, and Learn.

The Vision that follow'd this, was the Damon of Tobacco; which I must confess, did not a little surprize me. I have indeed often said to my self, Certainly these Smoakers are Possest; but I could never swear it till now. I have (faid the Devil) by bringing this Weed into Spain, reveng'd the Indians upon the Spaniards, for all the Massacres and Butcheries they committed there; and done them more Mischief, than ever Colon, Cortes, Almero, Pizarro did in the Indies. By how much it is more Honorable to Dye upon a Swords-point, by Gun-shot, or at the Mouth of a Cannon; than for a Man to snivel and sneeze himfelf into another World; or to go away in a Meagrim, or a Spotted-Fever, perchance; which is the Ordinary Effect of this poisonous Tobacco. It is with Tobacconists, as 'tis with Tobacco. It is with Tobacconifts, as its with Demoniacs under an Exorcism; they sume and vapour, but the Devil sticks to them still. Many there are that make a very Idol of it; they admire, they adore it, tempting and persecuting all People to take it; and the bare mention of it, puts them into an Extasy. In the Smoak, it is a Probation for Hell, where another day they must endure Smoaking; taken in Pouder, at the Nose, it draws upon Youth the IncomIncommodities of Old Age, in the perpetual

Annoyance of Rheum and Drivel.

The Devil of Subornation came next, which was a good-complexion'd, and a well-timber'd Devil; to my great amazement, I must acknowledge; for I had never feen any Devils till now, but what were extream ugly: The air of his Face was so familiar to me, that methought I had feen it in a thousand several places; sometime under a Veil, sometime open; now under one shape, and then under another. One while he call'd himself Childs-Play; another while, Kind Entertainment; here, Payment; there, Restitution; and in a third place, Alms. But in fine, I could never learn his right Name. I remember in some places I have heard him call'd Inheritance; Profit; Good-cheap; Patrimony; Gratitude. Here he was call'd Doctor; there, Batchelor; with the Lawyers, Solicitors, and Atturneys, he past under the Name of Right; and the Confessors call'd him Charity.

He was well-accompany'd, and styl'd himself Satan's Lieutenant: But there was a Devil of Consequence, that oppos'd him might and main; and made this Proclamation of himself: Be it known, (says he) that I am the great Embroyler, and Politick Entangler of Affairs: The Deluder of Princes, the Pretext of the Unworthy, and the

the Excuse of Tyrants. I can make Black White; and give what Colour I please to the foulest Actions in Nature. If I had a mind to overturn the World, and put all in a general Confusion, I could do it: For I have it in my Power, to Banish Order and Reason out of it. To turn Sawciness and Importunity into Merit; Example into Necessity: To give Law to Success; Authority to Infamy; and Credit to Insolence. I have the Tongues of all Counsellors at my Girdle; and they Shall speak neither more nor less, than just as I please. In short: That's Easy to me, which others account Impossible; and while I live, ye need neither fear either Virtue, Justice, or good Government in the World. This Devil of Subornation, that talks of his Lieutenancy, what could he ever have done without me? He's a Rascal that no Person of Quality would admit into his Company, if I did not fit him with Vizors and Disguises. Let him hold his Tongue then, and know himself; and let me hear no more of those Disputes about the Lieutenancy of Hell; for, I have Lucifer's Broad-Seal, to shem for my Title to't.

For my part, (cry'd another Mutinous Spirit), I am one of those humble-minded Devils, that can content my self to Hold the Door, upon a good Occasion; or Knock under the Table, and Play at Small Game, rather than stand out. But, Few Words among

Friends

Friends are best; and when I have spoken three or four, let him come up that lifts. I am then (fays he) the Devil-Interpreter, and my Business is, to Gloss upon the Text; in which Cafe, the Cuckolds are exceedingly beholden to me; for I have much to fay for the Honour of the Horn. How should a poor Fellow that has a handsom Wench to his. Wife, and never a Peny to live on, hold up his Head in the World, if it were not for that Quality? I have a pretty Faculty in doing Good Offices for Distressed Ladies, at a time of Need; and I make the whole Sex fentible, how great a Folly and Madness it is, to neglect those Sweet Opportunities. Among other Secrets, I have found out a way to establish an Office for Thievery; where the Officers shall be Thieves, and justify it when they have done. Here he stopt.

There was a short Silence, and then there appear'd another Devil, of about a Foat and a half long. I am (says he) a Devil but of a small size, and perhaps one of the least in Hell; and yet the Door opens to me, as well as to another; for I never come empty-handed. Why, what have you brought then? (says the Intermedler, and came up to him.) What have I brought? (quoth he) I have brought an Eternal Talker, and a Finical Flatterer: They are two Pieces that were in high esteem in the

Cabinets of two great Princes; and I have brought them for a Present to Lucifer. With that, Lucifer cast his Eye upon them, and with a damn'd Verjuyce-Face, as if he had bitten a Crab: You do well, (says he) to say ye had them at Court; and I think you should do well, to carry them thither again; for, I had as live have their Room, as their Company.

After him, follow'd another Dwarf-Devil; complaining, that he had been a matter of Six Years about so infamous a Rascal, that there was no good to be done with him; for the Bad, as well as the Better fort, were scandaliz'd at his Conversation. A mighty piece of Business! (cry'd the Gouvernante,) And could you not have gotten him a handsom Office or Employment? That would have made him good for something, and you might have done his Business.

In the mean time, the Babler went whispering up and down, and finding Faults; till at length, he came to a huge Bundle of Sleeping Devils, in a Corner, that were fagotted-up, and all mouldy and full of Cobwebs; which he immediately gave notice of, and they cut the Band to give them Air. With much ado, they waked them, and askt, What Devils they were? What they did there? and, Why they were not upon Duty? They fell a jawning, and said, that they were the Devils of Luxury.

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But fince the Women have taken a Fancy to prefer Guinea's and Jacobusses before their Modesty and Honour, there has been no need of a Devil in the Case to tempt them: For 'tis but shewing them the merry Spankers, they'll Dare like Larks, and fall down before ye; and then you may e'en do what fore ye; and then you may e'en do what you will with them, and take them up in a Purse-Net. Gold supplies all Impersections; it makes an Angel of a Crocodile, turns a Fool into a Philosopher; and, A Dressing-Box well lin'd, is worth twenty thousand Devils. So that there is no Temptation like a Present: And, Take them from top to bottom, the whole Race of Woman is frail; and, One Thread of Pearl will do more with them, than a Million of fine Stories.

Just as this Devil made an end, we heard mother sporting; and 'twas well he did so,

another snorting; and 'twas well he did so, for we had trod upon his Belly else. He was laid hold of, upon suspicion that he sleep of a contented Cuckold, that would spoil no Sport, where he made none. I am (says he) the Nun's Devil; and for want of other Employment, I have been three Days asleep here, as you found me. My Mistresses are now chusing an Abbess; and always when they are at that Work, I make Holy-day: For they are all Devils themselves then; there is such Canvassing, Flattering, Imporse 3 tuning,

tuning, Cajoling, Making of Parties; and in a word, so general a Confusion, that a Devil among them would do more hurt than good. Nay, the Ambitious make it a Point of Honour upon such an Occasion, to fhew that they can out-wit the Devil. And if ever Hell should be in danger of a Peace, it is my Advice, that you presently call in a Convention of Nuns, to the Election of an Abbess; which would most certainly reduce it to its ancient state of Sedition, Mutiny, and Confusion; and bring us all in effect to fuch a pais, that we should hardly know one another.

Lucifer was very-well pleas'd with the Advice, and order'd it to be entred upon the Register, as a sure Expedient to suppress any Disorders that might happen for the future, to the Disturbance of his Government. After which, he commanded the Issuing-out of a Summons to all his Company and Livery-Men, who forthwith appear'd in prodigious Multitudes; and Lucifer, with a Hideous Yell, deliver'd himself most gracioufly as follows.

## The Decree of Lucifer.

O our Trusty and Despairing Legions, and Well-beloved Subjects, lying under the Condemnation of Perpetual Darkness, that liv'd Pensioners to Sin, and had

Death for their Pay-Master, Greeting.

This is to let you understand, That there are Two Devils, who pretend a Claim to the Honour of our Lieutenancy; but we have absolutely refus'd to gratify either the one or the other in that Point; out of a singular Affection and Respect to Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Cousin; a certain She-Devil, that deserves it before all others.

At this, the whole Assembly fell to Whispering and Mutthering, and Staring one upon another; till at last Lucifer observing it, bad them never trouble themselves to guess who it might be; but fetch Good-Fortune to him, known otherwise by the Name of Madam Prosperity; who presently appear'd in the Tail of the Assembly, and with a proud and disdainful Air, march'd up, and planted herself before the degraded Seraphim; who lookt her wistly in the Face, and then went on in the Tone he first began.

It is our Will, Pleasure, and Command, that next and immediately under Our Proper Person, you Pay all Honour and Respect to the Lady Prosperity, and Obey her as the most Mighty and Supreme Governess of these our Dominions. Which Titles and Qualities, we have conferr'd upon her, as due to her Merit; for, She hath Damn'd more Souls, than all you together. She it is

that

that makes Men cast off all Fear of God, and Love of their Neighbour. She it is, that makes Men place their Sovereign Good in Riches: That Engages and Entangles Men's Minds in Vanity; strikes them Blind in their Pleasures; Loads them with Treasure, and Buries them in Sin. Where's the Tragedy, that she has not play'd her Part in't? Where's the Stability and Wisdom, that the has nor ftagger'd? Where's the Folly, that the has not improv'd and augmented? She takes no Counsel, and fears no Punishment. She it is that furnishes Matter for Scandal, Experience for Story; that entertains the Cruelty of Tyrants, and bathes the Executioners in Innocent Blood. How many Souls, that liv'd Innocent while they were Poor, have fallen into Impiety and Reprobation, fo foon as ever they came to drink of the Inchanted Cup of Prosperity! Go to then, be Obedient to Her, we charge ye all, as to Our Self; and know, that, They that stand their Ground against Prosperity, are none of your Quarry. Let them e'en alone; for 'tis but Time lost, to attempt them. Take Example from that Imperiment Devil, that got leave to tempt Job; he persecuted him, begger'd him, cover'd him all over with Scabs and Ulcers. Sot that he was! if he had understood bis Business, he would have gone another way to work, and begg'd

leave to have multiply'd Riches upon him; and to have possest him of Health and Pleafures. That's the Trial! And how many are there that when they thrive in the World, turn their Backs upon Heaven, and never so much as name their Creator but in Oaths, and then too without thinking on him? Their Discourse is all of Jollities, Banquets, Comedies, Purchases, and the like. Whereas the Poor Man has GOD perpetually both in his Month and Heart. LORD, (fays he) be mindful of me, and have Mercy upon me; for all my Trust is in thee. Wherefore (fays Lucifer, redoubling his accurfed Clamor) let it be Publisht forthwith throughout all our Territories, That Calamitics. Translate and Parameters are our mities, Troubles, and Persecutions are our Mortal Enemies; for so we have found them upon Experience: They are the Dispensations of Providence, the Blessings of the Almighty, to fit Sinners for himself, and they that suffer them, are enrolled in the Militia of Heaven.

Item: For the better Administration of our Government, it is our Will and Plea-Sure, and We do strictly charge and command, that our Devils give constant Attendance in Courts of Judicature; and they are hereby totally discharged from any farther Care of little Petty-Foggers, Flatterers, and Envious Persons; for they are

are so well acquainted with Hell-Road, that they'll guide one another, without the help of a Devil to bring them hither.

Item: We do Ordain and Command, That no Devil presume for the future to entertain any Confident but Profit; for that's the Harbinger that provides Vice the most Commodious Quarter, even in the Straitest

Consciences.

Item: We do Ordain, as a Matter of great Importance to the Conservation of our Empire, That in what part soever of our Dominions, the Devil of Money shall vouchfafe to appear, all other Devils there present shall rise, and with a low Reverence, present him the Chair, in token of their Submission to his Power and Authority.

Item: We do most expresly Charge and Command all our Officers, as well Civil as Military, To employ their utmost Diligence and Industry, for the Establishing a General Peace throughout the World. For that's the time for Wickedness to thrive in, and all forts of Vices to prosper and flourish; as Luxury, Gluttony, Idleness, Lying, Slandering, Gaming, and Whoring: And in a word, Sin is upon the Encrease, and Goodness in the Wane. Whereas in a state of War, Men are upon the Exercise of Valgur and Virtue; calling often upon Heaven, in the Morning, for fear of being Knockt on the Head after Dinner: Dinner: And Honest Men and Actions are rewarded.

Item: We do from this time forward discharge all our Officers and Agents what-soever, from giving themselves any farther trouble of tempting Men and Women to Sins of Incontinence: For as much as we find upon Experience, that, Adultery and Fornication will never be left, till the Old Woman scratches the Stool for her Back-side. And though there may be several Intervals of Repentance, and some faint Purposes of giving it over; yet the Humour returns again with the next Tide of Blood; and Concupiscence, is as Loyal a Subject to us, as

any we have in our Dominions.

Item: In Consideration of the Exemption aforesaid, by which means several poor Devils are left without present Employment: And, Forasmuch as there are many Merchants and Tradesmen in London, Paris, Madrid, Amsterdam, and elsewhere; up and down the World, that are very Charitably dispos'd to relieve People in Want; especially Young Heirs newly at Age, and Spend-thrists, that come to borrow Money of them. But the Times being dead, and little Money stirring, all they can do, is to surnish them with what the House affords; and if a Hundred Pound or two in Commodity will do them any good, 'tis at their Service, (they

fay.) This the Gallant takes up at excessive Rate, to Sell again immediately for what he can get; and the Merchant has his Friend to take it off under-hand, at a third part of the Value. (Which is the Way of Helping Men in Distress.) Now out of a singular Respect to the said Merchants and Trades-Men, and for their better Encouragement; as also to the end that the Devils aforesaid may not run into Lewd Courses, for want of Business: We Will and Require, That a Legion of the said Devils shall from time to time be continually aiding and affifting to the said Merchants and Tradesmen, in the Quality of Factors; to be relieved Monthly by a fresh Legion, or oftner, if occasion shall require. Item: We do Will and Command, That all our Devils, of what Degree or Quality

all our Devils, of what Degree or Quality soever, do henceforth entertain a strict Amity and Correspondence, with Our Trusty and Well-beloved the Usurers, the Revengeful, the Envious, and all Pretenders to Great Places and Dignities: And above all others, with the Hypocrites; who are the most powerful Impostors in Nature, and so excellently skill'd in their Trade; That they steal away People's Hearts and Souls, at the Eyes and Ears, insensibly; and draw to them-

selves, Adoration and Reward.

Item: We do farther Order and Command, That all Care possible be taken for the the Maintaining of Blabs, Informers, Incendiaries, and Parafites, in all Courts and Palaces; or thence comes Our Harvest.

Item: That the Bablers, Tale-bearers, Make-bates, and Instruments of Divorces and Quarrels, be no longer call'd Fans, but Bellows; in regard that they Draw, and Instame, without giving any Allay, or Refreshment.

Item: That the Intermedlers be hereafter call'd and reputed, the Devil's Body-Lice; because they fetch Blood of those that feed and

nourish them.

Lucifer then casting a sowre Look over his Shoulder, and spying the Gouvernante; I'm of his Mind, (quoth ke) that said, Let God dispose of the Douegna's, (or Gouvernantes) as he pleases; for I'm in no little Trouble, how to dispose of these Confounded Carrions. Whereupon the Damn'd cry'd out with one Voice: Oh Lucifer! let it never be said, that it rain'd Douegna's in thy Dominions. Are we not miserable enough, without this new Plague of being Baited by Hags? Ah, Cursed Lucifer! (cry'd every one to himself) stow them any where, so they come not near me. And with that, they all clapt their Tails between their Legs, and drew in their Horns, for fear of this new Torment. Lucifer, sinding how the Dread of the Old Wymen wrought upon the Devils,

Immediately upon the Pronouncing of this Solemn Decree, Lucifer retir'd to his Cell; the Weather clear'd-up, and the Company dispers'd in a Fright, at so horrible a Menace, and so went about their Business: When a Voice was heard ont of the Clouds, as the Voice of Angel, saying; He that rightly Comprehends the Morality of this Discourse, shall never repent the Reading of it.

## THEEND.

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